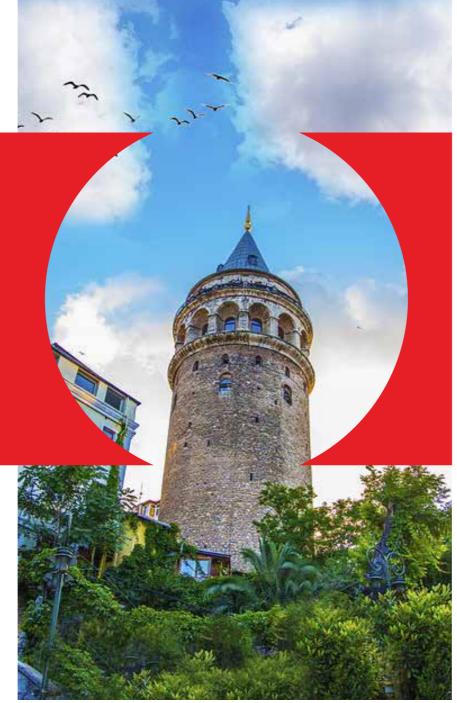
### MUFG BANK TURKEY ANNUAL REPORT 2021



We build financial bridges between Turkey and Japan.



**MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. (MUFG BANK TURKEY)** A member of MUFG, a global financial group



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### **2021 Highlights**

#### **Total Assets**

### TRY 23,385 million

#### Loan Volume (Net)

### TRY 15,287 million

#### **Capital Adequacy Ratio**

21.59%

#### Net Profit

### **TRY 298 million**

Deposit Volume (Non-Bank)

### TRY 2,554 million

**Total Shareholders' Equity** 

### TRY 1,462 million

### MUFG's Global Network

MUFG

Approximately 180,000 employees across Over 50 countries worldwide...



### The MUFG Way

# Committed to empowering a brighter future

At MUFG, our commitment to our clients, our communities, and society goes further than our vision to be the world's most trusted financial institution.

### **Our Mission**

To contribute to the growth of Turkey by utilizing MUFG's global network and financial strength

### **Our Vision**

Be the most trusted financial institution for our clients, stakeholders and communities;

Be the financial bridge between both Turkey and Japan, and Turkey and the world;

Support our clients locally and globally.





### **Our Values**

### Integrity and Responsibility

Strive to be fair, transparent and honest. Always act responsibly in the best interest of clients and society as a whole, building long-term stakeholder relationships and giving back to our communities.

### Professionalism and Teamwork

Respect the diversity of our fellow workers and foster a strong spirit of teamwork. Expect the highest levels of professionalism.

### Challenge Ourselves to Grow

Adopt a global perspective to anticipate trends and opportunities for growth. Create and sustain a responsive and dynamic workplace where everyone can focus on providing outstanding client service and embrace new challenges.

### **Board of Directors Declaration**

#### 2021 FISCAL YEAR ANNUAL ACTIVITY REPORT

The attached annual activity report, covering our Bank's activities for the fiscal year 2021, has been prepared in line with Article 40 of the Banking Law and the Regulation on the Principles and Procedures Concerning the Preparation of the Annual Report by Banks, to present to the approval of the General Assembly.

MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

**Ali Vefa Çelik** Chairman **Hidefumi Yamamura** Vice Chairman **Çetin Özbek** Board Member / Chairman of the Audit Committee Nicola Louise Wickes Board Member/ Audit Committee Member

Masatoshi Ban President Aysun Mercan Board Member Masashi Kikuta Board Member

### Agenda of the Ordinary General Assembly

AGENDA OF MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. YEAR 2022 ORDINARY GENERAL ASSEMBLY MEETING DATED 29 MARCH 2022

- 1. Opening and appointment of the Meeting Board,
- Discussion and approval of the Annual Activity Report of the Board of Directors for the financial year 2021,
- 3. Discussion on the Independent Auditor's Report for the financial year 2021,
- 4. Discussion and approval of financial statements for the financial year 2021,
- 5. Release of the Members of the Board of Directors for the year 2021 on an individual basis,
- 6. Informing the General Assembly on the bonus payment of the year 2020 which had been distributed to the employees at the year 2021,
- 7. Discussion on use of profit and determination of dividend distribution,
- 8. Discussion on the bonus payment of the year 2021 which will be distributed to the employees in 2022,
- 9. Discussion on the payments made to the Board of Directors members with regards to their activities as the members of Audit Committee and other committees and their other work and duties at the Bank within 2021,
- 10. Election of Board of Directors Members,
- 11. Discussion on the rights of the Board of Directors members as remuneration payment, attendance fee and bonus,
- 12. Appointment of the Independent Auditor for financial year 2022,
- Discussion on the permission to Board of Directors members in line with articles 395 and 396 of TCC regarding to conduct business within the field of Bank's activity area or conduct such business on behalf of a third party,
- 14. Wishes and Closing.

Hülya Eroğlu Deputy President Masatoshi Ban President

# Independent Auditor's Report on the Management's Annual Report

(Convenience Translation of Independent Auditor's Report on the Management's Annual Report Originally Issued In Turkish)



To the General Assembly of MUFG Bank Turkey A.Ş.

#### 1. Opinion

We have audited the annual report of MUFG Bank Turkey A.Ş. (the "Bank") for the 1 January - 31 December 2021 period.

In our opinion, the financial information and the analysis made by the Board of Directors by using the information included in the audited financial statements regarding the Bank's position in the Board of Directors' Annual Report are consistent and presented fairly, in all material respects, with the audited full set unconsolidated financial statements and with the information obtained in the course of independent audit.

#### 2. Basis for Opinion

Our independent audit was conducted in accordance with the Independent Standards on Auditing that are part of the Turkish Standards on Auditing (the "TSA") issued by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") and the scope of "Regulation on Independent Audit of Banks" published on the Official Gazette No.29314 dated 2 April 2015. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities in the Audit of the Board of Directors' Annual Report section of our report. We hereby declare that we are independent of the Bank in accordance with the Ethical Rules for Independent Audit in regulations issued by POA that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Ethical Rules and regulations. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained during the independent audit provides a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

#### 3. Our Audit Opinion on the Full Set Unconsolidated Financial Statements

We expressed an unqualified opinion in the auditor's report dated 22 March 2022 on the full set unconsolidated financial statements for the 1 January 2021 - 31 December 2021 period.

#### 4. Board of Director's Responsibility for the Annual Report

Bank management's responsibilities related to the annual report according to Articles 514 and 516 of Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC") No. 6102 and "Regulation on Principles and Procedures Regarding Preparation and Promulgation of Annual Reports by Banks" published in Official Gazette No. 26333 dated 1 November 2006 are as follows:

- a) to prepare the annual report within the first three months following the balance sheet date and present it to the general assembly;
- b) to prepare the annual report to reflect the Bank's operations in that year and the financial position in a true, complete, straightforward, fair and proper manner in all respects. In this report financial position is assessed in accordance with the financial statements. Also in the report, developments and possible risks which the Bank may encounter are clearly indicated. The assessments of the Board of Directors in regards to these matters are also included in the report.
- c) to include the matters below in the annual report:
  - events of particular importance that occurred in the Bank after the operating year,
  - the Bank's research and development activities,
  - financial benefits such as salaries, bonuses, premiums and allowances, travel, accommodation and representation expenses, benefits in cash and in kind, insurance and similar guarantees paid to members of the Board of Directors and senior management.

When preparing the annual report, the Board of Directors considers secondary legislation arrangements enacted by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency, Ministry of Trade and other relevant institutions.

#### 5. Independent Auditor's Responsibility in the Audit of the Annual Report

Our aim is to express an opinion and issue a report comprising our opinion within the framework of TCC and "Regulation on Independent Audit of Banks" published by the BRSA on the Official Gazette No.29314 dated 2 April 2015 provisions regarding whether or not the financial information and the analysis made by the Board of Directors by using the information included in the audited financial statements in the annual report are consistent and presented fairly with the audited unconsolidated financial statements of the Bank and with the information we obtained in the course of independent audit.

Our audit was conducted in accordance with the TSAs. These standards require that ethical requirements are complied with and that the independent audit is planned and performed in a way to obtain reasonable assurance of whether or not the financial information and the analysis made by the Board of Directors by using the information included in the audited financial statements in the annual report are consistent and presented fairly with the audited unconsolidated financial statements and with the information obtained in the course of audit.

PwC Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş.

Didem Demer Kaya, SMMM Partner Istanbul, 24<sup>th</sup> March 2022





# Who We Are...



## MUFG Bank Turkey A.Ş. (MUFG Bank Turkey) at a Glance

The roots of MUFG Bank Turkey date back to the Bank of Tokyo, which embarked on its journey in Turkey through the establishment of a Representative Office in Istanbul in 1986.



Date of Operations	November 28, 2013	
Main Shareholder	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	
Chairman of the Board	Ali Vefa ÇELİK	
President	Masatoshi BAN	
Paid-in Capital	TRY 527,700 Thousand	
Trade Registration No.	855649	
Target Client Base	Japanese companies active in Turkey, financial institutions, subsidiaries and companies of multinational companies active in Turkey and blue-chip Turkish companies active in the public and private sectors in Turkey	
Activities	Deposit, cash and non-cash credits, foreign trade transactions, supplier finance, payments, cheque collection, foreign currency and treasury transactions in corporate banking	
No. of Employees	78 (as of the end of 2021)	
No. of Clients	137	
Total Assets	TRY 23,385 Million (as of the end of 2021)	

# MUFG Bank is one of the oldest Japanese Institutions with an established office in Turkey.

#### The Foundation Date of MUFG Bank Turkey

1986

Paid-in Capital

### TRY 527,700 Thousand

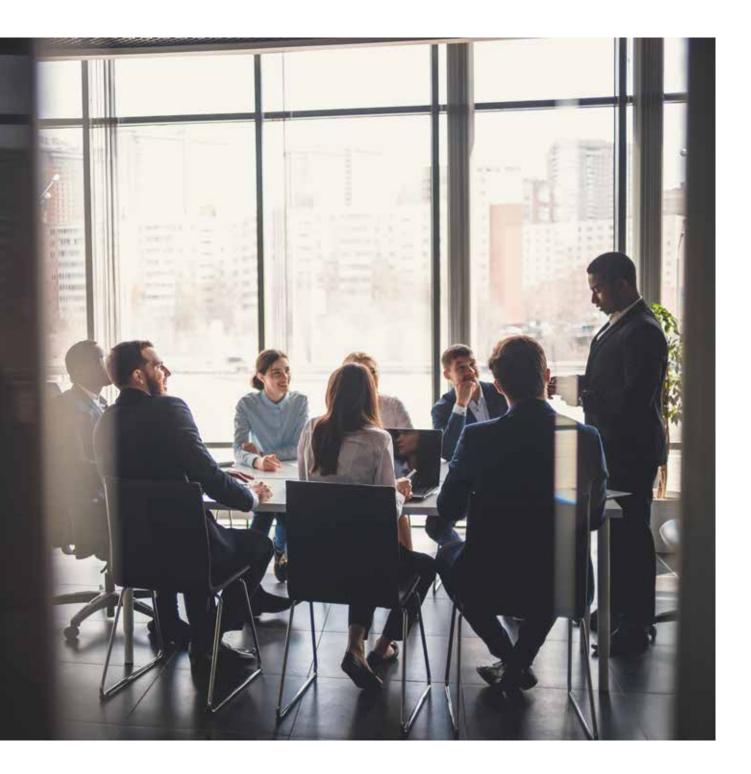
The history of our Bank dates back to the Bank of Tokyo, which embarked on its journey in Turkey through the establishment of a Representative Office in Istanbul in 1986.

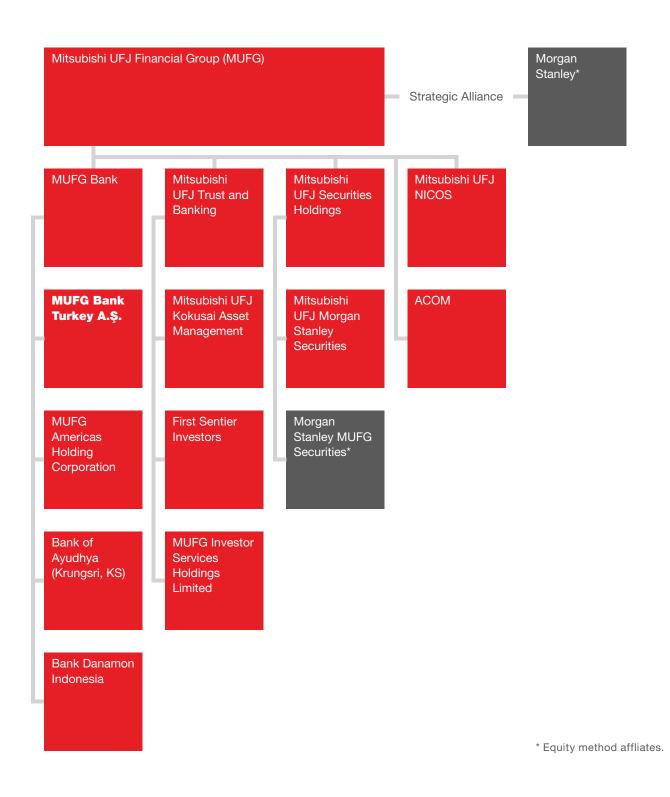
Our shareholder, who merged with Mitsubishi Bank and later UFJ Bank to form what is now called MUFG Bank, Ltd., is one of the oldest Japanese institutions with an established office in Turkey.

In December 2012, MUFG obtained approval to establish a banking subsidiary in Turkey, a country of significant geostrategic importance serving as a bridge between Europe and Asia. Following the acquisition of an operation license in September 2013 with the resolution of the Banking Regulation and the Supervision Board, MUFG Bank Turkey A.Ş. (MUFG Bank Turkey) opened its doors for business on November 28, 2013.

MUFG Bank Turkey supports local and international corporate clients- especially Japanese firms located in Turkey- with a wide range of banking services. Dedicated to serving our clients through value-added products, high standards of service, and utilizing MUFG's global network, MUFG Bank Turkey continues to take concrete steps towards the delivery of its aspiration of sustainable growth from its establishment into the future.

### MUFG Group Structure and MUFG Bank Turkey





### Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group (MUFG)

MUFG is engaged in a wide range of businesses including corporate, investment, commercial, and consumer banking, as well as transaction banking, securities, wealth management, and more.

Total Number of Employees in MUFG Globally

180,000

Operating in over

### 50 countries

**Total Assets** 

### USD 3.2 trillion

Our group, MUFG, is one of the world's leading financial groups in terms of total assets and is among the global systemically important financial institutions (G-SIFIs) with a wide range of businesses and the largest global network among Japanese financial institutions.

Under its premier commercial banking arm, MUFG Bank Ltd., encompassing the Asia Pacific region, has MUFG Union Bank, a retail bank in the United States, Bank of Ayudhya, Thailand's fifth largest bank, Bank Danamon, Indonesia's fifth largest bank, and consolidated subsidiaries and strategic investments in Vietin Bank and Security Bank, major commercial banks based in the Vietnam and Philippines respectively. In addition to commercial banking, MUFG is engaged in a wide range of businesses including Securities, Asset Management and Investor Services. In 2018, we celebrated the tenth anniversary of our successful strategic partnership with Morgan Stanley.

As of September 2021, MUFG's total assets are USD 3.2 trillion. With around 180,000 employees in over 50 countries worldwide, MUFG provides comprehensive and flexible solutions to meet the wide range of financial needs for its clients.



## Capital Structure, Changes within the Year, Qualified Shareholders and Executive Shares

Shareholders	TRY	(%)
MUFG Bank, Ltd	527,699,996.00	99.99% (Group A)
Kozo Taniwaki	1.00	0% (Group B)
Atsushi Yoshida	1.00	0% (Group B)
Naoya Ihara	1.00	0% (Group B)
Shintaro Kamiya/Rui Miyamoto*	1.00	0% (Group B)
Total	527,700,000.00	100%

\*Mr. Shintaro Kamiya has transferred his share to Mr. Rui Miyamoto on the date of 16.09.2021.

There has not been any changes in the capital structure of our Bank in 2021.

We do not have any qualified shareholders in our Bank, and our Chairman, Vice Chairman and Members of Board of Directors as well as our President do not own any shares. Our Deputy President Mr. Kozo Taniwaki and Director (equal to Deputy President) Mr. Atsushi Yoshida owns shares of 0% (Group B).

### Extraordinary General Assembly Meetings within the Year

We did not hold any Extraordinary General Meetings in 2021.

# Amendments to the Articles of Association

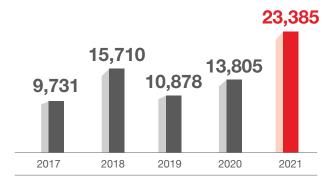
There has been no amendment to the Articles of Association in the year 2021.

### **Subsidiaries**

We do not have any subsidiaries.

### **Yearly Financial Indicators**

MUFG Bank Turkey strives to establish a consistently profitable business structure.



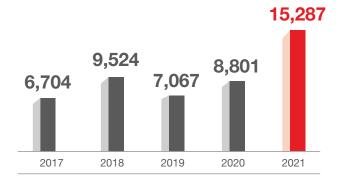
MUFG Bank Turkey's total assets realized TRY 23,385 million

#### Credit Volume TRY Million

Total Assets TRY Million

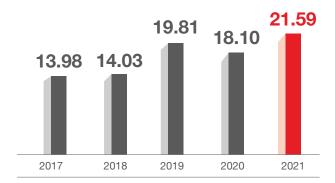
by the end of 2021.

In 2021, MUFG Bank Turkey's credit volume (net) realized TRY 15,287 million.



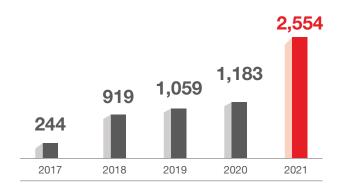
#### Capital Adequacy Ratio %

MUFG Bank Turkey reinforced its powerful capital structure with a capital adequacy ratio of 21.59%



#### Deposit Volume (Except for Bank's Deposit) TRY Million

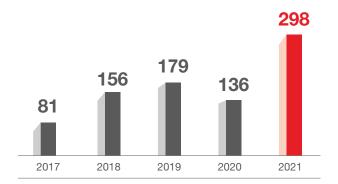
MUFG Bank Turkey's deposit volume increased by 115.9% and reached TRY 2,554 million.





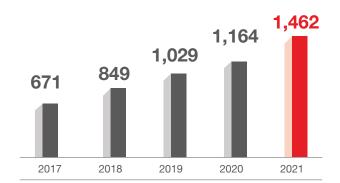
#### Net Profit TRY Million

In its eighth year of operations, MUFG Bank Turkey's net profit stood at TRY 298 million.



#### Total Equity TRY Million

As of 31 December 2021, MUFG Bank Turkey's equity has been reported as TRY 1,462 million.



## Evaluation of MUFG Bank Turkey's Position in the Sector

MUFG Bank Turkey's mission is to support the development process of Turkey and Turkish-Japanese relations by catering to the needs of our clients.

MUFG Bank Turkey operates as a single entity with the mission of acting as a boutique bank, mainly addressing Japanese clients domiciled in Turkey, top-tier Turkish corporation, local and foreign financial institutions and multinational corporation active in Turkey. Our mission is to support the development process of Turkey and Turkish-Japanese relations by catering to the needs of our clients in this strategically important market with potential for economic growth.

The business model is entirely based on the concept of tending to the corporate banking and financing needs of the above-specified client base, with no services designed for individuals.

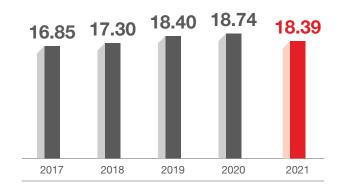
MUFG Bank Turkey's competitive edge derives mainly from its strong financial structure, capacity to fully meet the financial needs of both local and multinational large firms through a variety of international financing services and products, the extensive global network and clients base of MUFG, especially in the Asia Pacific region, its expertise and experience in corporate banking, and most importantly its commitment to build long-standing relations with clients rooted in its vision to "Be the world's most trusted financial institution." MUFG's international client base, carefully cultivated over the years to sustain long-term relationships, tend to opt for doing business with MUFG locally. In addition to the advantages brought forward by MUFG Bank Turkey's financial and technical knowledge and experience in banking, this reputational attention creates an added edge for our Bank among its peers.

Now, we are proud to have a good relationship with most Japanese companies in Turkey, and our business with global and leading Turkish firms has steadily increased since our establishment.



#### Capital Adequacy Ratio of Turkish Banking Sector %

Capital adequacy ratio of Turkish Banking Sector realized as 18.39% in December 2021.



## Research and Development Activities

MUFG Bank Turkey has been working on setting the infrastructure to widen the product range to include fixed income securities and access to alternative funding sources

The product portfolio of MUFG Bank Turkey covers the basic commercial banking products including all types of cash and non-cash lending, cash management and trade finance on corporate banking, while spots, forwards and options are offered to clients on the treasury side. MUFG Bank Turkey's Treasury Team had finalized its long term project for setting the infrastructure for fixed-income securities to create access for alternative funding sources whereas our Bank's activity under Borsa Istanbul markets is increasing since we became member last year. On the other hand, infrastructure activities to add new treasury products are under study to expand our product list throughout 2022 in order to support our clients in hedging of their foreign exchange and various risks.

MUFG Bank Turkey's Treasury Team has a special interest with TLREF indexed instruments, which have started to become utilized more effectively in the last year. We continue to work on the project feasibility along with other important initiatives related to foreign exchange and interest rate related instruments in order to better serve our client needs under the changing market environment. In parallel to the project for start utilization of new benchmark rates in our foreign currency loan products (given Libor reform occurring in global markets) we are also planning to initiate TLREF indexed Turkish lira loan products for our clients in the upcoming year as a new product as we completed all infrastructure requirements for utilization of new RFR benchmark rates last year.

Separately, we successfully completed all system tests for the security investment on Turkish Treasury issued TLREF indexed bond and we are planning to invest in these in the event of more favorable market conditions and more supportive balance sheet requirements.





### Credit Rating System

MUFG Bank Turkey uses a credit rating system/ methodology to ensure efficient measurement and evaluation of the Credit Risk.

#### Rating and Assessment Models

The credit allocation is performed on a borrower and a borrower risk group basis within the limits and updated on a defined frequency based on market developments.

MUFG Bank Turkey uses a credit rating system/ methodology to ensure efficient measurement and evaluation of the Credit Risk. The rating methodology evaluates the overall Credit Risk of each borrower.

The Bank uses three main factors for internal credit rating system. These are financial data, non-financial data and expert opinions. Financial data consists of safety, profitability, growth, asset size, cash generation ratios and turnover volume. Non-financial data consists of industry, management, funding availability and legal risks as well as business model, location and intercompany relations analysis. The Bank also measures the credit rating of companies by making comparisons with the external ratings.

# Assessment of Financial Status, Profitability and Solvency

Based on its specific needs, MUFG Bank Turkey receives short, medium and long-term funding from domestic and international markets.

MUFG Bank, Ltd. (MUFG) was granted the permit to establish a deposit bank in Turkey through the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency's 5108 numbered and 20 December 2012 dated resolution. MUFG Bank Turkey received its operational permit through the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency's 5520 numbered and 19 September 2013 dated resolution, issued in the 28775 numbered and 24 September 2013 dated Official Gazette and launched its operations on 28 November 2013, as a foreign capital bank established in Turkey.

As of 31 December 2021, the Bank's total assets stood at TRY 23,385 million, total loans (net) at TRY 15,287 million and client deposits except for Bank's deposits at TRY 2,554 million. Based on its specific needs, the Bank receives short, medium- and long-term funding from domestic and international markets.

In its eighth year of operations, the Bank's net income after tax & provisions stood at TRY 298 million. As of 31 December 2021, the Bank's equity has been reported as TRY 1,462 million, while its capital adequacy ratio stood at 21.59%.





# Message from the Chairman and President

As a proud member of the MUFG family, we are committed to building long-standing relationships with our clients, our employees and Turkish society under our purpose – crystallizing our thinking on why we exist - as being "Committed to empowering a brighter future."

#### Dear Stakeholders,

First and foremost, we want to express our heartfelt sympathies to everyone affected by the pandemic, and our grateful respect to all the healthcare professionals and frontline workers working to care for individuals and protect society.

We are proud of the progress we have made since we set out on our journey in Turkey in November 2013. Dedicated to MUFG's corporate vision, "Be the world's most trusted financial institution ", we at MUFG Bank Turkey are committed to building longstanding relationships with our clients, our employees and Turkish society. As a proud member of MUFG, we work to pursue a consistently high level of quality that exceeds the expectations of our clients.

In April 2021, MUFG defined our purpose – crystallizing our thinking on why we exist - as being "Committed to empowering a brighter future." This stance recognizes that MUFG can grow only if society is sustainable, and pledges our utmost to help all MUFG stakeholders move forward - including our customers and partners, local communities and society, future generations, and our employees.

### A challenging year for both the global and domestic economy

During year 2021, impacts of coronavirus continued on Turkey's economic activities via foreign trade, tourism and domestic demand trend and provided negative impact to supply channels which has been one of the major reasons for the high increase of inflation rate. Climate crisis related shortages in food supplies resulting price increases in food and high prices in energy supplies caused additional inflationist pressures in global economies and in our country. Upward revisions seen in the Fed's inflation forecasts and interest rate projections

On the other hand, vaccination activities provided positive impact to economic activities and provided strong recoveries for some sectors. The pandemicdriven uncertainties regarding the global economy, the tightening in global financial conditions and the decline in risk appetite caused portfolio outflows from Turkey and increase of risk premium and the exchange rate volatility increased in Turkey. As in many countries, policymakers in Turkey introduced the monetary and fiscal measures to control the adverse impacts of the pandemic.

During the year sharp recoveries observed for the domestic macroeconomic environment. In the last quarter, policy rate decreases triggered high volatilities for the FX rates whereas total country export volume increased. Turkey's economy is expected to continue positive growth in 2022 with the wider roll-out of vaccines and the recovery of trading partner growth, as well as reflecting positive growth carryover from 2021. High inflation rate is seen as one of major challenge for the economy during year 2022.

Despite the many obstacles faced by Turkey's economy, thanks to timely and appropriate measures taken by the Central Bank and the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency, the Turkish banking industry remained resilient and sound.



# MUFG Bank Turkey's total assets reached TRY 23,385 million as of end-2021.

Even in this highly volatile global and domestic environment, MUFG Bank Turkey recorded strong results in 2021.

At year-end 2021, MUFG Bank Turkey reported total assets of TRY 23,385 million.

Loans, the major component of our Bank's assets, totaled TRY 15,287 million at year end. A breakdown of our loan portfolio shows that 10% of loans are denominated in TRY and 90% are in foreign currencies. Receivables from banks, the other key item of the Bank's assets, amounted to TRY 2,052 million. This excludes receivables from the Central Bank.

On the liabilities side, MUFG Bank Turkey's borrowings totaled TRY 11,034 million in 2021. Demand and time deposits from non-Bank clients amounted to TRY 2,554 million. As of end of 2021, by addition of annual net profit with an amount of TRY 298 million, the Bank's shareholders' equity reached to of TRY 1,462 million. On the other hand, the Equity considered for the calculation of the capital adequacy ratio was TRY 1,520 million while the capital adequacy ratio realized as 21.59% as of end of 2021.

MUFG Bank Turkey reported a net interest income of TRY 382 million in 2021. Profit before taxes from continuing operations amounted to TRY 394 million. The Bank's net income after tax and provisions was TRY 298 million for the fiscal year. In 2021, our return on average equity realized as 22.7%.

#### In addition to striving to achieve its financial targets, MUFG Bank Turkey is working to make a positive social impact.

In 2021 summer, Turkey encountered many wildfires and lost wide range of forests. MUFG Turkey has taken action and gladly participated in Turkish Banking Association's call to "regreen Turkey" and donated 5 saplings on behalf of each staff. 4,000 TRY in total is donated for this cause. In 2018, MUFG entered into a four-year partnership with the Laureus Sport for Good Foundation to positively impact the lives of young people. In September 2021, MUFG colleagues across EMEA ran, walked, cycled and swam the distance between our Johannesburg and London offices - a total of 43,842 km, in a joint effort to fundraise for the Laureus Sport for Good Foundation. Fifteen MUFG Offices, including Turkey, participated throughout the month, raising an amazing £50,462 to support the work of the Laureus Sport for Good Foundation. The money will be used directly to help young people overcome violence, discrimination and disadvantage in 180 grass-roots programmes spread throughout 41 countries. The projects differ from region to region, and they all harness the power of sport to enhance the social and emotional development of children and young people.

MUFG Bank Turkey started 2 years partnership with Parıltı Association in 2021. Parıltı's aims is to support children who have vision impairments, in terms of social life and educational environment from their birth to the end of their education period, and MUFG Turkey is excited to support their aim with volunteer activities. As a new start, MUFG Turkey volunteers participated in the Istanbul Marathon, which was organized in November, ran to support for Parıltı Association and raised 10,000 TRY donation. Collaborative initiatives and activities will continue in the coming years.

### We build financial bridges between Turkey and Japan

Our mission is to support Turkey's economic development and Turkish-Japanese trade and investment relations by catering to the needs of our clients in this strategically important, high growth market. At MUFG Bank Turkey – the only Japanese bank with a banking license in Turkey – we aim to ramp up our business activities, driven by our reliable financial services, and our deep conviction and commitment to both our clients and the Turkish market. To serve our clients better and keep pace with rapid changes in client requirements, MUFG Bank Turkey will continuously strengthen our organization.

Under the current turbulent environment, MUFG Bank Turkey understands that a long-term perspective is necessary to sustain its success. First, we must accurately read emerging long-term trends and identify the real-world issues that both the country and our clients are likely to face. Secondly, we must help solve these issues using our powerful core capabilities and competitive advantages. Finally, we must invest in preparing our team for this ever-challenging and evolving landscape.

At MUFG Bank Turkey, we provide strong support to our client base – such as Japanese companies operating in Turkey or looking for opportunities to operate in Turkey, and Turkish and multinational enterprises seeking to collaborate with Japanese companies – by capitalizing on our robust commercial banking capabilities and global network.

We believe that this approach will have a positive impact on our clients, on Japan-Turkey relations and for Turkey, as we work together to address hurdles and to grow.

To serve our clients better and keep pace with rapid changes in client requirements, MUFG Bank Turkey will continuously strengthen our organization, expand our product and service coverage, and diversify our funding capabilities, as well as maintaining the highest standards of stability and trustworthiness. MUFG announced the MUFG Carbon Neutrality Declaration with the intent of helping address climate change, one of humanity's most-important challenges; and we have reinvigorated various existing MUFG efforts and placed them within the purview of this declaration, alongside any new initiatives we launch in the future.

As trends including the green shift and digitalization continue to accelerate, stakeholders have high expectations for MUFG's ability to provide safe and reliable next-generation financial services to society.

We are grateful to our employees for supporting us in our operations and ensuring exceptional success; our strategic partners for their unwavering support; and, most importantly, to our clients whose trust in us is essential to the sustainability and success of our business.

We will continue to challenge the transformation by taking full advantage of MUFG's comprehensive strengths, with the aim of serving our stated Purpose, Committed to empowering a brighter future.

Respectfully yours,

**Ali Vefa Çelik** Chairman of the Board Masatoshi Ban President



# Management and Corporate Governance



### **Board of Directors**

#### Ali Vefa Çelik Board Chairman

Ali Vefa Celik graduated from the Management Department of the Administrative Sciences Faculty of Middle East Technical University, Turkey. He began his banking career at the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (CBRT) in 1978 after receiving his Master's degree from Meiji University, Tokyo. He worked at CBRT between 1978-2006 in various high-level posts as the General Manager of Banking, General Manager of Accounting, General Manager for Credits and as the Representative of CBRT in Tokyo. He also served as the Secondary Chairman of the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency of Turkey and the Savings Deposit and Insurance Fund in 2001 and as a Member of the Board of Directors of the Central Bank of the Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus between 2002 and 2003. As a member of the Board of Directors of the MUFG Bank Turkey since June 2013, Mr. Çelik undertook the role of Chairman of the Audit Committee between 2013 and 2016. He was assigned the role of Vice Chairman in July 2015 and Chairman of the Board of Directors in February 2016.

#### **Hidefumi Yamamura** Board Vice Chairman

Hidefumi Yamamura is Chief Operating Officer for EMEA of MUFG Bank, Ltd., which covers 21 countries through 27 offices and approximately 3,100 employees in EMEA, since May 2018. He has over 28 years' experience in banking, having worked across Japan, the USA and EMEA and mainly developing his career in strategic planning, corporate governance and regulatory related matters. Hidefumi Yamamura was educated at Keio University in Tokyo, where he received a Bachelor's of Economics degree. He also holds a Master's degree in Law and Diplomacy from Tufts University, Fletcher School of Law & Diplomacy. In October 2018, he was appointed as the Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors of MUFG Bank Turkey.

#### Masatoshi Ban Board Member and President

Masatoshi Ban received a Bachelor's of Economics degree from Seikei University of Japan. He started his banking career in 1993 at Mitsubishi Bank Ltd. He has worked across Japan, Singapore, Australia and Canada, taking key roles throughout his 29 years' experience in banking. He has developed his career mainly in corporate banking. In May 2019, he was appointed as President of MUFG Bank Turkey.

#### Çetin Özbek

#### Board Member and Chairman of the Audit Committee

Çetin Özbek graduated from the Economic and Administrative Sciences Department of Hacettepe University and the MBA program of the Fox Business School of Temple University. He started his career as a deputy inspector at Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş. in 1987. He served as an internal auditor as well as the Deputy Chief Audit Executive at the same bank until he was appointed as the Chief Audit Executive at the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (CBRT). Besides his past as a Chief Audit Executive, he served at various posts at CBRT including as the Representative of CBRT in Tokyo and Advisor until 2016. He was appointed as Board Member in January 2016, and as the Chairman of the Audit Committee in February 2016.

#### Aysun Mercan Board Member

Aysun Mercan, graduated from the Faculty of Administrative Sciences of the Middle East Technical University (BS) and the Executive MBA program of the University of Wales-Manchester Business School. She started her banking career in 1982 and undertook executive roles related to Corporate Banking, Credits, Foreign Transactions, Project Finance, and Corporate Governance in various local and foreign banks. After the 2001 financial crisis, she joined the Banking Regulatory and Supervision Agency to lead, manage rehabilitation, sale and liquidation projects of many failed banks and their related companies. She also acted on the collection of public receivables of Savings Deposit Insurance Fund from the controlling shareholders of these banks, whose shareholder rights were transferred to the Fund. She has also served as Board member on BODs and Liquidation Boards for such companies. She was appointed as a member of the Board of Directors of MUFG Bank Turkey in January 2016. Currently she also serves as Independent Board Member on other Public Company BOD's.

#### Nicola Wickes Board Member

Nicola Wickes is the Chief Risk Officer for MUFG EMEA; she was educated at Oxford Brookes University, where she graduated with a First Class Honours. She has over 30 years of experience within the financial sector, working extensively across all risk disciplines, specializing in Credit Risk at UBS and CIBC London. In April 2019 Nicola joined MUFG EMEA and since November 2019, has served as Chief Risk Officer for EMEA. Before joining MUFG, she held the position of Chief Risk Officer at CIBC for Europe, Asia and Australia and as a Director on the Board for CIBC World Markets plc. In 2018 she gained her FT Non-Executive Director BTEC Level 7 Advanced Professional Diploma. She was appointed a member of the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors for MUFG Bank Turkey in July 2019.

#### Masashi Kikuta Board Member

Masashi Kikuta is a Head of Corporate & Investment Banking (CIB) Credit for EMEA of MUFG Bank. He leads an office responsible for sanctioning credit for non-Japanese corporates & structured finance across the EMEA region of MUFG Bank. He has over 25 years' experience in banking, both in and outside Japan, mainly in credit risk management and business promotion area. He also experienced working in the Foreign Ministry of Japan for 2 years. Masashi Kikuta graduated from Keio University in Tokyo, where he received a Bachelor's of Economics degree. He was appointed as a member of the Board of Directors of MUFG Bank Turkey in March 2019.

### Board Member Changes

The Board of Directors Members have been appointed in the General Assembly on the date of 30.03.2021.

## **Top Management**

#### Masatoshi Ban President

Masatoshi Ban received a Bachelor's of Economics degree from Seikei University of Japan. He started his banking career in 1993 at Mitsubishi Bank Ltd. He has worked across Japan, Singapore, Australia and Canada, taking key roles throughout his 29 years' experience in banking. He has developed his career mainly in corporate banking. In May 2019, he was appointed as President of MUFG Bank Turkey.

#### Hülya Eroğlu

### Deputy President – IT, Operations, Human Resources and General Affairs

Hülya Eroğlu graduated from Department of Management of the Middle East Technical University, Turkey and started her career in 1987. 25 years of her 35-year career in the finance sector has been in banking, with 10 years spent in brokerage and asset management companies and independent audit companies. She started working at MUFG Bank Turkey in 2013 and was assigned as the Deputy President responsible for Information Systems, Operations, Human Resources and General Affairs in April 2016.

#### Kozo Taniwaki

#### Deputy President – Japanese Corporate Banking, Transaction Banking, Treasury

Kozo Taniwaki received Bachelor degree of Arts in Policy Management from Keio University in Japan in 1997 and started his career at Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, the predecessor of MUFG Bank, in the same year. He has 25 years of experience in the banking industry, including relationship management with large Japanese Corporates and its subsidiaries in both Japan and U.S., and Planning in the Head Office. He was expatriated to MUFG Bank Turkey in January 2017 as the head of Planning and was assigned in August 2019 as the Deputy President responsible for Japanese Corporate Banking, Transaction Banking and Treasury.

#### Burak Kaya Managing

#### Director - Corporate Banking

Burak Kaya has a BA degree from Boğaziçi University. He joined MUFG Turkey in January 2020 to lead the Global Corporate and Investment Banking division in Turkey. Prior to MUFG, Burak Kaya was at Türk Ekonomi Bankası (a joint venture of BNP Paribas), where he acted as the s Head of Corporate Client Coverage under the Corporate and Institutional Banking platform. Before that, he worked for RBS in various positions in Istanbul and in London; as Head of Corporate Client Coverage in Turkey and Head of Portfolio Management across Central Eastern Europe. In earlier days in his career, Kaya worked for ABN Amro and Citi in various positions under Corporate and Investment Banking. Burak carries more than 20 years of experience in banking.

#### Atsushi Yoshida Director – Planning

Atsushi Yoshida graduated (BA) from Waseda University, School of Commerce in 1999 and started his career at Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, the predecessor of MUFG Bank, in the same year. He has 23 years of experience in the banking industry, including relationship management with Japanese Corporates in Tokyo and London and Planning in Banco MUFG Brasil. He has been working at MUFG Bank Turkey as the head of Planning since August 2019.

#### Önder Gökalp

#### Director – Finance

Önder Gökalp received a Bachelor's of Economics degree from Istanbul University, Department of Economics in English and holds a master's degree in International Business Management. 23 years of his more than 26 years' work experience has been in the banking industry. He has been working at MUFG Bank Turkey since May 2013.

#### Naoya Ihara

#### Director - Corporate Banking

Naoya Ihara graduated (BA) from College of International Relations, Ritsumeikan University in Japan. He started his career with MUFG in 2002, spending most of his time in Structured Finance with various roles including business promotion, portfolio management and strategic planning in Japan and the UK. He joined MUFG Bank Turkey in October 2020 and since then he serves as head of Japanese corporate banking.

#### Berna Canbulat

#### **Director – Operations**

Berna Canbulat graduated Hacettepe University Economics Department and she has 29 years of experience in the banking industry. She has been working at MUFG Bank Turkey since March 2013.

#### Tuğba Özmen

#### Director – Corporate Banking

Tuğba Özmen graduated from Istanbul University, Department of Economics and holds a Master's degree from Marmara University, Management and Organization. Having over 17 years banking experience, she joined MUFG Bank Turkey as of December 2018.

#### Mete Kunter

#### Director - Credit

Mete Kunter holds a BS degree in Industrial Engineering from Marmara University and an MBA degree from Koç University. He has 26 years of experience in the finance industry and joined MUFG Bank Turkey in his current role in February 2020.

#### Mehmet Ersoylu

Director - Information Technology

Mehmet Ersoylu, graduated from the Computer Engineering Department of Yıldız Technical University in 1994. He also has a Master's degree in Computer Engineering from the Department of Yıldız Technical University in 1997. 22 years of his 27-years work experience has been in the field of Information Technologies in the banking industry, and he has been working as a Department Manager since 2004 in different parts of Information Technologies. He has been working at MUFG Bank Turkey since June 2013.

#### Fatma Eylem Ekmekçi Director – Transactional Banking

Fatma Eylem Ekmekci, is a university graduate from the Department of Business Administration of Middle East Technical University, Having more than 25 years of banking experience in Corporate Banking, Commercial Banking, Strategy and Business Development and Transaction Banking; she has been working at MUFG Bank Turkey since May 2018.

#### Onur İlgen

#### Director – Treasury

Onur İlgen is a graduate from Galatasaray University Economics Department and holds a Master's degree in Financial Engineering from Boğaziçi University. He has 14 years of experience in the banking industry and has been working at MUFG Bank Turkey since May 2013.

#### Sinem Emiroğlu

#### Director - Financial Institutions

Sinem Emiroğlu, graduated from Faculty of Administrative Sciences from the Middle East Technical University, Turkey and started her banking career in 1996. After 23 years of experience in the banking sector both in Turkey and abroad, she joined MUFG Bank Turkey in 2018.

#### Seda Erkan

#### Director - Human Resources and General Affairs

Seda Erkan graduated from Işık University, Department of Business Administration and holds a certification degree in Human Resources from Boğaziçi University and Master's degree from Marmara University in Management and Organization. Having over 19 years of Human Resources experience, she joined MUFG Bank Turkey as of February 2020.

# Management of Internal Systems Departments

#### Oğuzhan Öner

Director – Internal Audit

Oğuzhan Öner graduated from Faculty of Administrative Sciences from the Middle East Technical University and holds a Master of Business Administration degree. He has 22 years of experience in banking industry and has been working at MUFG Bank Turkey since October 2015.

#### Selçuk Altun

#### Director - Risk Management

Selçuk Altun graduated from Department of Statistics and Computer Science from Karadeniz Technical University and holds a Master degree on Capital Markets and Stock Exchange from Marmara University. 17 years of his 18 years work experience has been in the field of Risk Management in the banking industry. He has been working at MUFG Bank Turkey since August 2014.

#### Onur Üre

#### Director - Compliance and Internal Control

Onur Üre is a graduate from Ankara University Faculty of Political Science Business administration. He has total 23 years' experience in Banking sector. 10 years of experience on Internal Audit/Investigation experience in a Global Bank with a wide perspective. In addition, he has 13 years' experience on Financial Crimes Compliance, AML, KYC, Sanctions, and Core Compliance related processes. He has been working at MUFG Bank Turkey since July 2016.

# Committees

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE

### Ali Vefa Çelik (Chairman of Board of Directors) – Chairman

### **Masatoshi Ban** (President and Board of Directors Member) – Member

The members of the Corporate Governance Committee are selected from among the members from the Board of Directors to monitor compliance to Corporate Governance principles, execute improvement studies and present recommendations to the Board of Directors. The Committee is made up of at least two members and convenes at least once a year. The Chairman of Board is also the Chairman of the Corporate Governance Committee. The committee held 1 meeting in 2021.

The main objective of the Corporate Governance Committee is to establish structures within the organization to ensure our Bank's corporate and ethic culture is based on solid foundations and compliance with the corporate governance principles are maintained at the utmost level.

#### AUDIT COMMITTEE

#### **Çetin Özbek** (Board of Directors Member) – Chairman **Nicola L. Wickes** (Board of Directors Member) – Member

Created further to Article 24 of the Banking Law 5411, the Audit Committee is responsible for monitoring and ensuring the effectiveness, eligibility and compliance of the Bank's internal systems to laws, regulations and internal policies of the Bank; assess whether the required methods, tools and application procedures are available for identifying, measuring, monitoring and controlling the risks of the Bank; supervise the operation of the accounting and reporting systems and the integrity of the data produced, perform the required preliminary assessments in the selection of the independent audit organizations and grading, assessment and outsourcing organizations by the Board of Directors; and regularly monitor the activities of these organizations chosen by the Board of Directors and with whom contracts are signed. The Chairman of the Audit Committee is also a member of the Board of Directors responsible for Internal Systems.

The committee executes the roles stated in the regulation on the Internal Systems of Banks and Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process. The Audit Committee convened 8 times in 2021.

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

#### Ali Vefa Çelik (Chairman of Board of Directors) – Chairman Hidefumi Yamamura (Vice Chairman of Board of

### Hidefumi Yamamura (Vice Chairman of Board of Directors) – Member

The purpose of the Remuneration Committee is to monitor, audit and evaluate the Remuneration policies and procedures on behalf of the Board of Directors. In this scope, the Committee works on the review of trends related to human resources management, comparing the Bank's remuneration to those in the market, and taking the necessary measures to continue to recruit and retain the most talented employees for the Bank. The committee meets at least once a year, additionally when necessary, and reports its activities to the Board of Directors annually. The Remuneration Committee held 2 meetings in 2021.

#### **RISK COMMITTEE**

#### **Çetin Özbek** (Board of Directors Member) – Chairman Head of Risk Management Department – Member Head of Compliance Department – Member

The Board of Directors is responsible for instituting the Bank's risk appetite, review and approval of the risk framework and policies, analyzing periodic risk reports and activities related to the alignment of risk management policies and procedures. The Risk Committee's purpose is to provide information and present reports to the Audit Committee so that they may fulfil their risk management responsibilities. The Risk Committee meets once a month and it is chaired by the Board Member, responsible for Internal Systems. The committee convened 9 times in 2021.

#### OTHER COMMITTEES

#### Asset-Liability Committee

The Assets and Liability Committee is in charge of carrying out the management of the assets and liabilities of the Bank in order to maximize revenues within the scope of the risk appetite and tolerance identified by the Board of Directors; assessing the interest, exchange rate, liquidity and market risks in the context of the strategy and competition conditions of the Bank, taking the decisions to be executed by the related Departments to manage the Bank's balance sheet. The Committee is chaired by the President at its meetings. The Committee convened 16 times in 2021.

#### **Executive Committee**

The Executive Committee is held for sharing information between top management and discussing the issues that requires to be resolved. At this Committee top management gets informed about the developments within the Bank. The Committee convenes on a weekly basis.

#### Information Sharing Committee

The purpose of the Information Sharing Committee is coordinating the sharing of customer and bank secret information by considering the principle of proportionality, including the sharing to be made within the scope of the article 5 of the Regulation on Sharing Confidential Information, evaluating the appropriateness of incoming information sharing requests and recording these evaluations; conducting the process of sharing confidential information with the third parties, and legal possibility of sharing upon the requests from the departments; classification of confidential information whether it is customer secret or banking secret; monitoring of events related to confidential information sharing breach; following up-to-date local regulations, other legal processes; carrying out studies to increase the awareness for stakeholders and other staff regarding the sharing of confidential information; coordinating the development and implementation of a company-wide confidential information sharing training and awareness program; providing consultancy to Board of Directors, Senior Executives and other stakeholders regarding confidential information sharing. The committee meets at least twice a year, additionally when necessary, and reports its activities to the Board of Directors annually

Since the Information Sharing Committee was established at the end of 2021, it has not held a meeting yet.

#### Information Security Committee

The purpose of the Information Security Committee is conducting regular threat and risk assessment studies for information assets; classification of information assets, determination of asset ownership and taking appropriate security measures for asset classes; monitoring of events related to information security breach; ensuring the establishment of an effective authentication and access management consistent with the principle of segregation of duties in banking services provided throughout the Bank; testing the controls and the established structures to ensure information security; following up-to-date security vulnerabilities for information assets and taking necessary actions; carrying out studies to increase information security awareness for stakeholders that concern the bank's information security such as bank employees, external service providers, customers and senior management; coordinating the development and implementation of a company-wide information security training and awareness program; ensuring that matters related to information security are included within the scope of Business Continuity management; ensuring that matters related to information security are included in the management of outsourcing services; establishing and implementing the information security policy on behalf of the board of directors; arranging the implementation of the information security management system throughout the bank with information security policy, procedures and process documents; reviewing information security policy, procedures and process documents at least once a year; ensuring that they are reviewed after significant security incidents, new vulnerabilities, or significant changes in technical infrastructure and supporting necessary projects to ensure information security. The committee meets at least twice a year, additionally when necessary, and reports its activities to the Board of Directors annually. The Information Security Committee held 2 meetings in 2021.

#### IT Strategy and Steering Committee

The purpose of the IT Strategy and Steering Committee is to prepare IS strategy plan and submit it to the Board of Directors of the Bank; provide oversight of the appropriate use of IS investments in line with the IS strategy plan as well as the compatibility of the business objectives and IS targets of the bank; reporting these matters directly and regularly to the Board of Directors; reviewing and where necessary revising the IS strategy plan at least once a year, and submitting it for the approval of the Board of Directors; be responsible for setting the priority levels of IS investments and projects, monitoring the state of ongoing IS projects, resolving conflicts regarding resource allocations between the projects, providing the necessary direction to ensure the regulatory compliance of the IS architecture and projects, and monitoring the service levels relating to IS services; meet at least twice a year to review the due implementation of the IS strategy plan as well as all major IS investment decisions, and will submit a report to the Board of Directors at least once a year; develop corporate level IT strategies and plans that ensure the cost effective application and management of IT systems and resources throughout the MUFG Bank Turkey; review current and future technologies to identify opportunities to increase the efficiency of IT resources; monitor and evaluate IT projects and achievements against the IS strategy plan; provide advice and recommendations to the President and Executive Management Team on significant IT issues, manage the development and executive acceptance of a corporate security framework, review corporatewide security policies, assess any requests for policy exceptions from individual business units. review IT service catalogue and SLA's. The committee meets at least twice a year, additionally when necessary, and reports its activities to the Board of Directors annually. The Committee held 2 meetings in 2021.

In addition to the above, the below mentioned committees are also working to ensure the efficient implementation of corporate governance principles and our bank strategies.

**Disciplinary Committee** 

**Outsourcing and Procurement Committee** 

**Compliance Committee** 

**Operational Control Committee** 

New Product Committee

Business Continuity and Crises Management Committee

# Participation of Board Members to Committees and Meetings

As a rule, physical / tele-video conference meetings of the Board of Directors are held minimum of four times a year at MUFG Bank Turkey. Additional meetings are held whenever necessary.

The meeting agendas are prepared by consideration of the proposals received from the departments of our Bank. The agenda and related files are distributed to the members before the meeting, and the meetings are held further to article 390/4 of the Turkish Code of Commerce unless the members request a physical meeting.

In 2021, the Board of Directors held 158 meetings, 4 of which were physical meetings, and the attendances were regular with respect to quorum.

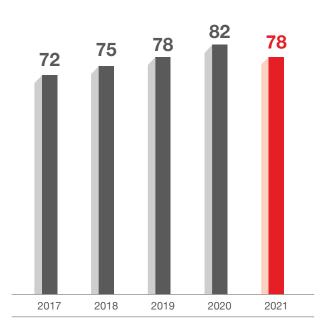
# Human Resources

To assure a transparent and methodical approach to remuneration, MUFG Bank Turkey applies a standardized organizational grading structure with partnership of IMA Consultancy.

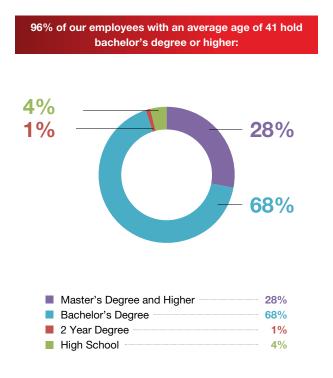
In line with our corporate vision "to be the world's most trusted financial institution," we paid special attention to gather qualified professionals committed to this vision.

Our total number of employees, which was 82 as of the end of 2020, marked 78 as of the end of 2021.

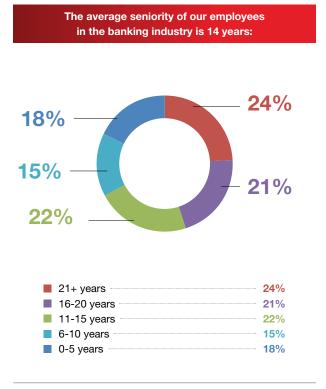
The year-on-year breakdown of the number of our employees is below:







MUFG Bank Turkey is keen to on-board seasoned and qualified bankers to secure the high standards of service to which we hold ourselves.



A fair and objective remuneration policy applies to all employees at MUFG Bank Turkey. To assure a transparent and methodical approach to remuneration, MUFG Bank Turkey requests market data analysis from IMA Consultancy and evaluates the remuneration of employees.

Employee performance and development is closely monitored both via online tools and one to one feedback by line managers.

In 2021, 78 members of staff received 1288,5 hours of professional training provided by both internal and external parties. Throughout the year, each MUFG employee received an average 16.5 hours of training.

Employees are provided with certain benefits to attract and retain our talent in a highly competitive market.

#### CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

In 2021 summer, Turkey encountered many wildfires and lost wide range of forests. MUFG Bank Turkey has taken action and gladly participated in Turkish Banking Association's call to "regreen Turkey" and donated 5 saplings on behalf of each staff. TRY 4,000 in total is donated for this cause.

In 2018, MUFG entered into a four-year partnership with the Laureus Sport for Good Foundation to positively impact the lives of young people. In September 2021, MUFG colleagues across EMEA ran, walked, cycled and swam the distance between our Johannesburg and London offices - a total of 43,842 km, in a joint effort to fundraise for the Laureus Sport for Good Foundation. Fifteen MUFG Offices, including Turkey, participated throughout the month, raising an amazing £50,462 to support the work of the Laureus Sport for Good Foundation. The money will be used directly to help young people overcome violence, discrimination and disadvantage in 180 grass-roots programs spread throughout 41 countries. The projects differ from region to region, and they all harness the power of sport to enhance the social and emotional development of children and young people.

MUFG Bank Turkey started 2 years partnership with Parıltı Association in 2021. Parıltı's aims is to support children who have vision impairments, in terms of social life and educational environment from their birth to the end of their education period, and MUFG Bank Turkey is excited to support their aim with volunteer activities. As a new start, MUFG Bank Turkey volunteers participated in the Istanbul Marathon, which was organized in November, ran to support for Parıltı Association and raised TRY 10,000 donation. Collaborative initiatives and activities will continue in the coming years.

# Transactions of MUFG Bank Turkey with the Related Risk Group

(TRY Thousand)						
Risk Group of the Bank	Subsidiaries, as jointly control		Direct and shareholders		Other entities the risk	
Current	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
Loans and other receivables						
Balance at beginning of period	0	0	9,589	170,092	390,021	144,924
Balance at end of period	0	0	57,387	360,312	44,553	327,733
Interest and commission income	0	0	0	513	29,060	966
Risk Group of the Bank	Subsidiaries, as jointly control		Direct and shareholders		Other entities the risk	
Past	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
Loans and other receivables						
Balance at beginning of period	0	0	3,697	180,565	36,717	180,559
Balance at end of period	0	0	9,589	170,092	390,021	144,924
Interest and commission income	0	0	0	392	25,616	451

Risk Group of the Bank	Group of the Bank Subsidiaries, associates and Direct and indirect jointly controlled entities shareholders of the Bank			Other entities included in the risk group		
Deposit	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at beginning of period	0	0	0	0	3,853,762	3,343,663
Balance at end of period	0	0	0	0	8,312,226	3,853,762
Deposit Interest Expense	0	0	0	0	18,444	26,488
Risk Group of the Bank	Subsidiaries, a jointly contro			nd indirect s of the Bank		es included in k group
Credits Obtained	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at beginning of period	0	0	0	0	7,529,087	5,070,666
Balance at end of period	0	0	0	0	11,030,696	7,529,087
Interest Expense	0	0	0	0	20,012	30,033
Risk Group of the Bank	Subsidiaries, a jointly contro			nd indirect s of the Bank		es included in k group
Fair Value Difference through PL	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at beginning of period	0	0	0	86,398	5,029,832	5,403,121
Balance at end of period	0	0	712,240	0	10,007,617	5,029,832

0

(222)

0

Total Profit/Loss

0

2,772

(18,435)

# Information on Outsourced Operations

Definition of Outsourcing Service
Third level infrastructure support service
Core banking system maintenance and support services
Purchase of Paygate suite systems (Inspector, search, maestro) maintenance and support services
Information systems maintenance and support services
Data center and hosting services
Procurement of the fixed income implementation module to our core banking system
Payable Finance Platform
Physical Archiving Service
CBT (Central Bank of Turkey) Financial Reporting automatic upload system
Electronic Letter of Guarantee Maintenance and Support Service
Basel Risk Reporting Automation

# Board of Directors Summary Report

Welcome to our Bank's Ordinary General Meeting of 2021. We would like to sincerely thank our stakeholders and guests who join our meeting where the reports of both the Board of Directors and Auditors, and the statements of profit for the fiscal year 2021 will be submitted for your review and consent.

Turkish economy was affected by the pandemic during year 2021. It provided negative impact to supply channels which has been one of the major reasons for the high increase of inflation rate. Climate crisis related shortages in food supplies resulting price increases in food and high prices in energy supplies caused additional inflationist pressures in global economies and in our country. Upward revisions seen in the Fed's inflation forecasts and interest rate projections

On the other hand, vaccination activities provided positive impact to economic activities and provided strong recoveries for some sectors. Policymakers in Turkey introduced the monetary and fiscal measures to control the adverse impacts of the pandemic. Thus, sharp recoveries observed for the domestic macroeconomic environment during the year.

The government's medium-term economic program published in September projected that the Turkish economy will expand 9% in 2021. The economy is expected to continue positive growth in 2022 with the wider roll-out of vaccines and the recovery of trading partner growth, as well as reflecting positive growth carryover from 2021. High inflation rate is seen as one of major challenge for the economy during year 2022.

Despite the many difficulties faced by Turkey's economy, thanks to timely and appropriate measures taken by the Central Bank and the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency, the Turkish banking industry remained resilient and sound. Even in this highly volatile global and domestic environment, MUFG Bank Turkey recorded strong results in 2021.

At year-end 2021, MUFG Bank Turkey reported total assets of TRY 23,385 million.

Loans, the major component of our Bank's assets, totaled TRY 15,287 million at year end. A breakdown of our loan portfolio shows that 10% of loans are denominated in TRY and 90% are in foreign currencies. Receivables from banks, the other key item of the Bank's assets, amounted to TRY 2,052 million. This excludes receivables from the Central Bank.

On the liabilities side, MUFG Bank Turkey's borrowings totaled TRY 11,034 million in 2021. Demand and time deposits from non-Bank clients amounted to TRY 2,554 million. As of end of 2021, by addition of annual net profit with an amount of TRY 298 million, the Bank's shareholders' equity reached to of TRY 1,462 million. On the other hand, the Equity considered for the calculation of the capital adequacy ratio was TRY 1,520 million while the capital adequacy ratio as of end the year realized as 21.59%.

MUFG Bank Turkey reported a net interest income of TRY 382 million in 2021. Profit before taxes from continuing operations amounted to TRY 394 million. The Bank's net income after tax and provisions was TRY 298 million for the fiscal year. In 2021, our return on average equity was realized as 22.7%.

We will continuously strengthen our organization, expand our product and service coverage, and diversify our funding capabilities to better serve our clients and achieve further sustainable growth.

Respectfully yours,

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**





# Internal Systems



## Assessment of Functioning of Internal Systems by Audit Committee

Our internal systems departments fall under the responsibility of the Bank's Board of Directors, and are composed of Internal Audit, Compliance and Internal Control with Risk Management departments. These departments constituting internal systems act in coordination and independently from the units with executive activities. The Bank's Audit Committee is authorized and responsible for supervising the effectiveness and eligibility of the Bank's internal systems on behalf of the Board of Directors; seeking the operation of these systems and the accounting and reporting systems in accordance with the Banking Law and related regulations and the integrity of the information produced; conducting the required preliminary assessments for the selection of independent audit organizations and grading, appraisal and outsourcing services organizations by the Board of Directors; regularly monitoring the activities of these contracted organizations; continuing and ensuring the coordination of internal audit activities.

The Audit Committee Chairman is also responsible for internal systems monitors internal systems departments' activities on a periodic basis. The Audit Committee receives quarterly based reports from the departments constituting Internal Systems Departments in order to evaluate the adequacy of the methods for the identification, control and monitoring of risks that the Bank is exposed to, and to report its findings to the Board of Directors in compliance with its legal responsibilities related to informing Board of Directors regarding activities of the Committee. Furthermore, the Audit Committee submits its opinions and recommendations on significant matters to the Board of Directors.

#### Internal Audit Department

The purpose of the Internal Audit department is to provide assurance that the activities of the Bank are conducted in accordance with the Law and other applicable legislation and with the internal strategies, policies, principles and targets of the Bank. It also serves to ensure that the internal control and risk management systems are effective and adequate.

The Internal Audit Department is responsible for ensuring that internal audit activities are in line with applicable laws, rules and regulations and the Bank's strategies, policies, principles and targets. The Internal Audit Department oversees the efficiency and adequacy of internal control and risk management systems and audits the Bank operations with its risks.

The audit reports that are a result of the audits performed in the departments in line with the risk focused annual audit plan, were submitted to the relevant divisions, top management and Audit Committee to ensure that necessary actions were taken.

Within the scope of internal audit activities in 2021, business processes were prioritized as a result of the risk assessment conducted, and process audits and information systems audits were carried out.

Internal Audit Department have also completed the audits that are required to be carried out every year in accordance with the legislation which are ICAAP Validation, ICAAP Evaluation and Management Declaration that covers critical Banking Processes and Information Systems Control Objectives in the scope as well as risk-based process audits.

In addition to the planned audit engagements, in 2021 the Internal Audit Department also participated in various projects and provided a range of consultancy services requested by the Bank's executive management, when deemed necessary.

#### Compliance and Internal Control Department

The Compliance and Internal Control Department aims to establish an effective internal control system, fulfilling the internal control applications, establishing a strong internal control culture and conforming to legal regulations and the general practices of MUFG to remove any inconsistencies. For this purpose, preventive control points are defined to identify and prevent discrepancies related to legal and internal regulations; system and function faults, human error or malicious conduct and related material damages or legal sanctions that the Bank might face. Efforts are also spent identifying missteps that may have occurred within the scope of controls, and preventing the damages that may occur.

At MUFG Bank Turkey, Compliance and Internal Control activities are accepted as a business culture practiced throughout the Bank, beyond just being a function that is under the responsibility of the Internal Control Department. The main goals of the Internal Control activities are to protect the Bank's assets, ensure that all operations are carried out in compliance with the banking laws and regulations and bylaws, and to ensure the accuracy and safety of all accounts and records. Therefore, control activities at different levels have been added to all regulations and application procedures issued by the Bank, and the above-mentioned control culture has been adapted as a part of the daily activities of all employees.

Compliance and Internal Control Department carries out Internal Control activities independent from other departments as a second line of defense function, and it also functions as a supervisor to design and ensure the sound operation of such first line of defense control activities within departments.

The Compliance and Internal Control Department executes periodic controls that are required for business processes in accordance with the objectives specified above. It also identifies the control defects with an integral approach towards critical activities of the Bank's departments, identifying the control defects as soon as possible, ensuring the necessary actions are executed. The mentioned control activities may be second level controls that are implemented by the Compliance and Internal Control Department directly in certain circumstances, and they may also include the control of the effectiveness of internal first level controls of a department under certain circumstances.

With regard to the preventive control function of the Compliance and Internal Control Department, the Compliance and Internal Control Department's opinion is taken and managed, to ensure compliance with legal and internal regulations both before new products and services are applied, and for all actions and decisions which are considered to have the potential of creating a material or legal risk, including all procurements, customer acquisitions and payments to third parties. As the continuity of these activities is inspected during internal control activities, it is also secured by the internal regulations approved by the Bank's Board of Directors.

As a result of Internal Control activities, detection and follow-up reports created are primarily submitted to the Audit Committee and are periodically shared with the Bank's executive Management. In line with the changes and requirements in the Regulation on Information Systems and Electronic Banking Services of Banks, Internal Control activities as 2nd Line of Defence function on information systems have been implemented in the Bank.

In addition, different systematic infrastructures have been created at the Bank to prevent Anti-Money Laundering and the Financing of Terrorism, and to maintain compliance with the generally accepted international rules and principles such as Sanctions. In order to ensure the inspection of all account openings in accordance with legal regulations and the principles of the Bank, (in addition to the review of Compliance Department where needed and risk-based approach), payments made at the Bank are held subject to electronic filters, and the transactions retained at the filters are inspected by both the Operations and

## Assessment of Functioning of Internal Systems by Audit Committee

Compliance Departments before they are finalized. As an effective post-control method and in accordance with the regulations of the Financial Crimes Investigation Board, the transactions made at the bank are held subject to comparative analyses with suspected transaction typologies by means of special computer software, and the results are systematically reported to the Compliance and Internal Control Department to ensure the implementation of additional control activities.

In addition, internet banking services are also given by MUFG Bank Turkey, there are system applications providing early warning mechanisms in Internet Banking. Moreover, necessary coordination activities are being conducted by AML Officers to make sure that all the requests by MASAK have been fulfilled on a timely basis.

Compliance and Internal Control activities and related trainings are an important topic at MUFG Bank Turkey and Groupwide. The Compliance and Internal Control department carries out training and awareness activities on several topics, especially related to MASAK rules and international sanctions, and also utilized trainings prepared at Group level. Training and training results are being reported to MASAK and executive Management in the Bank.

The Bank considers that effective control of the complicated banking systems and transactions is only possible with effective internal control personnel. Therefore, Compliance and Internal Control employees are both held subject to hands-on training in the department, and the international training means of the MUFG family are utilized and the required training and information activities to increase the knowledge and skills of the employees are organized.

#### **Risk Management Department**

The Risk Management Department aims to measure, monitor and manage the risks the bank may exposed to with reference to methodologies complying with international standards and local regulations.

Credit risk, operational risk, market risk, liquidity risk and business continuity management are executed in Risk Management Department.

Risk Management policies consist of Risk Appetite, Credit Risk, Market Risk, Liquidity Risk and Operational Risk, as well as Business Continuity Management, Product Service Risk Management and Reputational Risk policies. The functions and authorities of the departments and committees included in the risk and control processes are stated in the risk policies.

The design and application of the risk management system, preparation of the risk management policies and procedures, their revision at least once a year, capital adequacy calculations and reporting, submission of the risk measurement and risk monitoring results to the Board of Directors, Audit Committee and senior management through regular reporting; ensuring the retention of quantifiable risks within the determined limits and monitoring the use of these limits; execution of stress test activities and internal capital adequacy assessment process are carried out by the Risk Management Department.

Within the scope of the business continuity plans, the employees are informed via necessary trainings on business continuity management, crisis management and disaster recovery in order to increase awareness. The Risk Management Department owns the organization of business continuity and crisis management tests and drills on the dates determined in the annual business continuity plan.

#### a) Credit Risk

The Bank monitors and manages credit risks after lending, until the loan is completely reimbursed, cancelled or deleted. According to related regulation, bank assigns credit worthiness to credit customers and uses credit rating system. Besides, legal lending limits and industry and customer-based concentrations are closely monitored.

#### b) Market Risk

Considering the limits defined in the Market Risk policy, risk measurements, daily limit checks are realized and market risk reports are prepared and reported to legal bodies. Stress tests and scenario analysis is regularly made in accordance with the regulations. The values and indicators related with market risk are shared with Asset and Liability Committee.

#### c) Operational Risk

With regard to operational risk management, the Bank's operational risks are identified, measured, assessed and risk mitigation actions are taken. In this regard, operational risk losses and key risk indicators are monitored. The Bank's operational risks are assessed on a semi-annually basis by the Risk Management Department. The results of Control and Self-Assessment study performed once a year throughout the Bank is shared with senior management. The activities regarding operational risk areas are shared with Risk Committee on a monthly basis and Board of Directors via Audit Committee on quarterly basis.

#### d) Liquidity Risk

The liquidity risk is managed in order to ensure the Bank is taking the required measures in a timely and correct manner against the liquidity tightness which may arise from the balance sheet structure and the market conditions (within the framework of the risk management policies approved by the Board of Directors). The liquidity risk is monitored in a corporate framework taking into account the risk levels mentioned in the risk policy and the stress scenarios related with the Bank's cash flows. The reports related with liquidity risk are shared with senior management and the Risk Committee.

#### e) Business Continuity Management

The Bank's business continuity management policy aims to minimize the risks which may endanger the continuity of the Bank's activities, ensuring critical products and services function within acceptable time periods in the cases of potential disruption. The required periodic tests and drills regarding business continuity management are performed and employees are trained periodically. The business continuity plan is regularly reviewed. Practices related with business continuity and crisis management are assessed in Risk Committee on monthly basis. Business Continuity and Crisis Management Committee chaired by President is convened when needed to assess a crisis/disaster.





### MUFG BANK TURKEY ANONIM ŞIRKETİ 2021 Fiscal Period Affiliate Report March 2022



#### 1. INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1. Reference

This Affiliate Report (hereinafter shall be referred as the "Report") has been prepared in line with the liabilities of the board of directors of the controlled companies in accordance with the article 199/1 and 3 of TCC titled as "Reports of controlled and controlling company". The referred article reads as follows;

"(1) The BoD of the dependent company shall prepare a report regarding the company's relations with controlling and dependent companies within the first quarter of the activity year. All legal transactions which the company conducted in the previous activity year with the controlling company, with a company dependent on the controlling company, through the direction of the controlling company that serves to its advantage or the advantage of its dependent company and all other measures taken or refrained from being taken to the advantage of the controlling company or of its dependent company in the previous activity year shall be explained in the report. In legal proceedings, the performances and counter performances and the measures used to assess them shall be specified, as well as their advantages and disadvantages to the company. Where there is a provision for compensation for disadvantages, the way the compensation was obtained within the activity year or the advantages gained by the company which provided a right to claim shall also be declared.

(3) At the end of the BoD report it shall be explained whether the company, in the circumstances and conditions known to the board at the time at which the company conducted the legal proceeding or took or refrained from taking the measure, obtained appropriate counter performance in relation to each legal proceeding and whether the company incurred any loss due to taking or refraining from taking the measure. If the company incurred loss, the BoD shall specify whether the loss has been compensated for. This explanation shall be only made in the annual report."

#### 1.2. Principles of the Report

This Report has been prepared in line with the true and fairview accounting principle.

#### 1.3. Period of the Report

This report includes the transactions which carried out by MUFG BANK TURKEY ANONIM ŞİRKETİ ("Company") with the controlling company and the other controlled companies of the controlling company in 2021 fiscal period.

#### 1.4. Subject Transactions of the Report

The legal transactions of our Company with the group companies realized in 2021 fiscal year is given below and are subject to detailed explanation with the aim to inform within the content of this Report.

Company	Transaction Detail	Amount (FCY)
MUFG Bank, Ltd., New York Branch	Payment fee web site using to check sanctioned matters for vessel and transportation.	737,22 USD
MUFG Bank, Ltd., London Branch	Payment fee for Workday application	7.340,85 USD
MUFG Bank, Ltd., London Branch	Payment for the annual maintenance service which is utilised for IT systems.	38.225,48 GBP
MUFG Bank, Ltd., London Branch	Pledge fee due to pledged deposit agreement	575.013,45 EUR
MUFG Bank, Ltd., London Branch	Pledge fee due to pledged deposit agreement	2.759.965,52 USD
MUFG Bank, Ltd., London Branch	Payment for commission of securities lending transaction	10.819.725,00 JPY
MUFG BANK, Ltd	Payment for maintenance fee of Open Portal system.	2.844,00 JPY
MUFG BANK, Ltd	Payment for maintenance fee of GCI	17.220,00 JPY
MUFG BANK, Ltd	Payment fee for global zeus application	26.000,00 JPY
MUFG BANK, Ltd	Payment fee Rapport Service using by customer to connect internet banking safely.	39.600,00 JPY
MUFG BANK, Ltd	Payment fee Factiva, World Check and FCC service fees	171.384,00 JPY
MUFG BANK, Ltd	Payment for robotic process automation	1.473.584,00 JPY
MUFG BANK, Ltd	Payment fee for global credit application and rating system	2.489.701,00 JPY

#### 2. GENERAL INFORMATION REGARDING THE COMPANY

#### 2.1. MUFG Bank Turkey Anonim Şirketi

Our Company is registered to the İstanbul Trade Registry with the trade registry number of 855649 and located at the address of Fatih Sultan Mehmet Mahallesi, Poligon Caddesi, Buyaka 2 Sitesi 2 Blok No: 8B, İç Kapı No:82 Kat: 21 34771 Ümraniye / İstanbul with the activity and scope of engaging in all kinds of banking activities and performing all activities set forth in the relevant articles of Banking Law and other activities as permitted by relevant legislation and Articles of Association of the Company, to be carried out and performed by banks. The Company is registered to the Alemdağ Tax Office with the tax number of 140 036 1237.

The contact details of the Company are given as follows:

Туре	Number
Telephone	0216 600 3000
Fax	0216 290 6473

The Company has been established as a Joint Stock Company and operating as a bank in line with the operational license permission of Banking Regulation and Supervision Board announced at Official Gazette dated 24.09.2013 and numbered 28755. The Company is not subject to any public offer.

Web site of the Company is http://www.tu.bk.mufg.jp/index-tr.html .

#### 2.2. Capital and Organization Structure of the Company

The capital of the Company amounting to TL 527.700.000,00 has been fully paid in cash prior to its' establishment in line with article 7/f of Banking Law numbered as 5411 and the title of the shareholders, share group, number of shares, share amount, and the ratios have been listed as follows.

Share Number	Share Amount (TL)
527.699.996	527.699.996,00
1	1,00
1	1,00
1	1,00
1	1,00
527.700.000	527.700.000,00
	527.699.996 1 1 1 1 1

\*Mr. Shintaro Kamiya has transferred his share to Mr. Rui Miyamoto on the date of 16.09.2021.

#### 3. CONTROLLING AND CONTROLLED COMPANIES

#### 3.1. Information regarding the Controlling and Controlled Companies

The information of the controlling company and the controlled companies of the controlling company which the Company has engaged a legal transaction in 2021 fiscal period is summarized as below.

Title	Tax ID Number	Address	Status in the Group Companies
MUFG Bank, Ltd	8430357946	7-1, Marunouchi 2-chome, Chiyoda- ku, Tokyo 100-8388 Japan	Parent Company
MUFG Bank, Ltd., London Branch	2689255625962	Ropemaker Place, 25 Ropemaker Street, London, EC2Y 9AN, United Kingdom	Branch of Parent Company
Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, INC	-		Ultimate Parent Company

#### 4. LEGAL TRANSACTIONS REALIZED WITH THE GROUP COMPANIES

The details of the transactions with the group companies are provided in section 1.4. Apart from the fee payments related with pledged deposit agreement, major transactions with MUFG Bank Ltd., Head Office are related with the license and service fees paid to Tokyo for the systems and applications with an amount of JPY 4.220.333.

#### **5. PREVENTIONS**

With respect to the above stated transactions of our Company with the controlling company and the controlled companies of the controlling company, there is no provided or avoided prevention which may result against our Company.

All legal transactions had been subjected to same procedure, principals and conditions as conducting with other parties outside the group companies by considering Transfer Pricing rules and intercompany SLA. No prevention had been taken as the result of a loss as per the interest or enterprise of the parent and affiliate companies.

#### 6. BOARD OF DIRECTORS DECLARATION

All suitable counter acts has been provided for each legal transaction in line with the known circumstances and conditions on the dates of the realization of the legal transactions mentioned in this report. There is no provided or avoided prevention and within this framework our Company has no losses.

As a consequence of the evaluation, made in line with the article 199 of TCC, of the transactions of our company with the controlling company and the controlled companies of the controlling company; it is understood that all the transactions realized has been made in line with the market conditions and precedents/market values applicable at the date of the transaction as it is made with the third parties.

MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Ali Vefa Çelik\* Chairman **Hidefumi Yamamura** Vice Chairman **Çetin Özbek**\* Board Member / Chairman of the Audit Committee Nicola Louise Wickes Board Member / Audit Committee Member

**Masatoshi Ban** Board Member / General Manager Aysun Mercan\* Board Member Masashi Kikuta Board Member

\* İşbu Bağlılık Raporu Türkçe olarak da sunulmuş olup, raporu anladım ve hiçbir itirazım olmadan tümüyle mutabık kaldım.

### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED UNCONSOLIDATED FINÂNCIAL STATEMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES AT 31 DECEMBER 2021 WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Convenience translation of publicly announced unconsolidated financial statements, related disclosures and independent auditor's report originally issued in Turkish, See Note. I.III of Section three)





#### CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION INTO ENGLISH OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH (See Note I of Section Three) INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the General Assembly of MUFG Bank Turkey A.Ş.;

#### A. Audit of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

#### 1. Opinion

We have audited the unconsolidated balance sheet of MUFG Bank Turkey A.Ş. ("the Bank") at 31 December 2021 and the related unconsolidated statement of profit or loss, unconsolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, unconsolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity, unconsolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended and the notes to the unconsolidated financial statements and a summary of significant accounting policies and unconsolidated financial statements notes.

In our opinion, the unconsolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the unconsolidated financial position of the Bank as at 31 December 2021, and its unconsolidated financial performance and its unconsolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") Accounting and Reporting Legislation which includes "Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents" published in the Official Gazette no.26333 dated 1 November 2006, and other regulations on accounting records of Banks published by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("TFRS") for those matters not regulated by the aforementioned regulations.

#### 2. Basis for Opinion

Our audit was conducted in accordance with the "Regulation on Independent Audit of Banks" published by the BRSA on the Official Gazette No.29314 dated 2 April 2015 and the Standards on Independent Auditing (the "SIA") that are part of Turkish Standards on Auditing issued by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority (the "POA"). Our responsibilities under these standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements" section of our report. We hereby declare that we are independent of the Bank in accordance with the Ethical Rules for Independent Auditors (including Independence Standards) (the "Ethical Rules") and the ethical requirements regarding independent audit in regulations issued by POA that are relevant to our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Ethical Rules and regulations. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained during the independent audit provides a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

#### 3. Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements of the current period. Key audit matters were addressed in the context of our independent audit of the unconsolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

PwC Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş.

*BJK Plaza, Süleyman Seba Caddesi No:48 B Blok Kat:9 Akaretler Beşiktaş 34357 İstanbul-Turkey T: +90 212 326 6060, F: +90 212 326 6050, www.pwc.com.tr Mersis Numaramız: 0-1460-0224-0500015* 



Key Audit Matters	How Our Audit Addressed the Key Audit Matter
Expected Credit Loss in Accordance with TFRS 9	
The Bank has total expected credit losses of TL 65,418 thousand in respect to loans of TL 15,352,674 thousand which represent a significant portion of the Bank's total assets in its unconsolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2021. Explanations and notes related to provision for impairment of loans are presented Section Three Part VIII, Section Four Part II, Section Four Part XI-2, Section Five Part I-5 and Section Five Part II-7 in the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2021. The Bank recognizes provision for impairment in accordance with "TFRS 9 Financial Instruments" ("TFRS 9") requirements and the "Regulation on the Procedures and Principles for Classification of Loans and Provisions to be Provided" as published in the Official Gazette dated 22 June 2016 numbered 29750. The Bank exercises significant decisions using subjective judgement, interpretation and assumptions over when and how much to record as loan impairment. These judgements are key in the development of the financial models built to measure the expected credit losses on loans recorded at amortized cost. The impacts of CVUD-19 global pandemic have increased the importance of the estimations and assumptions used by the Bank management in determination of the expected credit loan loss provision. The uncertainties arising from these impacts have been evaluated by the management in their judgements and estimations. Our audit was focused on this area due to existence of complex estimates and information used in the impairment assessment; the significance of the loan balances; the classification of loans as per their credit risk (staging) in accordance with applicable regulation and the importance of determination of the associated expected credit loss. Timely and correct identification of default event and significant increase in credit risk and level of judgements and estimations for loans. Therefore, this area is considered as key audit matter.	With respect to stage classification of loans and calculation of expected credit losses, we have assessed policy, procedure and management principles of the Bank including COVID-19 effects within the scope of our audit. We tested the design and the operating effectiveness of relevant systems and processes implemented in accordance with these principles. Within the framework of the policies and procedures applied by the Bank, together with our financial risk experts, we have checked and assessed the appropriateness of the methods used in the model developed for staging of loans and calculation of expected credit losses in accordance with TFRS 9. For forward looking assumptions (including macroeconomic factors) made by the Bank's management in its expected credit loss calculation, we held discussions with management and evaluated the assumptions using publicly available information that includes the impacts of COVID-19. We have tested model calculations through re-performance together with our modelling specialists on a sample selection basis. We have carried loan review on a selected sample of loans with the objective to identify whether the classification of loans is performed appropriately in accordance with the applicable regulation, whether the loss event had occurred and whether the provision for impairment has been recognized in a timely manner within the TFRS 9 framework. We have reviewed the appropriateness and sufficiency of disclosures made in the financial statements of the Bank with respect to loan and related impairment provision.



### 4. Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Unconsolidated Financial

The Bank management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the unconsolidated financial statements in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of unconsolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the unconsolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Bank or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Bank's financial reporting process.

#### 5. Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

Responsibilities of independent auditors in an independent audit are as follows:

Our aim is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an independent auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance expressed as a result of an independent audit conducted in accordance with "Regulation on Independent Audit of Banks" published by the BRSA on the Official Gazette No.29314 dated 2 April 2015 and SIA is a high level of assurance but does not guarantee that a material misstatement will always be detected. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these unconsolidated financial statements.



As part of an independent audit conducted in accordance with "Regulation on Independent Audit of Banks" published by the BRSA on the Official Gazette No.29314 dated 2 April 2015 and SIA, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement in the unconsolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Assess the internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bank's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Bank ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the unconsolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our independent auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Bank to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the unconsolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the unconsolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence. We also communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the unconsolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.



#### B. Other Responsibilities Arising From Regulatory Requirements

- 1. No matter has come to our attention that is significant according to subparagraph 4 of Article 402 of Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC") No. 6102 and that causes us to believe that the Bank's bookkeeping activities concerning the period from 1 January to 31 December 2021 period are not in compliance with the TCC and provisions of the Bank's articles of association related to financial reporting.
- 2. In accordance with subparagraph 4 of Article 402 of the TCC, the Board of Directors submitted the necessary explanations to us and provided the documents required within the context of our audit.

#### Additional Paragraph for Convenience Translation:

The effects of differences between accounting principles and standards explained in detail in Section Three and accounting principles generally accepted in countries in which the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements are to be distributed and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") have not been quantified in the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements. Accordingly, the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations and changes in financial position and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in such countries and IFRS.

PwC Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş.

Didem Demer Kaya, SMMM Partner

Istanbul, 22<sup>nd</sup> March 2022

#### UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL REPORT OF MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş.

#### AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Address: FSM Mahallesi Poligon Caddesi, Buyaka 2<br/>Sitesi, No 8B, Kat 20-21 34771 Tepeüstü<br/>Ümraniye/İstanbulTelephone:(0216) 600 30 00Fax: (0216) 290 64 73Web Site: www.tu.bk.mufg.jpE-Mail: mufg.turkey.iletisim@tu.mufg.jp

The unconsolidated year-end financial report prepared in accordance with the communiqué of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks as regulated by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency, is comprised of the following sections:

- 1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE BANK
- 2. UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE BANK
- 3. EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED IN THE
- RELATED PERIOD
- 4. INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK
- 5. EXPLANATORY DISCLOSURES AND FOOTNOTES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL
- STATEMENTS
- 6. OTHER EXPLANATIONS
- 7. INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The unconsolidated financial statements and the explanatory footnotes and disclosures unless otherwise indicated, are prepared in **thousands of Turkish Lira**, in accordance with the Communiqué on Banks' Accounting Practice and Maintaining Documents, Turkish Accounting Standards, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards, related communiqués and the Banks' records, have been independently audited and presented as attached.

ALİ VEFA ÇELİK Chairman of the Board of Directors **ÇETİN ÖZBEK** Chairman of the Audit Committee NICOLA LOUISE WICKES Member of the Audit Committee

MASATOSHI BAN General Manager ATSUSHI YOSHIDA Director ÖNDER GÖKALP Director

Information related to personnel to whom questions related to this financial report may be directed.Name-Surname/Title: Melizan ÜZÜLMEZ / Vice PresidentTelephone Number: (0216) 600 30 84Fax Number: (0216) 290 64 73

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MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

#### SECTION ONE

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

#### I. Bank's foundation date, start-up status, history regarding the changes in this status

MUFG Bank Turkey A.Ş. ("Bank") began its activities in Turkey through a representative office of MUFG Bank, Ltd. opened in 1986. Banking Regulation and Supervisory Agency (BRSA) authorized the Bank to establish a deposit bank in Turkey with the decision numbered 5108 dated 20 December 2012. In accordance with the operation license granted by the BRSA as per the decision numbered 5520 dated 19 September 2013 and published on the Official Gazette no 28775 dated 24 September 2013, the Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ Turkey A.Ş. commenced its operations within the group of foreign banks established in Turkey as of 28 November 2013. According to the decision of Board of Directors dated 16 November 2017, the procedures had been decided to start to change the name of the Bank from Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ Turkey A.Ş. to MUFG Bank Turkey A.Ş and and name of bank changed with MUFG Bank Turkey A.Ş at 2 April 2018.

### II. Explanation about the Bank's capital structure, shareholders of the Bank who are in charge of the management and/or auditing of the Bank directly or indirectly, changes in these matters (if any) and the Group that the Bank belongs to

Established by the merger of Tokyo-Mitsubishi Ltd and UFJ Ltd on 1 January 2006, the Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ Ltd., which have 100 years of experience both in Japan and international financial markets, have the resources to meet the needs of growing customer base quickly and effectively. On 1 April 2018, the name of MUFG's commercial bank changed from "The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd." to "MUFG Bank, Ltd." (MUFG Bank).

MUFG Bank has a branch network exceeding 500 branches in Japan. MUFG Bank has over 100 branches in the world's leading financial and commercial centers. MUFG Bank offers an option of comprehensive financial products and services to institutions, governments and individual customers. It provides a wide range of products and services on commercial banking, investment banking and investment advisory area through overseas branches and subsidiaries. BTMU integrated as a unit to respond to all the financial needs of its customers comprehensively and flexible and is the main branch of Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group Inc. (MUFG) in the field of commercial banking.

### III. Explanations regarding the shares of the bank owned by and areas of responsibility of the Chairman and the members of Board of Directors, Audit Committee members, Chief Executive Officer, Deputy General Managers

Responsibility Area	Name and Surname	Responsibility Area	Appointment Date	Education	Experience
Chairman of Board of Directors	Ali Vefa Çelik	Chairman of Board of Directors Member of Board of Directors Head of the Corporate Governance Committee Head of Remuneration Committee	16.02.2016 26.06.2013 16.02.2016 16.02.2016	Graduate	44 Years
Vice Chairman of Board of Directors	Hidefumi Yamamura	Vice Chairman of Board of Directors Member of Remuneration Committee	16.10.2018 19.12.2018	Under- graduate	30 Years
Member of Board of Directors / General Manager	Masatoshi Ban	Member of Board of Directors General Manager Member of Corporate Management Committee	10.05.2019 10.05.2019 22.05.2019	Under- graduate	29 Years
Member of Board of Directors	Çetin Özbek	Member of Board of Directors Head of Audit Committee	29.12.2015 16.02.2016	Under- graduate	35 Years
Member of Board of Directors	Aysun Mercan	Member of Board of Directors	29.12.2015	Graduate	40 Years
Member of Board of Directors	Masashi Kikuta	Member of Board of Directors	28.03.2019	Under- graduate	29 Years
Member of Board of Directors	Nicola Louise Wickes	Member of Board of Directors Member of Audit Committee	03.07.2019 03.07.2019	Graduate	35 Years
Assistant General Manager	Hülya Eroğlu	Deputy General Manager in charge of Operation, Information Technologies, Human Resources and Support Services	19.07.2018	Under- graduate	31 Years
Assistant General Manager	Kozo Taniwaki	Deputy General Manager in charge of Treasury, Corporate Banking 1 and Transaction Banking	19.08.2019	Under- graduate	25 Years

The individuals above do not have any significant shares in the Bank.

Convenience translation of publicly announced unconsolidated financial statements, related disclosures originally issued in Turkish, See Note I. of Section three

#### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION (Continued)**

#### IV. Individuals and institutions that have qualified shares in the Bank

Name Surname/	Share Amount	Ownership	Paid in Capital	Unpaid
Commercial Title	(Nominal)	Ratios	(Nominal)	Portion
MUFG Bank Ltd.	527,700	100%	527,700	

#### V. Summary information on the Bank's services and activity areas

The Bank is organized in corporate banking with the permission to do all the activities as set out in the Article 4 of the Banking Act. The Bank's General Directorate is located in Istanbul, Turkey. As of 31 December 2021, the Bank serves with 78 employees (31 December 2020: 82).

#### VI. Other information

The financial statements, related disclosures and notes in this report are prepared, unless otherwise indicated, in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL).

### VII. Current or likely actual or legal barriers to immediate transfer of equity or repayment of debts between parent bank and its subsidiaries

None.

#### Convenience translation of publicly announced unconsolidated financial statements, related disclosures originally issued in Turkish, See Note I. of Section three

#### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. UNCONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION) FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

#### SECTION TWO

#### UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	ASSETS		Current Period 31 December 2021			Prior Period 31 December 2020		
		Notes	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
I.	FINANCIAL ASSETS (Net)		503,530	7,378,102	7,881,632	763,577	4,094,486	4,858,063
1.1	Cash and cash equivalents		495,637	7,269,315	7,764,952	742,717	4,076,598	4,819,315
1.1.1	Cash and balances Central Bank	(5.1.1)	56,417	5,657,687	5,714,104	11,939	3,164,050	3,175,989
1.1.2	Banks	(5.1.3)	440,269	1,611,628	2,051,897	731,428	912,548	1,643,976
1.1.3	Receivables from Money Markets		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.1.4	Expected credit losses (-)	(5.1.5)	1,049	-	1,049	650	-	650
1.2	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.2.1	Public debt securities		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.2.2	Equity instruments		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.2.3	Other financial assets		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.3	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.3.1	Public debt securities		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.3.2	Equity instruments		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.3.3	Other financial assets		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.4	Derivative financial assets	(5.1.2)	7,893	108,787	116,680	20,860	17,888	38,748
1.4.1	Derivative financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		7,893	108,787	116,680	20,860	17,888	38,748
1.4.2	Derivative financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	-	-
П.	FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT AMORTIZED COST		1,579,568	13,707,688	15,287,256		6,997,185	8,801,014
2.1	Loans	(5.1.6)	1,644,986	13,707,688	15,352,674	1,857,300	6,997,185	8,854,485
2.2	Receivables from leasing transactions		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.3	Factoring receivables		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.4	Other financial assets measured at amortised cost		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.4.1	Public debt securities		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.4.2	Other financial assets	(510	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.5	Expected credit losses (-)	(5.1.6)	65,418	-	65,418	53,471	-	53,471
III.	NON-CURRENTS ASSETS OR DISPOSAL GROUPS "HELD FOR							
3.1	SALE" AND "FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Net)		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.1	Held for sale Held from discontinued operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2	INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES, SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT		-	-	-	-	-	-
IV.	INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES, SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT VENTURES							
4.1	Investments in associates (Net)		-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>4.1</b> .1	Associates accounted by using equity method		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.1.1	Non-consolidated associates		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.1.2	Investments in subsidiaries (Net)		_	_				
4.2.1	Non-consolidated financial subsidiaries							
4.2.2	Non-consolidated non-financial subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.3	Jointly Controlled Partnerships (Joint Ventures) (Net)		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.3.1	Jointly controlled partnerships accounted by using equity method		_	-	-	-	-	-
4.3.2	Non-consolidated jointly controlled partnerships		-	-	-	-	-	-
V.	TANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)		11,410	-	11,410	6,671	-	6,671
VI.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS AND GOODWILL (Net)		8,068	-	8,068	6,438	-	6,438
6.1	Goodwill		-	-	-	-,	-	-
6.2	Other		8,068	-	8,068	6,438	-	6,438
VII.	INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Net)		-	-	-	-	-	-
VIII.	CURRENT TAX ASSETS		-	-	-	-	-	-
IX.	DEFERRED TAX ASSETS		7,363	-	7,363	12,656	-	12,656
X.	OTHER ASSETS	(5.1.16)	38,667	151,027	189,704	29,024	91,310	120,334
	TOTAL ASSETS		2,148,616	21,236,817	23,385,433	2,622,195	11,182,981	13,805,176

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

Convenience translation of publicly announced unconsolidated financial statements, related disclosures originally issued in Turkish, See Note I. of Section three

#### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. UNCONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION) FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

				Current Perio December 20		Prior Period 31 December 2020		
-	LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	Notes	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
I.	DEPOSITS	(5.2.1)	344,428	10,380,956	10,725,384	331,814	4,705,563	5,037,377
II.	BORROWINGS	(5.2.3)	-	11,033,914	11,033,914	708,084	6,822,787	7,530,871
III.	MONEY MARKET FUNDS		-	-	-	-	-	
IV.	MARKETABLE SECURITIES (Net)		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.1	Bills			-	-	-	-	-
4.2	Asset backed securities		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.3	Bonds		-	-		-	-	-
v.	FUNDS		-	-	-	-	-	-
5.1	Borrower funds		-	-	-	-	-	-
5.2	Other		-	-	-	-	-	-
VI.	FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS		-	-	-	-	-	-
VII.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	(5.2.2)	41,940	10,998	52,938	3,776	18,062	21,838
7.1	Derivative financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		41,940	10,998	52,938	3,776	18,062	21,838
7.2	Derivative financial liabilities at fair value through other comprehensive income		-	-	_	-	-	-
VIII.	FACTORING PAYABLES		-	-	-	-	-	-
IX.	LEASE PAYABLES (NET)	(5.2.6)	5,120	-	5,120	3,820	-	3,820
X.	PROVISIONS	(5.2.8)	23,558	-	23,558	22,006	-	22,006
10.1	Provision for restructuring	. ,	-	-	-	-	-	-
10.2	Reserves for employee benefits		19,359	-	19,539	17,551	-	17,551
10.3	Insurance technical reserves (Net)		-	-	-	-	-	-
10.4	Other provisions		4,199	-	4,199	4,455	-	4,455
XI.	CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES	(5.2.9)	26,770	-	26,770	12,626	-	12,626
XII.	DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES		-	-	-	-	-	-
XIII.	LIABILITIES RELATED TO NON-CURRENT ASSETS "HELD FOR							
лш.	SALE" AND "DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS" (Net)		-	-	-	-	-	-
13.1	Held for sale		-	-	-	-	-	-
13.2	Related to discontinued operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
XIV.	SUBORDINATED DEBT		-	-	-	-	-	-
14.1	Loans		-	-	-	-	-	-
14.2	Other debt instruments		-	-	-	-	-	-
XV.	OTHER LIABILITIES		21,393	34,650	56,043	12,393	80	12,473
XVI.	SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	(5.2.12)	1,461,706	-	1,461,706	1,164,165	-	1,164,165
16.1	Paid-in capital		527,700	-	527,700	527,700	-	527,700
16.2	Capital reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.1	Equity share premiums		-	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.2	Share cancellation profits		-	-	-	-	-	-
16.2.3	Other capital reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-
16.3	Other accumulated comprehensive income that will not be reclassified				(6.0)	(6.1)		(6.0)
	in profit or loss		(64)	-	(64)	(64)	-	(64)
16.4	Other accumulated comprehensive income that will be reclassified in profit							
16.5	or loss		-	-	-	-	-	-
16.5	Profit reserves		30,688		30,688	23,902 23,902	-	23,902
16.5.1 16.5.2	Legal reserves		30,688	-	30,688	25,902	-	23,902
16.5.2	Statutory reserves		-	-	-	-	-	
16.5.3	Extraordinary reserves Other profit reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-
16.5.4	Profit or loss		903,382	-	903,382	612,627	-	612,627
16.6.1	Profit or loss Prior years' profits or losses		903,382 605,841	-	903,382 605,841	476,914	-	476,914
16.6.1	Current period net profit or loss		297,451		297,541	135,713	-	135,713
16.6.2	Minority interests		297,431	-	297,341	155,/15	-	155,/15
10.7	winonty interests				-		-	-
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		1,924,915	21,640,518	23,385,433	2,258,684	11,546,492	13,805,176

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

Convenience translation of publicly announced unconsolidated financial statements, related disclosures originally issued in Turkish, See Note I. of Section three

#### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. UNCONSOLIDATED OFF BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

			31	urrent Period December 2021		Prior Period 31 December 2020		
		Notes	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	To
	OFF BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS (I+II+III)	(5.2.1)	2,667,082	15,724,122	18,391,204	1,606,376 501,606	7,567,338	9,173,7
1.	GUARANTEES AND WARRANTIES Letters of guarantee	(5.3.1)	600,180 600,180	2,096,186 587,449	2,696,366 1,187,629	501,606	916,408 352,627	1,418,0 854,2
1.1.	Guarantees subject to State Tender Law							0.54,2
1.2.	Guarantees given for foreign trade operations		-	-	-	-	-	
1.3.	Other letters of guarantee		600,180	587,449	1,187,629	501,606	352,627	854,2
2.	Bank acceptances		-	-	-	-	418	4
2.1.	Import letter of acceptance		-	-	-	-	418	4
2.2. 3.	Other bank acceptances Letters of credit		-	1,496,741	1,496,741	-	556,686	556,0
3.1.	Documentary letters of credit		-			-	-	
3.2.	Other letters of credit		-	1,496,741	1,496,741	-	556,686	556,6
4.	Pre-financing given as guarantee		-	-	-	-	-	
5.	Endorsements		-	-	-	-	-	
5.1.	Endorsements to the Central Bank of Turkey		-	-	-	-	-	
5.2. 6.	Other endorsements Purchase guarantees for Securities issued		-	-	-	-	-	
7.	Factoring guarantees							
8.	Other guarantees		-	11,996	11,996	-	6,677	6,
9.	Other warrantees		-	-	-	-	-	
	COMMITMENTS	(5.3.1)	312,687	4,551,482	4,864,169	132,731	156,249	288,
1.	Irrevocable commitments		312,687	4,551,482	4,864,169	132,731	156,249	288,
1.1.	Asset purchase and sales commitments		312,687	4,551,482	4,864,169	14,021	156,249	170,
1.2. 1.3.	Deposit purchase and sales commitments Share capital commitment to associates and subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	
1.3.	Loan granting commitments		-	-	-	118,710	-	118,
1.4.	Securities issue brokerage commitments		-	-	-		-	110
1.6.	Commitments for reserve requirements		-	-	-	-	-	
1.7.	Commitments for checks payments		-	-	-	-	-	
1.8.	Tax and fund liabilities from export commitments		-	-	-	-	-	
1.9.	Commitments for credit card expenditure limits		-	-	-	-	-	
1.10.	Commitments for credit cards and banking services promotions		-	-	-	-	-	
1.11. 1.12.	Receivables from short sale commitments of marketable securities Pavables for short sale commitments of marketable securities		-	-	-	-	-	
1.12.	Other irrevocable commitments		-	-	-	-	-	
2.	Revocable commitments				-			
2.1.	Revocable loan granting commitments		-	-	-	-	-	
2.2.	Other revocable commitments		-	-	-	-	-	
I.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS		1,754,215	9,076,454	10,830,669	972,039	6,494,681	7,466
1	Derivative financial instruments held for hedging		-	-	-	-	-	
1.1	Fair value hedges		-	-	-	-	-	
1.2	Cash flow hedges Hedges for investments made in foreign countries		-	-	-	-	-	
1.3 2	Trading transactions		1,754,215	9,076,454	10,830,669	972,039	6,494,681	7,466
2.1	Forward foreign currency purchase and sale transactions		244,259	1,942,936	2,187,195	618,491	1,592,748	2,211
2.1.1	Forward foreign currency purchase transactions		228,086	867,748	1,095,834	334,698	786,305	1,121
2.1.2	Forward foreign currency sale transactions		16,173	1,075,188	1,091,361	283,793	806,443	1,090,
2.2	Currency and interest rate swaps		1,509,956	7,133,518	8,643,474	353,548	4,901,933	5,255,
2.2.1	Currency swap purchase transactions		381,667	3,976,119	4,357,786	13,213	2,607,401	2,620,
2.2.2	Currency swap sale transactions		1,128,289	3,157,399	4,285,688	340,335	2,294,532	2,634
2.2.3 2.2.4	Interest rate swap purchase transactions Interest rate swap sale transactions		-	-	-	-	-	
2.2.4	Currency, interest rate and securities options		-	-	-	-	-	
2.3.1	Currency purchase options		_	_	-	-	_	
2.3.2	Currency sale options		-	-	-	-	-	
2.3.3	Interest rate purchase options		-	-	-	-	-	
2.3.4	Interest rate sale options		-	-	-	-	-	
2.3.5	Securities purchase options		-	-	-	-	-	
2.3.6	Securities sale options		-	-	-	-	-	
2.4 2.4.1	Currency futures Currency purchase futures		-	-	-	-	-	
2.4.1	Currency purchase futures Currency sale futures		-	-	-	-	-	
2.4.2	Interest rate futures		-	-	-	-	-	
2.5.1	Interest rate purchase futures		-	-	-	-	-	
2.5.2	Interest rate sale futures		-	-	-	-	-	
2.6	Other		-	-	-	-	-	
_	CUSTODY AND PLEDGED SECURITIES (IV+V+VI)		229	2,065,800	2,066,029	5,295	1,189,421	1,194
	ITEMS HELD IN CUSTODY		229	-	229	5,295	-	5
1.	Assets under management		-	-	-	-	-	
2. 3.	Securities held in custody Checks received for collection		229	-	229	5,295	-	5
5. 4.	Commercial notes received for collection			-		5,295	-	5
<del>1</del> . 5.	Other assets received for collection			-	-	-	-	
6.	Securities received for public offering		-	-	-	-	-	
7.	Other items under custody		-	-	-	-	-	
8.	Custodians		-	-	-	-	-	
	PLEDGED ITEMS		-	-	-	-	-	
1.	Marketable securities		-	-	-	-	-	
2.	Guarantee notes		-	-	-	-	-	
3. 4.	Commodity Warrant		-	-	-	-	-	
	Immovables		-	-	-	-	-	
5			-	-	-	-	-	
5. 6	Other pledged items							
5. 6. 7.	Other pledged items Depositories receiing pledged items		-	-	-	-	-	
5.	Other pledged items Depositories receiving pledged items ACCEPTED GUARANTEES AND WARRANTEES		-	2,065,800	2,065,800	-	1,189,421	1,189

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

## MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

1.1       Inte         1.2       Inte         1.3       Inte         1.4       Inte         1.5       Inte         1.5.1       Fin         1.5.2       Fin         1.5.3       Fin         1.6       Fin         1.7       Ott         2.1       Inte         2.3       Inte         2.4       Inte         2.5       Lee         2.6       Ott         HI.       NE         4.1.1       No         4.2.2       Ott         4.2.2       Ott         V.       DIT         V.       DIT         6.1       Pro         6.2       Pro         6.3       For         VIII.       GF	iTEREST INCOME         terest on loans         terest received from meserve deposits         terest received from money market transactions         terest received from marketable securities portfolio         nancial assets at fair value through profit or loss         nancial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income         nancial assets measured at amortised cost         nance lease income         ther interest income <b>TEREST EXPENSES (-)</b> terest on deposits         terest on securities issued         ease interest expense         ther interest expenses <b>ET INTEREST INCOME/EXPENSE (I - II) ET EXPENSIONS INCOME/EXPENSES</b> ess and commissions received         on-cash loans	(5.4.1)	473,611 423,481 3,469 40,562 5,125 - - - 974 92,010 68,242 20,144 2,420 - 954 250 381,601 (2,714) 2,710	<b>330,439</b> 278,331 484 46,359 3,619 - - 1,646 <b>97,894</b> 64,774 30,492 485 - 965 1,178 <b>232,545</b>
1.2       Inte         1.3       Inte         1.4       Inte         1.5       Inte         1.5.1       Fin         1.5.2       Fin         1.5.3       Fin         1.5.4       Fin         1.5.7       Ott         1.5.8       Fin         1.7       Ott         1.8       IN         2.1       Inte         2.2       Inte         2.3       Inte         2.4       Inte         2.5       Lee         2.6       Ott         III.       Ne         IV.       NE         V.       Ne         4.1.1       No         4.2.2       Ott         V.       DT         VI       DT         6.1       Prc         6.2       Prc         6.3       For         VIII.       GF	terest received from reserve deposits terest received from banks terest received from marketable securities portfolio nancial assets at fair value through profit or loss nancial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income nancial assets measured at amortised cost nance lease income ther interest income <b>VTEREST EXPENSES (-)</b> terest on deposits terest on funds borrowed terest on money market transactions terest on securities issued aase interest expenses <b>ET INTEREST INCOME/EXPENSE (I - II)</b> <b>ET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSES</b> we and commissions received on-cash loans ther set and commissions paid (-)	(5.4.2)	3,469 40,562 5,125 - - - 974 <b>92,010</b> 68,242 20,144 2,420 - 954 2,50 <b>381,601</b> (2,714)	484 46,359 3,619 - - - 1,646 <b>97,894</b> 64,774 30,492 485 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
1.3       International state in the state	terest received from banks terest received from money market transactions terest received from marketable securities portfolio nancial assets at fair value through profit or loss nancial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income nancial assets measured at amortised cost nance lease income ther interest income <b>VTEREST EXPENSES (-)</b> terest on deposits terest on noney market transactions terest on oney market transactions terest on securities issued asse interest expense ther interest expenses <b>ET INTEREST INCOME/EXPENSE (I - II)</b> <b>ET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSES</b> ses and commissions received on-cash loans ther res and commissions paid (-)	(5.4.2)	40,562 5,125 - - 974 92,010 68,242 20,144 2,420 - 954 250 381,601 (2,714)	46,359 3,619 - - 1,646 <b>97,894</b> 64,774 30,492 485 - - 965 1,178
1.4       International systems         1.5       International systems         1.5.1       Fin         1.5.2       Fin         1.5.3       Fin         1.6       Fin         1.7       Ott         1.7       Ott         1.7       Ott         1.7       Ott         1.1       International systems         2.2       International systems         2.3       International systems         2.4       International systems         2.5       Lease         2.6       Ott         4.1       Nee         4.1.1       Nee         4.1.2       Ott         4.2.2       Ott         4.2.2       Ott         V.       DT         6.1       Proc         6.2       Proc         6.3       Fon         VIII.       OT	terest received from money market transactions terest received from marketable securities portfolio nancial assets at fair value through profit or loss nancial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income nancial assets measured at amortised cost nance lease income ther interest income <b>XTEREST EXPENSES (-)</b> terest on deposits terest on funds borrowed terest on money market transactions terest on securities issued asse interest expense ther interest expenses <b>ET INTEREST INCOME/EXPENSE (I - II)</b> <b>ET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSES</b> ses and commissions received on-cash loans ther ses and commissions paid (-)	(5.4.2)	5,125 - - 974 92,010 68,242 20,144 2,420 - 954 250 381,601 (2,714)	3,619 - - 1,646 <b>97,894</b> 64,774 30,492 485 - 965 1,178
1.5       International state in the state	terest received from marketable securities portfolio nancial assets at fair value through profit or loss nancial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income nancial assets measured at amortised cost nance lease income TEREST EXPENSES (-) terest on deposits terest on deposits terest on money market transactions terest on securities issued ease interest expenses ET INTEREST INCOME/EXPENSE (I - II) ET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSES es and commissions received on-cash loans ther set and commissions paid (-)	(5.4.2)	974 92,010 68,242 20,144 2,420 954 250 381,601 (2,714)	1,646 <b>97,894</b> 64,774 30,492 485 965 1,178
1.5.2       Fin         1.5.3       Fin         1.6       Fin         1.7       Ott         1.7       Ott         1.7       Int         2.1       Int         2.2       Int         2.3       Int         2.4       Int         2.5       Lea         2.6       Ott         HL       NE         4.1       Fee         4.1.1       No         4.2.2       Fee         4.2.1       No         4.2.2       Ott         V.       DT         VI       DT         6.1       Prc         6.2       Prc         6.3       For         VII.       OT         VIII.       GF	nancial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income nancial assets measured at amortised cost nance lease income ther interest income <b>VTEREST EXPENSES (-)</b> terest on deposits terest on noney market transactions terest on noey market transactions terest on securities issued asse interest expense ther interest expenses <b>ET INTEREST INCOME/EXPENSE (I - II)</b> <b>ET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSES</b> es and commissions received on-cash loans ther tere and commissions paid (-)	(5.4.2)	92,010 68,242 20,144 2,420 - 954 250 381,601 (2,714)	<b>97,894</b> 64,774 30,492 485 965 1,178
1.5.3       Fin         1.6       Fin         1.7       Ott         1.7       Int         2.1       Int         2.2       Int         2.3       Int         2.4       Int         2.5       Lee         2.6       Ott         III.       NE         4.1       Fee         4.1.1       No         4.2.2       Ott         4.2.2       Ott         V.       DIT         V.       DIT         6.1       Pre         6.2       Pre         6.3       Ott         VII.       OT         VIII.       GF	nancial assets measured at amortised cost nance lease income ther interest income TTEREST EXPENSES (-) terest on deposits terest on funds borrowed terest on money market transactions terest on securities issued ease interest expenses ther interest expenses <b>ET INTEREST INCOME/EXPENSE (I - II)</b> <b>ET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSES</b> ess and commissions received on-cash loans ther ses and commissions paid (-)	(5.4.2)	92,010 68,242 20,144 2,420 - 954 250 381,601 (2,714)	<b>97,894</b> 64,774 30,492 485 965 1,178
1.6       Fin         1.7       Ott         II.       IN         2.1       Inte         2.2       Inte         2.3       Inte         2.4       Inte         2.5       Lee         2.6       Ott         III.       NE         4.1       Fee         4.1.1       No         4.2.2       Ott         V.       DI         V.       DI         VII.       OT         VIII.       GF	nance lease income ther interest income <b>TTEREST EXPENSES (-)</b> terest on deposits terest on funds borrowed terest on scuritics issued terest on scuritics issued terest on scuritics issued ther interest expenses <b>ET INTEREST INCOME/EXPENSE (I - II)</b> <b>ET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSES</b> tes and commissions received on-cash loans ther ther tes and commissions paid (-)	(5.4.2)	92,010 68,242 20,144 2,420 - 954 250 381,601 (2,714)	<b>97,894</b> 64,774 30,492 485 965 1,178
1.7       Ott         II.       IN'         2.1       Inti         2.2       Inti         2.3       Inti         2.4       Inti         2.5       Lea         2.6       Ott         IV.       NE         4.1       No         4.2.2       Ott         4.2.1       No         4.2.2       Ott         V.       DI'         VI       DI'         6.1       Prc         6.2       Prc         6.3       For         VIII.       GF	ther interest income TEREST EXPENSES (-) terest on deposits terest on funds borrowed terest on money market transactions terest on securities issued asse interest expense ther interest expenses <b>ET INTEREST INCOME/EXPENSE (I - II)</b> <b>ET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSES</b> ses and commissions received on-cash loans ther ter and commissions paid (-)	(5.4.2)	92,010 68,242 20,144 2,420 - 954 250 381,601 (2,714)	<b>97,894</b> 64,774 30,492 485 965 1,178
II.         IN'           2.1         Into           2.2         Into           2.3         Into           2.4         Into           2.5         Lee           2.6         Ott           III.         NE           4.1         Fee           4.1.1         Foe           4.2.2         Ott           4.2.2         Ott           4.2.2         Ott           V.         DIT           VI         TR           6.1         Prc           6.2         Prc           6.3         For           VII.         OT           VIII.         GF	WTEREST EXPENSES (-)         terest on deposits         terest on noney market transactions         terest on noney market transactions         terest on securities issued         asse interest expense         ther interest expenses         ET INTEREST INCOME/EXPENSE (I - II)         ET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSES         tes and commissions received         on-cash loans         ther         tes and commissions paid (-)	(5.4.2)	92,010 68,242 20,144 2,420 - 954 250 381,601 (2,714)	<b>97,894</b> 64,774 30,492 485 965 1,178
2.1         Intu           2.2         Intu           2.3         Intu           2.4         Intu           2.5         Lea           2.6         Ott           III.         NE           4.1         Fec           4.1.1         No           4.1.2         Fec           4.2.1         No           4.2.2         Ott           V.         DIT           VI         TR           6.1         Prc           6.2         Prc           6.3         For           VII.         OT           VIII.         GR	terest on deposits terest on funds borrowed terest on money market transactions terest on securities issued ease interest expenses <b>ET INTEREST INCOME/EXPENSE (I - II)</b> <b>ET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSES</b> ess and commissions received on-cash loans ther ese and commissions paid (-)		68,242 20,144 2,420 - 954 250 <b>381,601</b> (2,714)	64,774 30,492 485 965 1,178
2.3     Integrad       2.4     Integrad       2.5     Lease       2.6     Ott       III.     NE       IV.     NE       IV.     NE       4.1     No       4.1.2     Ott       4.2     Feec       4.2.1     No       4.2.2     Ott       V.     DT       VI     Tre       6.1     Pro       6.3     For       VIII.     GF	terest on money market transactions terest on securities issued ease interest expense ther interest expenses ET INTEREST INCOME/EXPENSE (I - II) ET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSES ess and commissions received on-cash loans ther ess and commissions paid (-)		2,420 954 250 <b>381,601</b> (2,714)	485 965 1,178
2.4 Into 2.5 Lee 2.6 Ott III. NE IV. NE 4.1 Fec 4.1.1 Fec 4.1.2 Ott 4.2.2 Fec 4.2.2 Ott V. DI VI TR 6.1 Prc 6.2 Prc 6.3 For VIII. GF	terest on securities issued ase interest expense ther interest expenses <b>ET INTEREST INCOME/EXPENSE (I - II)</b> <b>ET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSES</b> es and commissions received on-cash loans ther es and commissions paid (-)		954 250 <b>381,601</b> (2,714)	965 1,178
2.5 Lea 2.6 Ott III. NE IV. NE 4.1 Fec 4.1.1 No 4.1.2 Ott 4.2 Fec 4.2.1 No 4.2.2 Ott V. DI VI TR 6.1 Prc 6.2 Prc 6.3 For VII. OT VII. GR	ease interest expense ther interest expenses ET INTEREST INCOME/EXPENSE (I - II) ET FFES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSES ses and commissions received on-cash loans ther ese and commissions paid (-)		250 381,601 (2,714)	1,178
2.6         Ott           III.         NE           IV.         NE           4.1         Fee           4.1.1         No           4.1.2         Ott           4.2.1         No           4.2.2         Ott           V.         DT           V.         DT           6.1         Prc           6.2         Prc           6.3         For           VII.         GF	ther interest expenses ET INTEREST INCOME/EXPENSE (I - II) ET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSES was and commissions received on-cash loans ther was and commissions paid (-)		250 381,601 (2,714)	1,178
III.         NE           IV.         NE           4.1         Fea           4.1.1         Foa           4.1.2         Ott           4.2         Fea           4.2.1         No           4.2.2         Ott           V.         DT           VI         TR           6.1         Prc           6.2         Prc           6.3         Fon           VIII.         GF	ET INTEREST INCOME/EXPENSE (I - II) ET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSES ess and commissions received on-cash loans ther ess and commissions paid (-)		381,601 (2,714)	
IV.         NE           4.1         Fee           4.1.1         No           4.1.2         Ott           4.2         Fee           4.2.1         No           4.2.2         Ott           V.         DI           VI         TR           6.1         Prc           6.3         Fro           VIII.         GR	ET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSES ess and commissions received on-cash loans ther ess and commissions paid (-)		(2,714)	
4.1         Fee           4.1.1         No           4.1.2         Ott           4.2         Fee           4.2.1         No           4.2.2         Ott           V.         DI           VI         TR           6.1         Prc           6.3         For           VII.         GR	ees and commissions received on-cash loans ther ses and commissions paid (-)			(4,662)
4.1.2     Ott       4.2     Fee       4.2.1     No       4.2.2     Ott       V.     DT       VI     TR       6.1     Pro       6.2     Pro       6.3     Pro       VII.     OT       VII.     OT	ther ees and commissions paid (-)		36,740	31,028
4.2         Fee           4.2.1         No           4.2.2         Ott           V.         DI           VI         TR           6.1         Pro           6.3         For           VII.         OI           VII.         OI	ees and commissions paid (-)		9,757	5,221
4.2.1         No           4.2.2         Ott           V.         DI           VI         TR           6.1         Pro           6.3         For           VII.         OI           VII.         OI			26,983	25,807
4.2.2         Ott           V.         DI           VI         TR           6.1         Pro           6.2         Pro           6.3         For           VII.         OI           VIII.         GF	on-cash loans		39,454	35,690
V.         DI           VI         TR           6.1         Pro           6.2         Pro           6.3         For           VII.         OI           VIII.         GF	de au			-
VI         TR           6.1         Pro           6.2         Pro           6.3         For           VII.         OT           VIII.         GF	IVIDEND INCOME		39,454	35,690
6.1 Pro 6.2 Pro 6.3 For VII. OT VIII. GF	RADING PROFIT/LOSS (Net)	(5.4.4)	125,463	54,110
6.2 Pro 6.3 For VII. OT VIII. GF	ofit/losses from capital market transactions	(0111)		
VII. OT VIII. GF	ofit/losses from derivative financial transactions		52,409	45,644
VIII. GF	oreign exchange profit/losses		73,054	8,466
	THER OPERATING INCOME	(5.4.5)	2,350	507
IV EV	ROSS PROFIT FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (III+IV+V+VI+VII)	(5.4.0)	506,700	282,500
	XPECTED CREDIT LOSSES (-) THER PROVISION EXPENSES (-)	(5.4.6) (5.4.6)	12,795 8,626	15,108 13,299
	ERSONNEL EXPENSES (-)	(3.4.0)	52,988	45,448
	THER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)	(5.4.7)	38,728	34,044
XIII. NE	ET OPERATING PROFIT/LOSS (VIII-IX-X-XI-XII)		393,563	174,601
	URPLUS WRITTEN AS GAIN		-	-
	FTER MERGER			
	ROFIT/LOSS FROM EQUITY METHOD APPLIED SUBSIDIARIES		-	-
	ET MONETARY POSITION GAIN/LOSS ROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAXES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS (XIII++XVI)		393,563	174,601
	ROVISION FOR TAXES ON INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS (±)	(5.4.8)	96,022	38,888
	irrent tax provision	(01110)	90,729	35,459
18.2 Exp	spense effect of deferred tax (+)		5,293	3,429
	come effect of deferred tax (-)			
	ET PROFIT/LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS (XVII±XVIII)	(5.4.9)	297,541	135,713
	COME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS come from assets held for sale		-	-
	ofit from sale of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures			
	ther income from discontinued operations		-	-
	<b>XPENSES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (-)</b>		-	-
	spenses on assets held for sale		-	-
	osses from sale of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures		-	-
	ther expenses from discontinued operations		-	-
	ROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAXES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XX-XXI) AX PROVISION FOR DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)		-	-
	arrent tax provision		-	-
	spense effect of deferred tax (+)		-	-
	come effect of deferred tax (-)		-	-
XXIV. NE	ET PROFIT/LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XXII±XXIII)		-	-
	ET PROFIT/LOSSES (XIX+XXIV)	(5.4.10)	297,541	135,713
	uity holders of the Bank on-controlling interest (-)		-	-
25.2 No Pro	on-controlling interest (_)		-	-

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

	PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	Current Period 1 January 2021- 31 December 2021	Prior Period 1 January 2020- 31 December 2020
I.	PROFIT (LOSS)	297,541	135,713
II.	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	-	(58)
2.1.	Other Comprehensive Income That Will Not Be Reclassified to Profit or Loss	-	(58)
2.1.1.	Gains (Losses) on Revaluation of Property, Plant and Equipment	-	-
2.1.2.	Gains (losses) on revaluation of Intangible Assets	-	-
2.1.3.	Gains (losses) on remeasurements of defined benefit plans	-	(73)
2.1.4.	Other Components of Other Comprehensive Income That Will Not Be Reclassified to Profit Or Loss	-	-
2.1.5.	Taxes Relating To Components Of Other Comprehensive Income That Will Not Be Reclassified To Profit Or Loss	-	15
2.2.	Other Comprehensive Income That Will Be Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	-	-
2.1.1.	Exchange Differences on Translation	-	-
2.2.2.	Valuation and/or Reclassification Profit or Loss from financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-
2.2.3.	Income (Loss) Related with Cash Flow Hedges	-	-
2.2.4.	Income (Loss) Related with Hedges of Net Investments in Foreign Operations	-	-
2.2.5.	Other Components of Other Comprehensive Income that will be Reclassified to Other Profit or Loss	-	-
2.2.6.	Taxes Relating To Components Of Other Comprehensive Income That Will Be Reclassified To Profit Or Loss	-	-
III.	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (I+II)	297,541	135,655

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

STATEMENT OF CH	STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY					Income or Expense That Will Not Be Reclassified In Profit or Loss	Reclassified In Profit or Loss		Income or Expense 1 hat Will Be Reclassified In Profit or Loss	rofit or Loss				
		Paid in Capital	Share Premiums	Share Share Cancellation Other Capital Profits Reserves	Other Capital Reserves	-	2	3	4	ю	Profit 6 Reserves	Prior Period Net Income / (Loss)	Current Period Net In come / (Loss)	Total Sharehold ers' Equity
Prior Period 31 December 2020	ther 2020												~	
Balance at the beginning of the period	ng of the period	527,700	•				(9)				- 14,936	485,880	•	1,028,510
Adjustment in accordance with 1AS 8	nce with 1 AS 8	•	•	•	•								'	
Effect of adjustment	untine noliciae													
Effect of changes in accounting policies New Balance (I+II)	ounting policies	527.700					. (9)				- 14.936	485.880		1.028.51
Total Comprehensive Income	ncome	-					(58)	,		,	-	-	135,713	135,655
Capital Increase by Cash	sh			'										
Capital Increase through Internal Reserves	gh Internal Reserves	•	•	•	•	•		,		,	'	'	'	
Issued capital inflation adjustment difference	adjustment difference													
Convertible Bonds														
Suborunated Debt Instruments Increase/(Decrease) through Oth	suborunateu Debt Instruments Increase/(Decrease) through Other Changes, equity													
Profit Distribution											- 8,966	(8,966)	'	
Dividents distributed					,	,		,	,	,			,	
Transfers to legal reserves	cs			'							- 8,966	(8,966)	'	
Other				•	•						•		•	
Period End Balance		527,700	•	•	•	•	(64)				- 23,902	476,914	135,713	1,164,165
Current Period 31 December 2021	ember 2021													
Balance at the beginning of the period	ng of the period	527,700	'			'	(64)		,		- 23,902	612,627	'	1,164,165
Aujustment III accortance with 1AS o Effect of adjustment	ILCE WITH TWO O													
Effect of changes in accounting policies	unting policies													
New Balance (I+II)	0	527,700	'	'	'		(64)	,	,	,	- 23,902	612,627	'	1,164,165
<b>Total Comprehensive Income</b>	ncome		'	'	'	'		,	,	,	'	'	297,541	297,54
Capital Increase by Cash	sh													
Capital Increase through Internal Reserves	gh Internal Reserves			•		•								
Issued capital inflation adjustment difference	adjustment difference		•	'	'	'			,	,		'	'	
Subordinated Debt Instruments	truments													
Increase/(Decrease) thr	(ncrease/(Decrease) through Other Changes, equity												,	
<b>Profit Distribution</b>	•		'	'							- 6,786	(6,786)	'	
Dividents distributed			•	•	•							1	•	
Transfers to legal reserves	es										- 6,786	6,786		
Period End Balance		- 27.700					-				30.688	605.841	- 297.541	1.461.706
I CI ION FIIN DAIAIICC		0016170					(10)	•			- 000,00	1-0,000	11041 67	1,4101,1

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

## MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

		Notes	Current Period 31 December 2021	Prior Period 31 December 2020
A.	CASH FLOWS FROM BANKING OPERATIONS			
1.1	Operating profit before changes in operating assets and liabilities		379,080	214,785
1.1.1	Interest received		462,879	376,593
1.1.2	Interest paid		(88,158)	(115,531)
1.1.3	Dividends received		-	-
1.1.4	Fees and commissions received		36,740	31,028
1.1.5	Other income		2,350	507
1.1.6	Collections from previously written off loans and other receivables		-	-
1.1.7	Cash payments to personnel and service suppliers		(60,473)	(53,366)
1.1.8	Taxes paid		(144,257)	(39,535)
1.1.9	Other	(5.6.3)	169,999	15,089
1.2	Changes in operating assets and liabilities		178,286	380,067
1.2.1	Net (increase) decrease in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		-	-
1.2.2	Net (increase) decrease in due from banks		(2,559,098)	(623,414)
1.2.3	Net (increase) decrease in loans		(6,488,965)	(1,793,473)
1.2.4	Net (increase) decrease in other assets	(5.6.3)	(63,448)	(17,033)
1.2.5	Net increase (decrease) in bank deposits	. ,	4,316,438	505,614
1.2.6	Net increase (decrease) in other deposits		1,370,105	128,298
1.2.7	Net increase (decrease) in financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		-	-
1.2.8	Net increase (decrease) in funds borrowed		3,501,609	2,191,120
1.2.9	Net increase (decrease) in matured payables		-	-,,
1.2.10	Net increase (decrease) in other liabilities	(5.6.3)	101.645	(11.045)
Ι.	Net cash provided from banking operations	()	557,366	594,852
В.	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
I.	Net cash provided from investing activities		(12,323)	(4,829)
2.1	Cash paid for the purchase of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures		(12,020)	(.,,,)
2.2	Cash obtained from the sale of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures			-
2.3	Cash paid for the purchase of tangible and intangible asset		(7,413)	(3,425)
2.4	Cash obtained from the sale of tangible and intangible asset		(980)	(3,120)
2.5	Cash paid for the purchase of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		()00)	
2.6	Cash obtained from the sale of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income			-
2.7	Cash paid for the purchase of financial assets at amortised cost			
2.8	Cash obtained from sale of financial assets at amortised cost			
2.9	Other		(3,930)	(1,405)
C.	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(5,750)	(1,405)
ш.	Net cash flows from financing activities		(2,789)	(2,826)
3.1	Cash obtained from funds borrowed and securities issued		(2,70))	(2,020)
3.2	Cash outflow from funds borrowed and securities issued		-	-
3.2 3.3	Equity instruments issued		-	-
3.4	Dividends paid		-	-
3.5	Payments for lease liabilities		(2,789)	(2,753)
			(2,789)	
8.6 V	Other	(5 ( 2))	(15( 707)	(73)
<b>V</b> .	Effect of change in foreign exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents	(5.6.3)	(156,787)	(53,893)
V.	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(5 ( 1)	385,467	533,304
VI.	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	(5.6.1)	1,668,541	1,135,237
VII.	Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	(5.6.1)	2,054,008	1,668,541

; accompanying notes are an integral part of these unconsolidated financ

## MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. PROFIT APPROPRIATION STATEMENT FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

		Notes	Current Period 31 December 2021	Prior Period 31 December 2020
I.	DISTRIBUTION OF CURRENT YEAR PROFIT			
1.1	CURRENT YEAR'S PROFIT		393,563	174,601
1.2	TAXES AND LEGAL DUTIES PAYABLE		96,022	38,888
1.2.1	Corporate tax (income tax)		90,729	35,459
1.2.2	Withholding tax		-	-
1.2.3	Other taxes and duties		5,293	3,429
A.	NET PROFIT FOR THE YEAR (1.1-1.2)		297,541	135,713
1.3	ACCUMULATED LOSSES		-	-
1.4	FIRST LEGAL RESERVES		-	6,786
1.5	OTHER STATUTORY RESERVES		-	-
B.	NET PROFIT AVAILABLE FOR DISTRIBUTION [A-(1.3+1.4+1.5)]		297,541	128,927
1.6	FIRST DIVIDEND TO SHAREHOLDERS		-	-
1.6.1	To owners of ordinary shares		-	-
1.6.2	To owners of privileged shares		-	-
1.6.3	To owners of redeemed shares		-	-
1.6.4	To profit sharing bonds		-	-
1.6.5	To holders of profit and loss sharing certificates		-	-
1.7	DIVIDENDS TO PERSONNEL		-	-
1.8	DIVIDENDS TO BOARD OF DIRECTORS		-	-
1.9	SECOND DIVIDEND TO SHAREHOLDERS		-	-
1.9.1	To owners of ordinary shares		-	-
1.9.2	To owners of privileged shares		-	-
1.9.3	To owners of redeemed shares		-	-
1.9.4	To profit sharing bonds		-	-
1.9.5	To holders of profit and loss sharing certificates		-	-
1.10	SECOND LEGAL RESERVES		-	-
1.11	STATUS RESERVES		-	-
1.12	EXTRAORDINARY RESERVES		-	-
1.13	OTHER RESERVES		-	-
1.14	SPECIAL FUNDS		-	-
II.	DISTRIBUTION FROM RESERVES		-	-
2.1	DISTRIBUTION OF RESERVES		-	-
2.2	SECOND LEGAL RESERVES		-	-
2.3	DIVIDENTS TO SHAREHOLDERS		-	-
2.3.1	To owners of ordinary shares		-	-
2.3.2	To owners of privileged shares		-	-
2.3.3	To owners of redeemed shares		-	-
2.3.4	To profit sharing bonds		-	-
2.3.5	To holders of profit and loss sharing certificates		-	-
2.4	DIVIDENDS TO PERSONNEL		-	-
2.5	DIVIDENDS TO BOARD OF DIRECTORS		-	-
III.	EARNINGS PER SHARE		-	-
3.1	TO OWNERS OF ORDINARY SHARES (Earning per 100 shares)		-	-
3.2	TO OWNERS OF ORDINARY SHARES (%)		-	-
3.3	TO OWNERS OF PRIVILEGED SHARES		-	-
3.4	TO OWNERS OF PRIVILEGED SHARES (%)		-	-
IV.	DIVIDEND PER SHARE		-	-
4.1	TO OWNERS OF ORDINARY SHARES		-	-
4.2	TO OWNERS OF ORDINARY SHARES (%)		-	-
4.3	TO OWNERS OF PRIVILEGED SHARES		-	-
4.4	TO OWNERS OF PRIVILEGED SHARES (%)		-	

: accompanying notes are an integral part of these unconsolidated financ

MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

#### SECTION THREE

#### EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### I. Explanations on the basis of presentation

#### 1. Preparation of the financial statements and the accompanying footnotes in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards and the Communiqué on Principles and Procedures on the Accounting Practice and Documentation of Banks

The Bank prepares its financial statements in accordance within the scope of the "Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents" related with Banking Act numbered 5411 published in the Official Gazette no.26333 dated 1 November 2006 and in accordance with the regulations, communiqués, interpretations and legislations related to reporting principles on accounting records of Banks published by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") and Turkish Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" put into effect by Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") for those matters not regulated by the aforementioned regulations. The format and content of the publicly announced unconsolidated financial statements and notes to these statements, Explanations and Notes to These Financial Statements" and "Communiqué On Disclosures About Risk Management To Be Announced To Public By Banks" and amendments to this Communiqué. The Bank maintains its books in Turkish Lira in accordance with the Banking Law, Turkish Commercial Code and Turkish Tax Legislation.

The financial statements are prepared in Turkish Lira (TL) based on the historical cost convention, except for the financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value.

The preparation of unconsolidated financial statements in conformity with TFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates by the Bank management to exercise its judgment on the assets and liabilities of the balance sheet and contingent issues as of the balance sheet date. These estimates, which include the fair value calculations of financial instruments and impairments of financial assets are being audited regularly and, when necessary, suitable corrections are made and the effects of these corrections are reflected to the income statement. Assumptions and estimates that are used in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements are explained in the following related disclosures.

The Bank had taken the permission to launch as a deposit accepting bank from the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") at 20 December 2012. In order to start operations the Bank initiated the necessary procedures as of 14 February 2013. Banking operations permit was obtained at 19 September 2013 and the Bank started its operations on 28 November 2013.

The COVID-19 virus, which first appeared in China and spread rapidly worldwide in a short time, started to appear in our country in March. The COVID-19 virus, which was declared epidemic by the World Health Organization, had economic and social impacts worldwide. In order to slow down the epidemic, many measures have been taken, including in our country, to restrict travels around the world, to take quarantine measures, to increase remote work, and various arrangements, which are followed by the Bank, are made to reduce the economic effects of the epidemic. The Bank explained the effects of COVID-19, which it reflects in the financial statements dated 31 December 2021, in the following sections.

#### 2. Accounting policies and valuation principles applied in preparation of financial statements

The accounting policies and valuation principles used in the preparation of the financial statements are selected and applied in accordance with the requirements set out in Turkish Accounting Standards ("TAS"), Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS"). The accounting policies and valuation principles applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements are explained in Notes II and XXIV below. On January 20, 2022, the Public Oversight Authority made a statement on the Implementation of Financial Reporting in High Inflation Economies within the Scope of Turkish Financial Reporting Standards, Financial Reporting Standard for Large and Medium Sized Enterprises. Accordingly, it has been stated that businesses applying TFRS do not need to make any adjustments in their financial statements for 2021 within the scope of TAS 29 Financial Reporting in High Inflation Economies.

MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

### **EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

#### I. Explanations on the basis of presentation (Continued)

#### 3. Explanation for convenience translation to English

The differences between accounting principles, as described in these preceding paragraphs and accounting principles generally accepted in countries in which consolidated financial statements are to be distributed and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") have not been quantified in these consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, these consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations and changes in financial position and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in such countries and IFRS.

### II. Explanations on financial instruments

TFRS 9 "Financial Instruments", which is effective as at 1 January 2018 is published by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") in the Official Gazette numbered 29953 dated 19 January 2017. TFRS 9 will replace TAS 39 Financial Instruments: recognition and measurement, related to the classification and measurement of financial instruments.

All recognized financial assets that are within the scope of TFRS 9 are required to be subsequently measured at financial assets measured at amortized cost, financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets measured at fair value through profit/loss. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortized cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, and that have contractual terms that give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, are generally measured at FVTOCI. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair value at the end of subsequent accounting periods. In addition, under TFRS 9, entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognized in profit or loss. Dividends on such investments are recognised in profit/loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment.

#### Initial measurement of financial instruments:

The classification of financial instruments at initial recognition depends on the contractual conditions and the relevant business model.

#### Classification of financial instruments:

On which category a financial instruments shall be classified at initial recognition depends on both the business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

#### Business model assessment:

As per TFRS 9, the Bank's business model is determined at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective.

#### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

### **EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

#### II. Explanations on financial instruments (Continued)

During assessment of the business model for management of financial assets, it must be considered all relevant evidence that is available at the date of the assessment. Such relevant evidence includes below:

- How the performance of the business model and the financial assets held within that business model are reported to the Bank's key management personnel;
- the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and, in particular, the way in which those risks are managed; and
- how managers of the business are compensated (for example, whether the compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or on the contractual cash flows collected).

A business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows: A business model whose objective is to hold the assets of the Bank in order to collect contractual cash flows are managed to realise cash flows by collecting contractual payments over the life of the instrument. The financial assets that are held within the scope of this business model are measured at amortised cost when the contractual terms of the financial asset meet the condition of giving rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

#### Measurement categories of financial assets and liabilities:

As of 1 January 2018, the Bank classified all its financial assets based on the business model for managing the financial assets. Accordingly, financial assets are classified in three main categories as listed below:

- ✓ Financial assets measured at amortized cost
- ✓ Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and
- ✓ Financial assets measured at fair value through profit/loss.

As of 31 December 2021, the Bank revised the valuation of its financial assets due to the negative effects of the COVID-19 pandemic. For the determination of the probability of default and loss given default parameter values, 5 years Turkey Credit Risk (CDS) levels were taken into account as fundamental macroeconomic factors. The average CDS level of the last one year was used retrospectively for the calculated expected credit losses as of 31 December 2021.

As of 31 December 2021, the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on expected credit losses, in terms of the bank's customer profile and the banking products and services it provided, was indirect, and remained limited, through changes in CDS and exchange rates. The Bank will reevaluate the relevant parameter weights and the effects of the pandemic in the upcoming reporting periods within the framework of macroeconomic expectations.

#### Financial assets measured at fair value through profit/loss

Financial assets valued at fair value through profit or loss are valued at their fair values and gain/loss arising on those assets is recorded in the statement of profit or loss. Interest income earned on trading securities and the difference between their acquisition costs and amortized costs are recorded as interest income in the statement of profit or loss. The differences between the amortized costs and the fair values of such securities are recorded under trading account income/losses in the statement of profit or loss. In cases where such securities are sold before their maturities, the gains/losses on such sales are recorded under trading account income/losses. The Bank does not have any FVPL instruments except Derivative transactions.

### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

### **EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

#### II. Explanations on financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

In accordance with TFRS 9, if the following conditions are met, the related financial assets should be measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. The Bank does not have any FVOCI instruments as of 31 December 2021.

- Financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and
- Contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

#### Financial assets measured at amortized cost

If an asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, a financial asset is measured at amortized cost

#### Loans:

Financial assets other than those held for trading in short term or generated through providing money, commodity and services to debtors.

Loans and receivables are recognized at cost and measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The expected loss calculated for the relevant financial assets in accordance with TFRS 9 is presented in Section 5, Note 6.2.

#### Impairment:

A loss allowance for expected credit losses is provided for all financial assets measured at amortised cost and financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, all financial assets, which are not measured at fair value through profit or loss, commitments and financial guarantee contracts in accordance with TFRS 9 principles. Equity instruments are not subject to impairment assessment as they are measured at fair value. Measurement of the expected credit losses reflects:

- ✓ Neutral weighted amount determined by evaluating potential results
- $\checkmark$  Time value of money
- ✓ Reasonable and supportable information on past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions at the reporting date

#### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

#### **EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

#### II. Explanations on financial instruments (Continued)

#### Measurement of expected credit losses:

The expected credit loss estimates are required to be unbiased, probability-weighted and should include supportable information about past events, current conditions, and forecasts of future economic conditions. These financial assets will be divided into three categories depending on the gradual increase in credit risk observed since their initial recognition. Impairment is classified as the following three categories depending on the outstanding balance in each category:

- Stage 1: Includes financial assets not having significant increase in their credit risk from initial recognition till the following reporting date or financial assets having low credit risk at the reporting date. It is recognized 12-month expected credit losses for such financial assets.
- Stage 2: Includes financial assets having significant increase in their credit risk subsequent to the initial recognition, but not having objective evidence about impairment. It is recognized life time expected credit losses for such financial assets.
- Stage 3: Includes financial assets having objective evidence about impairment at the reporting date. It is recognized life time expected credit losses for such financial assets.

It is expected that the estimated impairment, calculated in accordance with the expected loan loss model under TFRS 9, will have a positive effect on own funds due to the cancellation of general loan provision. Accordingly, there might be changes in the anticipated impact of TFRS 9 on the financial statements until announcement of the first time adoption financial statements including the opening balance sheet as of 1 January 2018. Besides, the Bank will calculate deferred tax on the expected credit losses calculated on stage 1 and 2 loans and the impact regarding calculated deferred tax asset will be accounted for under equity during transition.

#### III. Explanations on the usage strategy of financial instruments and on foreign currency transactions

#### 1. Usage strategy of the financial instruments

The Bank uses financial instruments in accordance with its nature. The major strategy for the usage of financial instruments is to maintain the balance between the yields of assets and associated risks.

The main funding source of the Bank is its own reserves in its equity and borrowings from foreign financial institutions. While the Bank follows an asset liability strategy which enables to consider these sources in high yield and high quality financial assets, the Bank also manages its interest rate risk, liquidity risk, exchange rate risk and credit risk within the limits set by the Bank management and the prudential limits. High profitability and strong shareholders equity is aimed with an efficient asset-liability management strategy. The Bank is aiming to operate with a positive margin between the cost of resources and product yield and create an optimum maturity risk while undertaking its asset-liability management.

As a part of the Bank's risk management strategy, the position management for all kinds of short term currency, interest and price risks are managed by Treasury within the limits defined by the Board of Directors.

#### 2. Foreign currency transactions

## 2.1 Foreign currency exchange rates used in converting transactions denominated in foreign currencies and their presentation in the financial statements

The Bank recognizes the foreign currency transactions in accordance with TAS 21 "The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates". Foreign exchange gains and losses arising from the foreign currency transactions as of 31 December 2021 are translated into Turkish Lira by using the exchange rates at the date of the transaction and recognized in accounting records. At the end of the periods, foreign currency assets and liabilities are translated into Turkish Lira by using the spot foreign currency exchange rates of the Bank at the end of the period and the related currency translation differences are recognized as foreign exchange gains and losses.

MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

### **EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

# III. Explanations on the usage strategy of financial instruments and on foreign currency transactions (Continued)

#### 2. Foreign currency transactions (Continued)

## 2.1 Foreign currency exchange rates used in converting transactions denominated in foreign currencies and their presentation in the financial statements (Continued)

As at the end of the period, the Bank's foreign currency exchange rates are as follows:

	<b>31 December 2021</b>	31 December 2020
USD Dollar	13.3290	7.4194
Euro	15.0867	9.1164

### IV. Explanations on subsidiaries and affiliates

The bank has no subsidiaries and affiliates as of 31 December 2021.

### V. Explanations on forward transactions, options and derivative instruments

The Bank does not have any embedded derivatives separated from the host contract.

Forward foreign currency purchase/sale contracts, swaps and options are classified as "hedging purpose" and "trading purpose" transactions. Derivatives are initially recognized at cost including the transaction costs. Also, the assets and liabilities arising from the derivative transactions are recorded as off-balance sheet items at their contractual notional amounts. The derivative transactions held for trading are valued at fair-value using market prices or pricing models subsequent to initial recognition and are presented in "derivative financial assets" or "derivative financial liabilities" items of the balance sheet depending on the difference's being positive or negative. The derivative transactions held for hedging are valued at fair value using market prices or pricing models subsequent to initial recognition and are presented in "derivative financial assets held for hedging purpose" or "derivative financial liabilities held for hedging purpose" items of the balance sheet depending on the difference's being positive or negative. The derivative transactions held for hedging are valued at fair value using market prices or pricing models subsequent to initial recognition and are presented in "derivative financial assets held for hedging purpose" or "derivative financial liabilities held for hedging purpose" items of the balance sheet depending on the difference's being positive or negative. Gains and losses arising from a change in the fair value are recognized in the income statement.

#### VI. Explanations on interest income and expenses

Interest income and expenses calculated using internal rate of return are recognized on accrual basis.

### VII. Explanations on fee and commission income and expenses

Fees and commissions, which is except other than those that are an integral part of the effective interest rate of financial instruments measured at amortized cost, it is accounted in accordance with TFRS 15 Revenue from Customer Contracts.

Except for certain fees related with certain banking transactions and recognized when received, fees and commissions received or paid are accounted for under accrual basis of accounting using effective interest rate. The income derived from agreements or asset purchases or sales from real-persons or corporate third parties are recognized as income when realized.

### VIII. Explanations on impairment of financial assets

As of 1 January 2018, the Bank recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets and loans measured at amortised cost, financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts in accordance with TFRS 9 principles and the regulation published in the Official Gazette no. 29750 dated 22 June 2016 in connection with "Procedures and Principals regarding Classification of Loans and Allowances Allocated for Such Loans" effective from 1 January 2018.

#### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

#### **EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

#### VIII. Explanations on impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Equity instruments are not subject to impairment assessment as they are measured at fair value. At each reporting date, the Bank shall assess whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, the Bank shall use the change in the risk of a default occurring for the financial instrument.

As of the reporting date, if the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Bank shall measure the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. However, if there is a significant increase in credit risk of a financial instrument since initial recognition, the Bank measures loss allowance regarding such instrument at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. The Bank calculates the expected credit loss on a collective basis by means of grouping the financial assets having common credit risk features. The Bank constituted a policy in order to make an assessment whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition by taking into consideration change in the risk of a default occuring over the expected life of the financial instrument.

### IX. Explanations on offsetting financial instruments

If the fair values of equity shares held for trading and quoted on stock exchanges are lower than their carrying values, allowance for impairment is recognized and the recognized impairment is offset with the related assets on the balance sheet.

Within the framework of the "Regulation on the Determination of the Qualifications of Loans and Other Receivables to be Set aside by Banks and the Principles and Procedures on Provisions to Be Set Aside," the expected loss provisions are set aside, and these provisions are deducted from the non-performing loans in balance sheet. Apart from this, financial assets and liabilities are only offsetted when they are legally applicable.

#### X. Explanations on sale and repurchase agreements and securities lending transactions

Securities subject to repurchase agreements (repo) are classified as "Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss", "Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income" or "Financial assets measured at amortised cost" according to their purposes to be held in the Bank's portfolio and measured at the principles of the relevant portfolio. Funds obtained from repurchase agreements are followed under the "Money Market Funds" account in liabilities, and interest expense accruals are calculated using the effective interest (internal rate of return) method on the difference between the sales and repurchase prices corresponding to the period designated by a repurchase agreement.

Reverse repurchase agreements transactions (reverse repo) are recorded under the "Money Market Funds" account.

# XI. Explanations on non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations and related liabilities

In accordance with TFRS 5 - "Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations", a fixed asset (or group of assets to be disposed of) classified as assets held for sale is measured by the lower of its book value and fair value with reduced sales costs

### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

### **EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

# XI. Explanations on non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations and related liabilities (Continued)

A tangible asset (or a disposal group) classified as "asset held for sale" is measured at the lower of the carrying value or fair value less costs to sell. Assets held for sale are not depreciated and presented in the financial statements separately. An asset (or a disposal group) is regarded as "asset held for sale" only when the sale is highly probable and the asset (or disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition. For a highly probable sale, there must be a valid plan prepared by the management for the sale of asset including identification of possible buyers and completion of sale process. Furthermore, the asset should be actively marketed at a price consistent with its fair value.

Events or circumstances may extend the period to complete the sale beyond one year. An extension of the period required to complete a sale does not preclude an asset (or disposal group) from being classified as held for sale if the delay is caused by events or circumstances beyond the entity's control and there is sufficient evidence that the entity remains committed to its plan to sell the asset (or disposal group).

A discontinued operation is a part of the Bank's business classified as disposed or held-for-sale. The operating results of the discontinued operations are disclosed separately in the income statement. As of 31 December 2021, the Bank does not have fixed assets held for sale and related to discontinued operations and also has no liability related to this asset.

### XII. Explanations on goodwill and other intangible assets

As of 31 December 2021, there is no goodwill that should be presented in the financial statements.

The intangible assets of the Bank consist of software. The useful lives of these assets determined as 5 years.

The costs associated with outsourced computer software in use and related expenditures to develop the computer software are capitalized if it's intended to increase useful life and original content. The capitalized expenses are amortized with "straight line method" throughout remaining useful lives.

### XIII. Explanations on tangible assets

Gains/losses from the sale of the tangible assets are calculated as the difference between the net book value and the net sales price and recorded in the income statement as profit or loss.

Maintenance and repair costs incurred for tangible assets are recorded as expense.

There are no restrictions such as pledges, mortgages or any other restriction, or commitments to purchase or rights vested on tangible assets.

Depreciation rates and estimated useful lives used for the tangible assets are as follows:

Tangible asset	Estimated useful lives (Years)	Depreciation rate (%)
Vaults	50	2
Vehicles	5	20
Other Tangible Assets	3-10	10-33.33

#### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

#### **EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

#### XIV. Explanations on leasing transactions

With the "TFRS 16 Leases" standard which became effective as of 1 January 2019, the difference between the operating lease and financial lease has been removed and the lease transactions are started to be recognised under "Tangible Assets" as an asset (tenure) and under "Lease Liabilities" as a liability.

TFRS 16 Leases was published in the Official Gazette dated 16 April 2018 and numbered 30393, effective from 1 January 2019. This Standard specifies the principles for the leasing, presentation and disclosure of leases. The purpose of the standard is to provide tenants and lessees with appropriate information and faithful representation. This information is the basis for evaluating the impact of the leases on the entity's financial position, financial performance and cash flows by users of financial statements.

#### Recognition, measuring and presenting the leases to the financial statements

Lease obligations under the contract in the amount of liabilities on the balance sheet equal to the sum of all cash payments and offset with the form shown gross interest expense arising from the contract. The right of use arising from the leasing transactions, at the date of commencement, the present value of the lease payments which have not been paid at that date is measured. Discount rate for the lease liabilities in the type of TL is calculated based on the survey of expectation report published by CBRT. Bank's borrowing rate of interest calculated by Finance Department is used for discount rate of the lease liabilities in the type of foreign currency.

#### XV. Explanations on provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions and contingent liabilities are accounted for in accordance with TAS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets". In the financial statements, a provision is made if there is a present obligation that arises from past events as of the balance sheet date, if it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and if a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the amount is not reliably estimated and there is no probability of cash outflow from the Bank to settle the liability, the related liability is considered as "contingent" and disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Provisions recognized during the period are recognized within "other operating expenses"; reversals of provisions recognized in the prior periods are recognized within "other operating income".

#### XVI. Explanations on contingent assets

The contingent assets usually arise from unplanned or other unexpected events that give rise to the possibility of an inflow of economic benefits to the Bank. If an inflow of economic benefits has become probable, then the contingent asset is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. If it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the asset and the related income are recognized in the financial statements of the period in which the change occurs.

#### XVII. Explanations on liabilities for employee benefits

As per the existing labor laws and agreements in Turkey, entities are required to pay severance for the employees retired or fired. These payments are qualified as recognized retirement benefit plan according to revised TAS 19 Standard on the Benefits Provided to Employees. Severance payment liability recognized in the balance sheet is calculated according to the net present value of expected amount in the future arising from all employees' retirements and presented in the financial statements. The amendments to TAS 19 have changed the accounting of defined benefit plans and severance indemnity. The amendments require all actuarial gains and losses to be recognized in the balance sheet to reflect the full value of the plan deficit or surplus. The amendments to TAS 19 require retrospective application.

MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

#### **EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

#### XVIII. Explanations on taxation

#### 1. Current tax

Effective from 1 January 2006, statutory income is subject to corporate tax at 20%. This rate is applied to accounting income modified for certain exemptions (like dividend income) and deductions (like investment incentives), and additions for certain non-tax deductible expenses and allowances for tax purposes.

The Law No. 7061 on the Amendment of Some Tax Laws and Some Other Laws was published in the Official Gazette dated 5 December 2017 and numbered 30261. With the temporary article added to Article 32 of the Law No. 5520, the corporate tax rate has been determined as 22% for the corporate earnings of the institutions for the 2018, 2019 and 2020 taxation periods. Starting from the declarations that must be submitted as of July 1, 2021, with the provision in the 11th and 14th articles of the "Law on the Collection of Public Claims and Amendments to Certain Laws", which was published in the Official Gazette dated 22 April 2021 and numbered 31462, and To be effective for corporate earnings for the taxation period starting from January 1, 2021, it has been rearranged as 25% for corporate earnings for the 2021 accounting period, 23% for 2022 accounting period earnings and 20% for taxation periods in 2023 and after.

There is no further taxes on profits if not distributed. Dividends paid to the resident institutions and the institutions working through local offices or representatives are not subject to withholding tax. As per the decisions numbered 2009/14593 and 2009/14594 of the Council of Ministers published in the Official Gazette numbered 27130 dated 3 February 2009, certain withholding rates included in the articles numbered 15 and 30 of the new Corporate Tax Law numbered 5520 are revised.

Accordingly, the withholding tax rate on the dividend payments other than the ones paid to the nonresident institutions generating income in Turkey through their operations or permanent representatives and the resident institutions is 15%. In applying the withholding tax rates on dividend payments to the nonresident institutions and the individuals, the withholding tax rates covered in the related Double Tax Treaty Agreements are taken into account. Appropriation of the retained earnings to capital is not considered as profit distribution and therefore is not subject to withholding tax.

The temporary taxes are calculated and paid at the rates applicable for the earnings of the related years. The prepayments can be offset against the annual corporate tax calculated for the whole year earnings.

In accordance with the tax legislation, tax losses can be carried forward to offset against future taxable income for up to five years. Tax losses cannot be carried back to offset profits from previous years.

In Turkey, there is no procedure for a final and definite agreement on tax assessments. Companies file their tax returns with their tax offices by the end of 25th of the fourth month following the close of the accounting period to which they relate. Tax returns are open for five years from the beginning of the year that follows the date of filing during which time the tax authorities have the right to audit tax returns, and the related accounting records on which they are based, and may issue re-assessments based on their findings. As of the end of the 2021 calendar year, the conditions sought for inflation adjustment in the calculation of corporate tax have been fulfilled, within the framework of the repeated provision of Article 298/A of the Tax Procedure Law. However, with the regulation made with the Law No. 7352 dated 20 January 2022, the application of inflation adjustment in the calculation of corporate tax was postponed to 2023. According to this; TPL financial statements for the 2021 and 2022 accounting periods, including the provisional tax periods, will not be subject to inflation adjustment, and for the 2023 accounting period; will not be subject to inflation adjustment as of the provisional tax periods, and the TPL financial statements dated 31 December 2023 will be subject to inflation adjustment regardless of whether the inflation adjustment conditions are met or not. Profit/loss difference arising from inflation adjustment in VUK financial statements will be shown in previous years' profit/loss accounts and will not affect the corporate tax base.

MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

### EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### XVIII. Explanations on taxation (Continued)

#### 2. Deferred tax

The Bank calculates and recognizes deferred tax for taxable temporary differences arising between the carrying values of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and their corresponding balances considered in the calculation of the tax base according to the TAS 12 "Income Taxes".

Deferred tax asset was not made over the general provision amount within the framework of the circular of BRSA numbered 8 December 2004, BRSA.DZM.2 / 13/1-a-3. However, as of January 1, 2018, the deferred tax asset has been calculated over the expected loss provisions that constitute the temporary difference with the provisions of TFRS 9.

In accordance with the Law No. 7316 published in the Official Gazette dated April 22, 2021, the corporate tax rate is 25% for the taxation period of 2021, starting with the declarations that must be submitted as of 1 July 2021 and being valid for the taxation period starting from 1 January 2021 and this rate will be applied as 23% for the taxation period of 2022 and 20% for the taxation periods of 2023 and beyond. For the items subject to deferred tax calculation as of 31 December 2021, enacted tax rates valid in accordance with the current tax legislation are used in accordance with their lifetimes.

### 2. Transfer pricing

The article 13 of the Corporate Tax Law describes the issue of transfer pricing under the title of "disguised profit distribution" by way of transfer pricing. "The General Communiqué on Disguised Profit Distribution by Way of Transfer Pricing" published at 18 November 2007, explains the application related issues on this matter.

According to this Communiqué, if the taxpayers conduct transactions like purchase and sale of goods or services with the related parties where the prices are not determined according to the arm's length principle, then it will be concluded that there is a disguised profit distribution by way of transfer pricing. Such disguised profit distributions are not deducted from the corporate tax base for tax purposes.

As stated in the "7.1 Annual Documentation" section of this communiqué, taxpayers are required to fill out the "Transfer Pricing, Controlled Foreign Entities and Thin Capitalization" form for the purchase and sale of goods or services conducted with their related parties in a taxation period, attach these forms to their corporate tax returns and submit to the tax offices.

#### XIX. Additional explanations on borrowings

The Bank obtains resources from foreign entities through borrowings.

Borrowing funds are initially measured at acquisition cost and subsequently measured at amortized cost. In the accompanying financial statements, foreign currency denominated borrowing funds are translated to Turkish Lira with the Bank's spot foreign exchange buying rates and interest expenses incurred during the period relating to the borrowing funds are recognized in the income statement.

The Bank applies general hedging techniques for mitigating the liquidity risk, interest rate risk and currency risk of the borrowing funds. Those techniques do not meet the definition of hedge accounting according to TFRS 9. There are no convertible bonds issued by the Bank as at the balance sheet date.

#### XX. Explanation on share certificates issued

None.

### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

### **EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

#### XXI. Explanation on bank acceptances and bills of guarantee

Bank acceptances and bills of guarantee are presented within off-balance sheet liabilities as contingent liabilities and commitments. Cash transactions relating to bank acceptances and bills of guarantee are realized concurrently with the customer payments.

As of the balance sheet date, there are no bank acceptances and bills of guarantee recognized as liability against an asset.

### XXII. Explanation on government incentives

As of the balance sheet date, the Bank does not have any government incentives.

### XXIII. Explanation on segment reporting

The Bank mainly operates in corporate banking and treasury. Explanations and notes related to the segment reporting are disclosed in Section 4 Note IX.

#### XXIV. Other matters

None.

#### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

#### SECTION FOUR

### INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT

#### I. Explanations on total capital

Calculation of the amount of equity is made according to the "Regulation on Equities of Banks" and the calculation of capital adequacy standard ratio according to "Regulation Regarding the Measurement and Evaluation of Banks' Capital Adequacy". As of 31 December 2021, the Bank's calculated equity amount TL 1,520,063 (31 December 2020: TL 1,214,297) and capital adequacy ratio is 21.59 % (31 December 2020: 18.10 %).

Due to the fluctuations in the financial markets as a result of the COVID-19 epidemic, the BRSA brought the following flexibilities as of 31 December 2021 regarding the capital adequacy standard ratio calculation with the additional regulation dated 23 March 2020 and numbered 3397.

- In calculating the principle amount to credit risk; When calculating the valued amounts in foreign currency, the exchange rates used in the preparation of the financial statements dated 31 December 2021 can be used.
- If the net valuation differences of the securities owned by the banks in the portfolio of "Fair Value Differences Reflected in Other Comprehensive Income" as of 23 March 2020 are negative, these differences may not be taken into consideration in the equity amount.

As of 31 December 2021, the Bank did not need to use the flexibilities included in the additional regulation of COVID-19 mentioned above while calculating the capital adequacy standard ratio and did not consider it in its calculations.

		Amount as per the regulation before
Current Period	Amount	1/1/2014 (*)
COMMON EQUITY TIER I CAPITAL Paid-in Capital to be Entitled for Compensation after All Creditors	527 700	
Share Premium	527,700	
Reserves	30.687	
Other Comprehensive Income according to TAS	(63)	
Profit	903.382	
Current Period Profit	297.541	
Prior Period Profit	605.841	
Bonus Shares from Associates, Affiliates and Joint-Ventures not Accounted in Current Period's Profit	005,841	
Common Equity Tier I Capital Before Deductions	1.461.706	
Deductions From Common Equity Tier I Capital	1,401,700	
Valuation adjustments calculated as per the article 9. (i) of the Regulation on Bank Capital		
Current and Prior Periods' Losses not Covered by Reserves, and Losses Accounted under Equity according to TAS (-		
Leasehold Improvements on Operational Leases (-)	2,568	
Goodwill Netted with Deferred Tax Liabilities	8.510	8.510
Other Intangible Assets Netted with Deferred Tax Liabilities Except Mortgage Servicing Rights	0,510	0,510
Net Deferred Tax Asset/Liability (-)		-
Differences arise when assets and liabilities not held at fair value, are subjected to cash flow hedge accounting		
Total credit losses that exceed total expected loss calculated according to the Regulation on Calculation of Credit		-
Total creations set that exceed that expected host calculated according to the Regulation of Calculation of Creating Risk by Internal Ratings Based Approach	-	-
Securitization gains	_	-
Unrealized gains and losses from changes in bank's liabilities' fair values due to changes in creditworthiness	-	-
Net amount of defined benefit plans	-	-
Direct and Indirect Investments of the Bank on its own Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Shares Obtained against Article 56, Paragraph 4 of the Banking Law (-)		-
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital		-
(-)		
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or more of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital (-)	_	-
Mortgage Servicing Rights Exceeding the 10% Threshold of Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Net Deferred Tax Assets arising from Temporary Differences Exceeding the 10% Threshold of Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Amount Exceeding the 15% Threshold of Tier I Capital as per the Article 2, Clause 2 of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks (-)	-	-
The Portion of Net Long Position of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or more of the Issued Share Capital not deducted from Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Mortgage Servicing Rights not deducted (-)	-	-
Excess Amount arising from Deferred Tax Assets from Temporary Differences (-)		-
Other items to be Defined by the BRSA (-)	-	-
Deductions from Tier I Capital in cases where there are no adequate Additional Tier I or Tier II Capitals (-)		
Total Deductions from Common Equity Tier I Capital	11,078	
Total Common Equity Tier I Capital	1,450,628	

#### 1. Components of total capital

### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

### INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

### I. Components of total capital (Continued)

Current Period	Amount	Amount as per the regulation before 1/1/2014 (*)
ADDITIONAL TIER I CAPITAL	-	1/1/2014()
Preferred Stock not Included in Common Equity Tier I Capital and the Related Share Premiums	-	
Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA	-	
Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA (Covered by Temporary Article 4)	-	
Additional Tier I Capital before Deductions	-	
Deductions from Additional Tier I Capital		
Direct and Indirect Investments of the Bank on its own Additional Tier I Capital (-)	-	
Investments in Equity Instruments Issued by 24ort he24 Financial Institutions Invested in Bank's Additional Tier I Capital and Having Conditions Stated in the Article 7 of the Regulation	-	
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital (-)	-	
The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Tier I Capital of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns more than 10% of the Issued Share Capital (-)	-	
Other items to be defined by the BRSA (-)	-	
Items to be Deducted from Tier I Capital during the Transition Period	-	
Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets and Related Deferred Taxes not deducted from Tier I Capital as per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks (-)		
Net Deferred Tax Asset/Liability not deducted from Tier I Capital as per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks (-)	-	
Deduction from Additional Tier I Capital when there is not enough Tier II Capital (-)	-	
Total Deductions from Additional Tier I Capital	-	
Total Additional Tier I Capital	-	
Total Tier I Capital (Tier I Capital= Common Equity Tier I Capital + Additional Tier I) ))Capital) TIER II CAPITAL	1,450,628	
Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA	-	
Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA (Covered by Temporary Article 4)	-	
Provisions (Amounts explained in the first paragraph of the article 8 of the Regulation on Bank Capital) Total Deductions from Tier II Capital	69,435 69,435	
Deductions from Tier II Capital Deductions from Tier II Capital	09,435	
Direct and Indirect Investments of the Bank on its own Tier II Capital (-)	-	
Investments in Equity Instruments I second by Banks and Financial Institutions Invested in Bank's Tier II Capital and Having Conditions Stated in the Article 8 of the Regulation		
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital (-)	-	
The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or more of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of Tier I Capital (-)	_	
Other items to be defined by the BRSA (-)	-	
Total Deductions from Tier II Capital	-	
Total Tier II Capital	69,435	
Total Equity (Total Tier I and Tier II Capital)	1,520,063	
Total Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital ( Total Equity)		
Loans Granted against the Articles 50 and 51 of the Banking Law (-) Net Book Values of Movables and Immovables Exceeding the Limit Defined in the Article 57, Clause 1 of the	-	
Banking Law and the Assets Acquired against Overdue Receivables and Held for Sale but Retained more than Five Years (-)	-	
Other items to be Defined by the BRSA (-)	-	
Items to be Deducted from the Sum of Tier I and Tier II Capital (Capital) During the Transition Period		
The Portion of Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital not deducted from Tier I Capital, Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital as per the Temporary Article 2. Clause 1 of the Regulation (-)		
The Portion of Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns more than 10% of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital not deducted from Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital as per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation (-)	_	
The Portion of Net Long Position of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or more of the Issued Share Capital, of the Net Deferred Tax Assets arising from Temporary Differences and of the Mortgage Servicing Rights not deducted from Tier I Capital as per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 2, Paragraph (1) and (2) and Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation (-)		

## MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

### I. Components of total capital (Continued)

		Amount as per the regulation before
Current Period	Amount	1/1/2014 (*)
CAPITAL	1.520.0(2	
Total Capital (Total of Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital)	1,520,063	
Total Risk Weighted Assets	7,040,040	
CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIOS	20.61	
CET1 Capital Ratio (%) Tier I Capital Ratio (%)	20.61	
	-	
Capital Adequacy Ratio (%) BUFFERS	21.59	
Total Additional CET1 Capital Requirement Ratio (a+b+c)	2.50	
a) Bank-specific total CET1 Capital Ratio	2.50	
b)Capital Conservation Buffer Ratio (%)	2.30	
c)Higher bank buffer requirement ratio (%)(**)		
Additional CET1 Capital Over Total Risk Weighted Assets Ratio Calculated According to the Article 4 of Capital	13.59	
Conservation and Counter-Cyclical Capital Buffers Regulation (%)	15.59	
Amounts Lower Than Excesses as per Deduction Rules		
Remaining Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial	-	
Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital		
Remaining Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Tier I Capital of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial	-	
Institutions where the Bank Owns more than 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital		
Remaining Mortgage Servicing Rights		
Net Deferred Tax Assets arising from Temporary Differences	7,363	
Limits for Provisions Used in Tier II Capital Calculation		
General Loan Provisions for Exposures in Standard Approach (before limit of one hundred and twenty five per ten housand)	-	
General Loan Provisions for Exposures in Standard Approach Limited by 1.25% of Risk Weighted Assets	69,435	
Total Loan Provision that Exceeds Total Expected Loss Calculated According to Communiqué on Calculation of Credit Risk by Internal Ratings Based Approach	-	
Total Loan Provision that Exceeds Total Expected Loss Calculated According to Communiqué on Calculation of	-	
Credit Risk by Internal Ratings Based Approach, Limited by 0.6% Risk Weighted Assets		
Debt Instruments Covered by Temporary Article 4 (effective between 1.1.2018-1.1.2022)		
Upper Limit for Additional Tier I Capital Items subject to Temporary Article 4		
Amount of Additional Tier I Capital Items Subject to Temporary Article 4 that Exceeds Upper Limit		
Upper Limit for Additional Tier II Capital Items subject to Temporary Article 4		
Amount of Additional Tier II Capital Items Subject to Temporary Article 4 that Exceeds Upper Limit		

(\*) Amounts in this column represents the amounts of items that are subject to transitional provisions.

(\*\*) Since it will be filled in systematically important banks with no obligation to prepare consolidated financial statements in the context of the fourth paragraph Regulation on Systematic Significant Banks, it has been stated as 0.00%.

## MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

## I. Components of total capital (Continued)

		Amount as per the regulation before
Prior Period	Amount	1/1/2014 (*)
COMMON EQUITY TIER I CAPITAL	535 500	
Paid-in Capital to be Entitled for Compensation after All Creditors	527,700	
Share Premium	-	
Reserves	23,901	
Other Comprehensive Income according to TAS	(63)	
Profit	612,627	
Current Period Profit	135,713	
Prior Period Profit	479,914	
Bonus Shares from Associates, Affiliates and Joint-Ventures not Accounted in Current Period's Profit	-	
Common Equity Tier I Capital Before Deductions	1,164,165	
Deductions From Common Equity Tier I Capital		
Valuation adjustments calculated as per the article 9. (i) of the Regulation on Bank Capital	-	-
Current and Prior Periods' Losses not Covered by Reserves, and Losses Accounted under Equity according to TAS (-)	-	
Leasehold Improvements on Operational Leases (-)	62	
Goodwill Netted with Deferred Tax Liabilities	6,761	6,761
Other Intangible Assets Netted with Deferred Tax Liabilities Except Mortgage Servicing Rights	-	
Net Deferred Tax Asset/Liability (-)	-	-
Differences arise when assets and liabilities not held at fair value, are subjected to cash flow hedge accounting	-	-
Total credit losses that exceed total expected loss calculated according to the Regulation on Calculation of Credit Risk		-
by Internal Ratings Based Approach	-	
Securitization gains	-	-
Unrealized gains and losses from changes in bank's liabilities' fair values due to changes in creditworthiness	-	-
Net amount of defined benefit plans	-	-
Direct and Indirect Investments of the Bank on its own Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Shares Obtained against Article 56, Paragraph 4 of the Banking Law (-)	-	-
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions		-
where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital (-)	-	
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions		-
where the Bank Owns 10% or more of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital (-)	-	
Mortgage Servicing Rights Exceeding the 10% Threshold of Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Net Deferred Tax Assets arising from Temporary Differences Exceeding the10% Threshold of Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Amount Exceeding the 15% Threshold of Tier I Capital as per the Article 2, Clause 2 of the Regulation on Measurement		-
and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks (-)	-	
The Portion of Net Long Position of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions		-
where the Bank Owns 10% or more of the Issued Share Capital not deducted from Tier I Capital (-)	-	
Mortgage Servicing Rights not deducted (-)	-	
Excess Amount arising from Deferred Tax Assets from Temporary Differences (-)	-	-
Other items to be Defined by the BRSA (-)	-	-
Deductions from Tier I Capital in cases where there are no adequate Additional Tier I or Tier II Capitals (-)	-	
Total Deductions from Common Equity Tier I Capital	6,823	
Total Common Equity Tier I Capital	1,157,342	

### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

### INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

## I. Components of total capital (Continued)

		Amount as per the regulation before
Prior Period	Amount	1/1/2014 (*)
ADDITIONAL TIER I CAPITAL		
Preferred Stock not Included in Common Equity Tier I Capital and the Related Share Premiums		
Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA		
Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA (Covered by Temporary Article 4) Additional Tier I Capital before Deductions		
Deductions from Additional Tier I Capital		-
Direct and Indirect Investments of the Bank on its own Additional Tier I Capital (-)		
Investments in Equity Instruments Issued by 27ort he27 Financial Institutions Invested in Bank's Additional Tier I		
Capital and Having Conditions Stated in the Article 7 of the Regulation	-	-
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital (-		-
The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Tier I Capital of Unconsolidated		
Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns more than 10% of the Issued Share Capital (-)	-	-
Other items to be defined by the BRSA (-)	-	-
Items to be Deducted from Tier I Capital during the Transition Period		
Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets and Related Deferred Taxes not deducted from Tier I Capital as per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks (-)		
Net Deferred Tax Asset/Liability not deducted from Tier I Capital as per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks (-)	-	-
Deduction from Additional Tier I Capital when there is not enough Tier II Capital (-)	-	-
Total Deductions from Additional Tier I Capital	-	-
Total Additional Tier I Capital		-
Total Tier I Capital (Tier I Capital= Common Equity Tier I Capital + Additional Tier I) ))Capital)	1,157,342	-
TIER II CAPITAL		
Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA		-
Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA (Covered by Temporary Article 4)		-
Provisions (Amounts explained in the first paragraph of the article 8 of the Regulation on Bank Capital)	56,955	-
Total Deductions from Tier II Capital	56,955	
Deductions from Tier II Capital		
Direct and Indirect Investments of the Bank on its own Tier II Capital (-)		
Investments in Equity Instruments Issued by Banks and Financial Institutions Invested in Bank's Tier II Capital and Having Conditions Stated in the Article 8 of the Regulation		
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital (-)	- 10	-
The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or more of the Issued Share Capital		
Exceeding the 10% Threshold of Tier I Capital (-)		
Other items to be defined by the BRSA (-)		-
Total Deductions from Tier II Capital	-	
Total Tier II Capital Total Equity (Total Tier I and Tier II Capital)	56,955 1,214,297	
Total Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital (Total Equity)	1,214,297	
Loans Granted against the Articles 50 and 51 of the Banking Law (-)		
Net Book Values of Movables and Immovables Exceeding the Limit Defined in the Article 57, Clause 1 of the		
Banking Law and the Assets Acquired against Overdue Receivables and Held for Sale but Retained more than Five		
Years (-)		
Other items to be Defined by the BRSA (-)	-	
Items to be Deducted from the Sum of Tier I and Tier II Capital (Capital) During the Transition Period	-	
The Portion of Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial		
Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital not deducted from Tier I Capital, Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital as per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation (-)		_
The Portion of Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial		
Institutions where the Bank Owns more than 10% of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital not deducted from Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital as per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1		
of the Regulation (-)		-
The Portion of Net Long Position of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial		
Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or more of the Issued Share Capital, of the Net Deferred Tax Assets arising		
from Temporary Differences and of the Mortgage Servicing Rights not deducted from Tier I Capital as per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 2, Paragraph (1) and (2) and Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation (-)	-	-

## **MUFG BANK TURKEY A.S.** NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

## INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### I. **Components of total capital (Continued)**

		Amount as per the regulation before
Prior Period	Amount	1/1/2014 (*)
CAPITAL		
Total Capital (Total of Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital)	1,214,297	-
Total Risk Weighted Assets	6,709,259	-
CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIOS		
CET1 Capital Ratio (%)	17.25	
Tier I Capital Ratio (%)	17.25	
Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	18.10	
BUFFERS		
Total Additional CET1 Capital Requirement Ratio (a+b+c)	2.50	-
a) Bank-specific total CET1 Capital Ratio	2.50	-
b)Capital Conservation Buffer Ratio (%)	-	-
c)Higher bank buffer requirement ratio (%)(**)	-	-
Additional CET1 Capital Over Total Risk Weighted Assets Ratio Calculated According to the Article 4 of Capital		
Conservation and Counter-Cyclical Capital Buffers Regulation (%)	10.10	
Amounts Lower Than Excesses as per Deduction Rules		
Remaining Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital		
Remaining Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Tier I Capital of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial		
Institutions where the Bank Owns more than 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital	_	-
Remaining Mortgage Servicing Rights	-	-
Net Deferred Tax Assets arising from Temporary Differences	12,656	
Limits for Provisions Used in Tier II Capital Calculation		
General Loan Provisions for Exposures in Standard Approach (before limit of one hundred and twenty five per ten thousand)	-	-
General Loan Provisions for Exposures in Standard Approach Limited by 1.25% of Risk Weighted Assets	56,955	-
Total Loan Provision that Exceeds Total Expected Loss Calculated According to Communiqué on Calculation of Credit Risk by Internal Ratings Based Approach	_	-
Total Loan Provision that Exceeds Total Expected Loss Calculated According to Communiqué on Calculation of		
Credit Risk by Internal Ratings Based Approach, Limited by 0.6% Risk Weighted Assets		
Debt Instruments Covered by Temporary Article 4 (effective between 1.1.2018-1.1.2022))		
Upper Limit for Additional Tier I Capital Items subject to Temporary Article 4		
Amount of Additional Tier I Capital Items Subject to Temporary Article 4 that Exceeds Upper Limit		
Upper Limit for Additional Tier II Capital Items subject to Temporary Article 4		
Amount of Additional Tier II Capital Items Subject to Temporary Article 4 that Exceeds Upper Limit	-	-

Under this item fully loaded amounts were reported for items that are subject to phasing in according to "Bank Capital Regulation" dated 1 January 2014. (\*)

The Bank plans its Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) Capital by considering 10% as the minimum target while considering its additional CET 1 requirements during the phase-in period due to aforementioned regulations.

#### 2. Items included in capital calculation

None.

#### Reconcilation of capital items to balance sheet 3.

The difference between Total Capital and Equity in the unconsolidated balance sheet mainly arises from the expected credit losses. In the calculation of Total Capital, expected credit losses up to %1.25 credit risk is taken into consideration as Tier II Capital. On the other hand, in the calculation of the Total Capital, improvement costs for operating leases followed under tangible assets in the balance sheet, intangible assets and related deferred tax liabilities are taken into consideration as amounts deducted from Total Capital.

### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

### INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

### II. Explanations on credit risk

Credit risk is defined as risks and losses that may occur if the counterparty fails to comply with the agreement's requirements and cannot perform its obligations partially or completely on the terms set.

In accordance with the regulation, credit risk limits is allocated in line with regulations according to financial position and needs of credit customers under the authorized limits of General Manager, Credit Committee and Board of Directors. If it is needed related limits can be changed by the Bank.

The Bank follows the customers of loans and other receivables in terms of the credit worthiness with respect to the relevant legislation. In addition, the status of accounts for new loans are checked and updated if needed. In accordance with relevant legislation, the Bank follows the risk limits on the basis of debtor and the debtor group.

The Bank uses a credit rating system to measure and evaluate the credit risk effectively. This is a mandatory step for all loan applications. The credit rating system is assessing the total credit risk of each customer. The Bank performs valuation of collaterals to reduce the loan risk at first step of receiving collateral and the results of risk rating system at least once a year.

The Bank manages and monitors its credit risk until the loan repayment is completed, related loan is cancelled or derecognized. The Bank has control limits held on the positions of forward transactions and other similar contracts, and these limits are monitored daily.

The share of the top 100 and 200 cash and non-cash loan customers in the total loans portfolio:

The Bank has 43 cash loan customers as of 31 December 2021. (31 December 2020: 31). The Bank's largest 100 and 200 cash loan customers comprise 100% (31 December 2020: 100%) of the total cash loan portfolio, respectively.

The share of the top 100 and 200 cash and non-cash loan customers in the total non-cash loans portfolio:

The Bank has 32 non cash loan customers as of 31 December 2021. (31 December 2020: 34). The Bank's largest 100 and 200 non-cash loan customers comprise 100% (31 December 2020: 100%) of the total non-cash loan portfolio.

At 31 December 2021 the Bank has total 75 cash and non-cash loan customers. (31 December 2020: 77 cash and non-cash customers) The Bank's largest 100 and 200 cash and non-cash loan customers represent 100% of the total "on and off balance sheet" exposures (31 December 2020: 100%).

In accordance with the Article 43 of Internal Systems Regulation, the Bank performs monthly stress tests in order to measure the effects of exceptional but a possible instance that may result with great credit losses in the portfolio.

The Bank senior management is informed regarding details of the Bank's credit risk in monthly meeting of Credit Committee.

### **MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş.** NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### II. **Explanations on credit risk (Continued)**

	Current Period Risk Amount	Average Risk Amount
Exposure Categories		
Conditional and unconditional exposures to central governments or central banks	4,045,878	3,681,591
Conditional and unconditional exposures to banks, brokerage houses and corporates	5,105,336	4,108,688
Conditional and unconditional exposures to corporates	8,522,280	8,121,253
Other receivables	119,625	78,762
Total	17,793,119	15,990,294
	Prior Period	• • • • • • •
	Risk Amount	Average Risk Amount
Exposure Categories		8
Exposure Categories Conditional and unconditional exposures to central governments or central banks		8
1 0	Risk Amount	Risk Amount
Conditional and unconditional exposures to central governments or central banks	<b>Risk Amount</b> 3,270,726	<b>Risk Amount</b> 3,020,124
Conditional and unconditional exposures to central governments or central banks Conditional and unconditional exposures to banks, brokerage houses and corporates	<b>Risk Amount</b> 3,270,726 3,760,538	<b>Risk Amount</b> 3,020,124 2,517,635

#### 1. Profile of significant exposures in major regions

	Conditional and Unconditional exposures to central governments or central banks	Unconditional	Unconditional exposures to		Total
Current Period*					
Domestic	4,045,878	4,734,716	-	119,625	8,900,219
European Union (EU) Countries	-	4	854,851	-	854,855
OECD Countries **	-	360,363	8,002	-	368,365
Off-Shore Banking Regions	-	-	-	-	-
USA, Canada	-	2	-	-	2
Other Countries	-	10,250	7,659,428	-	7,669,678
Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint -	-	-	-	-	-
ventures					
Unallocated Assets/Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
Total	4,045,878	5,105,335	8,522,281	119,625	17,793,119

Includes risk amounts before the effect of credit risk mitigation but after the credit conversions. (\*) (\*\*)

Includes OECD countries other than EU countries, USA and Canada.

	Conditional and Unconditional exposures to central governments or central banks	Conditional and Unconditional exposures to banks and brokerage houses	Conditional and Unconditional exposures to corporates	Other receivables	Total
Prior Period*					
Domestic	3,270,726	3,525,757	7,225,714	63,216	14,085,413
European Union (EU) Countries	-	10	314,271	-	314,281
OECD Countries **	-	224,970	-	-	224,970
Off-Shore Banking Regions	-	-	-	-	-
USA, Canada	-	3	-	-	3
Other Countries	-	9,799	6,677	-	16,476
Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint -					
ventures	-	-	-	-	-
Unallocated Assets/Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
Total	3,270,726	3,760,539	7,546,662	63,216	14,641,143

Includes risk amounts before the effect of credit risk mitigation but after the credit conversions. Includes OECD countries other than EU countries, USA and Canada. (\*) (\*\*)

MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

### **INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)**

#### II. Explanations on credit risk (Continued)

#### 2. Risk profile by sectors or counterparties

Sectors / Counterparties Current Period	1	2	3	4	TL	FC	Total
Agricultural	-	-	7,497	-	7,497	-	7,497
Farming and Stockbreeding	-	-	7,497	-	7,497	-	7,497
Forestry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fishing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Manufacturing	-	-	6,169,193	-	880,892	5,288,301	6,169,193
Mining and Quarrying	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Production	-	-	6,169,193	-	880,892	5,288,301	6,169,193
Electricity, Gas and Water	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Construction	-	-	913	-	913	-	913
Services	4,045,878	5,105,335	2,344,678	119,625	1,825,534	9,789,982	11,615,516
Wholesale and Retail Trade	-	-	800,926	-	469,574	331,352	800,926
Accommodation and Dining	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation and Telecommunication	-	-	1,038,759	-	61,305	977,454	1,038,759
Financial Institutions	4,045,878	5,105,335	498,635	119,625	1,294,080	8,475,393	9,769,473
Real Estate and Rental Services	-	-	-	-		-	-
Professional Services	-	-	-	-		-	-
Educational Services	-	-	-	-		-	-
Health and Social Services	-	-	6,358	-	575	5,783	6,358
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total*	4,045,878	5,105,335	8,522,281	119,625	2,714,836	15,078,283	17,793,119

Includes risk amounts before the effect of credit risk mitigation but after the credit conversions. (\*)

Conditional and unconditional exposures to central governments or central

2: 3: Conditional and unconditional exposures to banks and brokerage houses Conditional and unconditional exposures to corporates

4: Other receivables

Sectors / Counterparties Prior Period	1	2	3	4	TL	FC	Total
Agricultural	-	-	355,403	-	235,913	119,490	355,403
Farming and Stockbreeding	-	-	355,403	-	235,913	119,490	355,403
Forestry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fishing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Manufacturing	-	-	5,311,959	-	867,496	4,444,463	5,311,959
Mining and Quarrying	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Production	-	-	5,311,959	-	867,496	4,444,463	5,311,959
Electricity, Gas and Water	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Construction	-	-	2,177	-	1,250	927	2,177
Services	3,270,726	3,760,539	1,847,108	63,216	1,879,172	7,062,417	8,941,589
Wholesale and Retail Trade	-	-	647,488	-	622,332	25,156	647,488
Accommodation and Dining	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation and Telecommunication	-	-	628,029	-	59,515	568,514	628,029
Financial Institutions	3,270,726	3,760,539	552,318	63,216	1,183,011	6,463,788	7,646,799
Real Estate and Rental Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Professional Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Educational Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health and Social Services	-	-	19,273	-	14,314	4,959	19,273
Other	-	-	30,015	-	30,015	-	30,015
Total	3,270,726	3,760,539	7,546,662	63,216	3,013,846	11,627,297	14,641,143

(\*) Includes risk amounts before the effect of credit risk mitigation but after the credit conversions.

Conditional and unconditional exposures to central governments or central 1

2: Conditional and unconditional exposures to banks and brokerage houses 3:

Conditional and unconditional exposures to corporates 4: Other receivables

### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

### **INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)**

### II. Explanations on credit risk (Continued)

#### 3. Analysis of maturity-bearing exposures according to remaining maturities

		Terr	n To Maturit	ty	
	Up to 1	1-3	3-6	6-12	Over 1
Exposure Categories / Current Period	Month	Months	Months	Months	Year
Conditional and Unconditional Exposures to Central Governments or	3,802,238	14,910	-	-	-
Central Banks					
Conditional and Unconditional Exposures Exposures to Banks and	707,350	336,641	2,033,956	1,848,954	107,912
Brokerage Houses					
Conditional and Unconditional Exposures to Other Corporates	872,959	899,733	932,874	3,561,829	2,254,885
Other Receivables	-	-			
Total	5,382,547	1,251,284	2,966,830	5,410,783	2,362,797
		Terr	n To Maturit	ty	
	Up to 1	1-3	3-6	6-12	Over 1
Exposure Categories / Current Period	Month	Months	Months	Months	Year
Conditional and Unconditional Exposures to Central Governments or					
Central Banks	3,107,418	-	-	-	-
Conditional and Unconditional Exposures Exposures to Banks and					
Brokerage Houses	759,571	233,386	1,888,735	770,802	62,121
Conditional and Unconditional Exposures to Other Corporates	1,140,327	1,259,171	722,169	1,932,263	2,492,732
Other Receivables	-	-	-	-	-

An international rating firm external risk ratings are used for the risk categories (defined in the Article 6 of the "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks") of the whole receivables from central governments and central banks and for the receivables where the counterparties are located in foreign countries.

5,007,316 1,492,557

2,610,904

2,703,065 2,554,853

The risk weights are used as unrated for central governments and central banks that are not rated by an international rating agency. Where the counterparties are domestic, the related exposures are included in the calculation of capital adequacy as unrated.

#### 4. Exposures by risk weights

Total

Risk Weights/ Current Period	%0	%2	%10	%20	%35	%50	%75	%100	%150	%200	Deductions from Equity
Exposures Before Credit Risk Mitigation Exposures After Credit	3,918,655	127,233	-	528,342	-	3,681,658	-	4,307,241	-	-	11,078
Risk Mitigation	3,918,655	127,233	-	528,342	-	3,681,658	-	4,307,241	-	-	11,078
Risk Weights / Prior Period	%0	%2	%10	%20	%35	%50	%75	%100	%150	%200	Deductions from Equity
Exposures Before Credit											
Risk Mitigation Exposures After Credit	3,175,989	94,737	-	797,723	-	2,952,976	-	7,619,717	-	-	6,823

### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

### INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

### II. Explanations on credit risk (Continued)

### 5. Information by major sectors and type of counterparties

	Credit Risk	S	
Major Sectors / Counterparties (Current Period)	Significant Increase on Credit Risk ( Stage II)	Default (Stage III)	Expected Credit Losses (TFRS 9)
Agriculture	-	-	-
Farming and Stockbreeding	-	-	-
Forestry	-	-	-
Fishery	-	-	-
Manufacturing	32,728	-	173
Mining and Quarrying	-	-	-
Production	32,728	-	173
Electricity, Gas and Water	-	-	-
Construction	-	-	-
Services	-	-	-
Wholesale and Retail Trade	-	-	-
Accommodation and Dining	-	-	
Transportation and Telecommunication	-	-	
Financial Institutions	-	-	
Real Estate and Rental Services	-	-	-
Professional Services	-	-	-
Educational Services	-	-	
Health and Social Services	-	-	
Others	-	-	
Total	32,728	-	173

	Credit Risk		
Major Sectors / Counterparties (Prior Period)	Significant Increase on Credit Risk ( Stage II)	Default (Stage III)	Expected Credit Losses (TFRS 9)
Agriculture	-	-	-
Farming and Stockbreeding	-	-	-
Forestry	-	-	-
Fishery	-	-	-
Manufacturing	28,884	-	489
Mining and Quarrying	-	-	-
Production	28,884	-	489
Electricity, Gas and Water	-	-	-
Construction	-	-	-
Services	-	-	-
Wholesale and Retail Trade	-	-	-
Accommodation and Dining	-	-	-
Transportation and Telecommunication	-	-	-
Financial Institutions	-	-	-
Real Estate and Rental Services	-	-	-
Professional Services	-	-	-
Educational Services	-	-	-
Health and Social Services	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-
Total	28,884	_	489

### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

#### INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### II. Explanations on credit risk (Continued)

#### 6. Information on movements in value adjustments and provisions

Current Period	Opening Balance	Provision for Period	Provision Reversals	Other Adjustments	Closing Balance
Stage III Expected Credit Loss	-	-	-	-	-
Stage I and Stage II Expected Credit Loss	56,955	29,076	(16,597)	-	69,434
	••,,,•••	.,	( ))))		, .
~~~ <u>_</u>	Opening	Provision	Provision	Other	Closing
Prior Period		· · ·	, , , ,	Other Adjustments	
	Opening	Provision	Provision		Closing

# 7. Information on collaterals, impairment, rating and maturity related to loans granted to individuals and corporates

Details of collaterals of standard and close monitoring loans granted to individuals and corporates are as follows:

Cash loans granted to individuals and corporates	Standard Loans Current Period	Standard Loans Prior Period	Loans Under Close Monitoring Current Period	Loans Under Close Monitoring Prior Period
Secured Loans:	10,577,688	5,329,688		19,768
Secured by Cash Collateral	9,131,953	4,280,090		
Secured by Mortgages	-	-		-
Secured by Treasury Guarantees or Securities Issued				
by Public Sector	-	-		-
Guarantees Issued by Financial Institutions	-	-		-
Other Collaterals (pledges, corporate and personal				
guarantees, promissory notes)	1,445,735	1,049,598		19,768
Non-Secured Loans	4,742,258	3,524,797		-
Total	15,319,946	8,854,485		19,768

### III. Explanations on currency risk

Currency risk position limit is determined in line with foreign currency net general position standard ratio. The Bank does not take foreign exchange and parity risk; transactions are usually hedged. Measurable and manageable risks are taken within legal limits.

As of 31 December 2021, the Bank has registered TL 321,490 from balance sheet short position (as of 31 December 2020: TL 298,283 from balance sheet short position) and TL 319,548 from off-balance sheet long position (31 December 2020: TL 297,244 from off-balance sheet long position). ) with a net foreign currency short position of 1,942 TL (31 December 2020: 1,039 TL net foreign currency short position). The "standard method" used in legal reporting is used to measure the currency risk it is exposed to.

The announced current foreign exchange buying rates of the Bank at 31 December 2021 and the previous five working days in full TL are as follows:

US Dollar purchase rate as at the balance sheet date	13.3290
Euro purchase rate as at the balance sheet date	15.0867

MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

#### INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

### III. Explanations on currency risk (Continued)

Date	USD Dollar	Euro
27 December 2021	11.3900	12.8903
28 December 2021	11.8302	13.4000
29 December 2021	12.2219	13.8011
30 December 2021	12.9775	14.6823
31 December 2021		

For December 2021, arithmetic average of US Dollar purchase rate is TL (full) **13.6356** and Euro purchase rate is TL (full) **15.4126** (For December 2020, arithmetic average of US Dollar purchase rate is TL (full) 7.4383 and Euro purchase rate is TL (full) 9.1069).

Current Period	EUR	USD	Other	Total
Assets				
Cash and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	3,232,978	2,424,709	-	5,657,687
Banks	1,531,765	9,942	69,921	1,611,628
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss (*)	-	-	-	-
Interbank Money Market Placements	-	-	-	-
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	-
Loans	5,101,693	8,529,301	76,694	13,707,688
Subsidiaries, Associates and Entities Under Common Control (Joint Vent.)	-	-	-	-
Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	-	-	-	-
Derivative Financial Assets Held for Hedging Purposes	-	-	-	-
Tangible Assets	-	-	-	-
Intangible Assets	-	-	-	-
Other Assets	150,867	160	-	151,027
Total Assets	10,017,303	10,964,112	146,615	21,128,030
Liabilities				
Banks Deposits	724,165	7,446,100	-	8,170,265
Foreign Currency Deposits	1,504,071	522,343	184,277	2,210,691
Interbank Money Market Borrowings	-	-	-	-
Funds Borrowed from Other Financial Institutions	4,273,659	6,760,255	-	11,033,914
Sundry Creditors	-	34,649	1	34,650
Marketable Securities Issued	-	-	-	-
Derivative Financial Liabilities Held for Hedging Purposes	-	-	-	-
Other Liabilities	-	-	-	-
Total Liabilities	6,501,895	14,763,347	184,278	21,449,520
Total Liabilities	3,515,408	(3,799,235)	(37,663)	(321,490)
Net Balance Sheet Position	(3,516,684)	3,797,508	38,724	319,548
Financial Derivative Assets	1,141,639	5,792,410	39,693	6,973,742
Financial Derivative Liabilities	4,658,323	1,994,902	969	6,654,194
Non-Cash Loans	206,376	1,883,766	6,044	2,096,186
Prior Period	-		-	
Total Assets	5,432,633	5,706,428	91.086	11,230,147
Total Liabilities	3,622,231	7,796,212	109,987	11,528,430
Net Balance Sheet Position	1,810,402	(2,089,784)	(18,901)	(298,283)
Net Off Balance Sheet Position	(1,811,177)	2,089,627	18,794	297,244
Derivative Financial Assets	654,151	2,783,191	36,745	3,474,087
Derivative Financial Liabilities	2,465,328	693,564	17,951	3,176,843
Non-Cash Loans	133,698	779,173	3,537	916,408
Ton Cash Doub	155,070	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	5,557	210,100

(\*) Derivative financial assets held for trading amounting to TL 108,787 and derivative financial liabilities held for trading amounting to TL 10,998 are not included in the currency risk table.

#### IV. Explanations interest rate risk

The Bank's interest rate sensitive assets and liabilities are monitored and sensitivity analysis are carried out for the impact of the interest rate fluctuations on the financial statements. The results are reported regularly to Asset Liability Committee, Risk Committee and the top management. The effects of interest rate fluctuations (volatility) on the Bank's financial statements in the forthcoming periods are assessed through sensitivity and scenario analysis. Potential losses due to changes in fair value of interest-sensitive products are calculated during these assessment through applying shocks to interest rates. The Bank considers interest rate risk in accordance with the Market Risk-Banking Book Policy and daily differences (gap) are controlled to be within the predetermined limits and are reported to top management.

### **MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş.** NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

### INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### IV. **Explanations interest rate risk (Continued)**

"Interest rate sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items (Based on repricing dates)":

Current Period End	Up to 1 Month	1-3 Months	3-12 Months	1-5 Years	Over 5 Years	Non-interest Bearing	Total
Assets							
Cash (Cash in TL, Cash in Foreign Currency, Cash in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and							
Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	2.481.126					3.232.978	5.714.104
Banks	440,181	150,956	1,358,721	-	-	102,039	2,051,897
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through	440,181	150,950	1,556,721	-	-	102,039	2,051,897
Profit or Loss							
Interbank Money Market Placements	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Financial Assets Measured at Fair	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Value through Other Comprehensive Income	_	_	_	_	_		
Loans	2,142,391	4,121,014	9,071,083	18,186	-	-	15,352,674
Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	2,142,571	4,121,014	,071,005	10,100	_		15,552,074
Other Assets (*)	-	-	-	-	-	266,758	266,758
Total Assets	5,063,698	4,271,970	10,429,804	18,186		3,601,775	23,385,433
Liabilities	5,005,070	4,2/1,9/0	10,429,004	10,100	_	0,001,775	20,000,400
Bank Deposits	4,166,591	1,549,165	2,455,252				8,171,008
Other Deposits	616.837		2,400,202	-	-	1,937,539	2,554,376
Interbank Money Market Borrowings		-	-	-	-	-	2,001,070
Sundry Creditors	-	-	-	-	-	41,474	41,474
Marketable Securities Issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Funds Borrowed from Other Financial Institutions	2,536,739	1,945,468	6,533,562	18,145	-	-	11,033,914
Other Liabilities (**)	_,,	-,,,,	-		-	1,584,661	1,584,661
Total Liabilities	7,320,167	3,494,633	8,988,814	18,145	-	3,563,674	23,385,433
	11 -	- / - /	- / /-	-, -		- / /-	- / /
Balance Sheet Long Position	-	777,337	1,440,990	41	-	38,101	2,256,469
Balance Sheet Short Position	(2,256,469)		-	-	-	-	(2,256,469)
Off-Balance Sheet Long Position	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Off-Balance Sheet Short Position	-	-		-	-	-	-
Total Position	(2,256,469)	777,337	1,440,990	41	-	38,101	-

Derivative financial assets, tangible and intangible assets, expected loss provisions, deferred tax assets and other assets are shown in the Non-interest Bearing column. Shareholders' equity, derivative financial liabilities and lease liabilities are shown in the Non-interest Bearing column. (\*)

(\*\*)

Prior Period End	Up to 1 Month	1-3 Months	3-12 Months	1-5 Years	Over 5 Years	Non-interest Bearing	Total
Assets				I cui s	e rears	bearing	10111
Cash (Cash in TL, Cash in Foreign Currency, Cash in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey Banks Financial Assets at Fair Value Through	1,313,263 730,471	182,462	684,219	-	-	1,862,726 46,824	3,175,989 1,643,976
Profit or Loss	-	-	-		-	-	-
Interbank Money Market Placements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial Assets Available-for-Sale	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loans	3,013,733	2,741,700	2,954,294	144,758	-	-	8,854,485
Investment Securities Held-to-Maturity	-		-	· -	-	-	
Other Assets (*)	-	-	-	-	-	130,726	130,726
Total Assets	5,057,467	2,924,162	3,638,513	144,758	-	2,040,276	13,805,176
Liabilities							
Bank Deposits	2,419,024	838,441	597,103	-	-	2	3,854,570
Other Deposits	320,094	-	-	-	-	862,713	1,182,807
Interbank Money Market Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sundry Creditors	-	-	-	-	-	1,696	1,696
Marketable Securities Issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Funds Borrowed from Other Financial Institutions	3,313,652	1,198,952	2,873,750	144,517	-	-	7,530,871
Other Liabilities (**)	-	-	-	-	-	1,235,232	1,235,232
Total Liabilities	6,052,770	2,037,393	3,470,853	144,517	-	2,099,643	13,805,176
D.I. OL D. 1/		004 740	1/2//0	2.11			1.054.680
Balance Sheet Long Position		886,769	167,660	241	-	-	1,054,670
Balance Sheet Short Position	(995,303)	-	-	-	-	(59,367)	(1,054,670)
Off-Balance Sheet Long Position	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Off-Balance Sheet Short Position	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Position	(995,303)	886,769	167,660	241	-	(59,367)	-

Derivative financial assets, tangible and intangible assets, expected loss provisions, deferred tax assets and other assets are (\*) shown in the Non-interest Bearing column.

(\*\*) Shareholders' equity, derivative financial liabilities and lease liabilities are shown in the Non-interest Bearing column.

### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

### INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### IV. Explanations interest rate risk (Continued)

#### Average interest rates applied to financial instruments

Current Period End	EUR%	USD%	JPY%	TL%
Assets				
Cash (Cash in TL, Cash in Foreign Currency, Cash in Transit, Cheques				
Purchased) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	-	-	-	8.50
Banks	0.56	-	-	15.00
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit/ Loss	-	-	-	-
Interbank Money Market Placements	-	-	-	-
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through				
Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	-
Loans	1.50	1.87	0.50	18.57
Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	-	-	-	-
Liabilities				
Bank Deposits	-	0.22	-	3.00
Other Deposits	-	0.05	-	14.38
Interbank Money Market Borrowings	-	-	-	-
Sundry Creditors	-	-	-	-
Marketable Securities Issued	-	-	-	-
Funds Borrowed from Other Financial Institutions	0.01	0.26	-	-
Duise Davied Find	EUD0/	USD0/	<b>IDV</b> 0/	<b>TI</b> 0/
Prior Period End	EUR%	USD%	JPY%	TL%
Assets	EUR%	USD%	JPY%	TL%
Assets Cash (Cash in TL, Cash in Foreign Currency, Cash in Transit, Cheques	EUR%	USD%	JPY%	
Assets Cash (Cash in TL, Cash in Foreign Currency, Cash in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey		USD%	JPY%	12.00
Assets Cash (Cash in TL, Cash in Foreign Currency, Cash in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey Banks	EUR% 	USD%	JPY% - -	
Assets Cash (Cash in TL, Cash in Foreign Currency, Cash in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey Banks Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit/ Loss		USD%	JPY%	12.00
Assets Cash (Cash in TL, Cash in Foreign Currency, Cash in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey Banks Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit/ Loss Interbank Money Market Placements		USD% - - -	JPY% - - -	12.00
Assets Cash (Cash in TL, Cash in Foreign Currency, Cash in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey Banks Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit/ Loss Interbank Money Market Placements Financial Assets Available-for-Sale	0.54			12.00
Assets Cash (Cash in TL, Cash in Foreign Currency, Cash in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey Banks Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit/ Loss Interbank Money Market Placements Financial Assets Available-for-Sale Loans		USD%	JPY%	12.00
Assets Cash (Cash in TL, Cash in Foreign Currency, Cash in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey Banks Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit/ Loss Interbank Money Market Placements Financial Assets Available-for-Sale Loans Investment Securities Held-to-Maturity	0.54			12.00
Assets Cash (Cash in TL, Cash in Foreign Currency, Cash in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey Banks Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit/ Loss Interbank Money Market Placements Financial Assets Available-for-Sale Loans Investment Securities Held-to-Maturity Liabilities	0.54	1.67		12.00 17.33 - 17.23
Assets Cash (Cash in TL, Cash in Foreign Currency, Cash in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey Banks Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit/ Loss Interbank Money Market Placements Financial Assets Available-for-Sale Loans Investment Securities Held-to-Maturity Liabilities Bank Deposits	0.54	1.67		12.00 17.33 - 17.23 - 3.00
Assets Cash (Cash in TL, Cash in Foreign Currency, Cash in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey Banks Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit/ Loss Interbank Money Market Placements Financial Assets Available-for-Sale Loans Investment Securities Held-to-Maturity Liabilities Bank Deposits Other Deposits	0.54	1.67		12.00 17.33 - 17.23
Assets         Cash (Cash in TL, Cash in Foreign Currency, Cash in Transit, Cheques         Purchased) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey         Banks         Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit/ Loss         Interbank Money Market Placements         Financial Assets Available-for-Sale         Loans         Investment Securities Held-to-Maturity         Liabilities         Bank Deposits         Other Deposits         Interbank Money Market Borrowings	0.54	1.67		12.00 17.33 - 17.23 - 3.00
Assets         Cash (Cash in TL, Cash in Foreign Currency, Cash in Transit, Cheques         Purchased) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey         Banks         Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit/ Loss         Interbank Money Market Placements         Financial Assets Available-for-Sale         Loans         Investment Securities Held-to-Maturity         Liabilities         Bank Deposits         Other Deposits         Interbank Money Market Borrowings         Sundry Creditors	0.54	1.67		12.00 17.33 - 17.23 - 3.00
Assets         Cash (Cash in TL, Cash in Foreign Currency, Cash in Transit, Cheques         Purchased) and Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey         Banks         Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit/ Loss         Interbank Money Market Placements         Financial Assets Available-for-Sale         Loans         Investment Securities Held-to-Maturity         Liabilities         Bank Deposits         Other Deposits         Interbank Money Market Borrowings	0.54	1.67		12.00 17.33 - 17.23 - 3.00

As per the "Regulation on Measurement and Evaluation of Interest Rate Risk Resulted from Banking Book as per Standard Shock Method" published by the BRSA on 23 August 2011, the Bank analyses and reports to the Bank's senior management the interest rate sensitivity of its equity on a monthly basis by applying positive and negative shocks to the interest sensitive on balance sheet and off-balance sheet positions which are distributed into groups based on their cashflows.

	Shock Applied	Gains/	Gains / Equity
Current Period	(+ / - x bps)	Losses	Losses / Equity
TRY	(+) 500 basis point	(29,280)	(1.93%)
TRY	(-) 400 basis point	25,141	1.65%
USD Dollar	(+) 200 basis point	(85)	(0.01%)
USD Dollar	(-) 200 basis point	210	0.01%
EURO	(+) 200 basis point	(4,959)	(0.33%)
EURO	(-) 200 basis point	5,150	0.34%
Total (For Negative Shocks)		30,501	0.02%
Total (For Positive Shocks)		(34,324)	(0.02%)

### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

### **INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)**

### IV. Explanations interest rate risk (Continued)

	Shock Applied	Gains/	Gains / Equity
Prior Period	(+ / - x bps)	Losses	Losses / Equity
TRY	500 basis point	(24,382)	(2.01%)
TRY	(400) basis point	21,140	1.74%
USD Dollar	200 basis point	2,579	0.21%
USD Dollar	(200) basis point	(2,620)	(0.22%)
EURO	200 basis point	11,517	0.95%
EURO	(200) basis point	(11,881)	(0.98%)
Total (For Negative Shocks)		6,639	0.55%
Total (For Positive Shocks)		(10,286)	(0.85%)

### V Explanations on equity securities position risk

The Bank does not have a position of equity securities as of 31 December 2021.

### VI. Explanations on liquidity risk

The Bank diversifies its funding resources with deposits and foreign bank borrowings to avoid the liquidity risk, monitors maturity mismatch between assets and liabilities and keeps liquid assets to meet probable liquidity needs that might result from market fluctuations.

Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR), aims for the banks having the ability to cover 30 days of liquidity needs with their own cash and high quality liquid assets that are easy to convert to cash during liquidity shortages in the markets. With that perspective and according to "Regulation for Banks' Liquidity Coverage Ratio Calculations" (the Regulation) terms LCR ratio is calculated by having high quality liquid assets divided by net cash outflows.

Items in balance sheet and off balance sheet items are taken into account after being multiplied by the coefficients envisaged in the Regulation. In LCR calculation cash inflows are limited by 75% of cash outflows and cash inflows from high quality liquid assets are not included.

High quality liquid assets consist of cash, deposits in central banks and securities considered as high quality liquid assets. Reserve deposits are included in high quality liquid assets, limited by the amount that is allowed by central bank to use in liquidity shortages.

The Bank's main funding sources are deposits, funds borrowed and money market borrowings.

In LCR calculation, cash outflows are mainly consist of deposits, secured and unsecured borrowings and off balace sheet items.

The cash flows from derivative financial instruments are included in LCR calculations according to provisions of the Regulation. The Bank also considers changes in fair value of the liabilities that result in margin calls when calculating cash outflows.

There was not any material changes in items included in LCR calculations during the period.

## MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

## INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

### VI. Explanations on liquidity risk (Continued)

### Liquidity coverage ratio

		weighted verage) <sup>(*)</sup>	Total Weighted Value (Average) <sup>(*)</sup>	
Current Period	TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC
High-Quality Liquid Assets				
1 Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)			4,541,057	4,481,444
Cash Outflows				
2 Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	109,410	73,185	5,472	3,664
3 Stable deposits	109,360	73,180	5,467	3,659
4 Less stable deposits	50	5	5	5
5 Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	4,457,049	4,233,024	4,457,049	4,233,024
6 Operational deposits	389,278	305,379	389,278	305,379
7 Non-operational deposits	265,516	213,018	265,516	213,018
8 Unsecured funding	3,802,255	3,714,627	3,802,225	3,714,627
9 Secured wholesale funding		i i		
10 Other cash outflows of which:	360,213	185,613	360,213	185,613
11 Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	360,213	185,613	360,213	185,613
12 Outflows related to restructured financial Instruments	-	-	-	-
Payment commitments and other off-balance sheet commitments				
13 granted for debts to financial markets	-	-	-	-
14 Other revocable off-balance sheet commitments and contractual obligations		-	-	-
15 Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable off-balance sheet obligations	2,071,206	1,199,742	411,971	297,498
16 Total Cash Outflows		i i	5,234,705	4,719,799
Cash Inflows				
17 Secured receivables	-	-	-	-
18 Unsecured receivables	1,659,235	902,243	1,659,236	902,243
19 Other cash inflows	299,556	139,964	299,556	139,964
20 Total Cash Inflows	1,958,792	1,042,207	1,958,792	1,042,207
21 Total HQLA			4,541,057	4,481,444
22 Total Net Cash Outflows			3,275,913	3,677,592
23 Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)			138.62	121.86

(\*) The average of last three months' liquidity coverage ratio calculated by weekly simple averages.

The table below presents highest, lowest and average liquidity coverage ratios of the last three month period ended 31 December 2021:

	Highest (%)	Date	Lowest (%)	Date	Average (%)
TL+FC	156.66	31.12.2021	92.18	02.12.2021	124.42
FC	151.66	31.12.2021	80.64	01.10.2021	116.10

### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

### **INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)**

#### VI. **Explanations on liquidity risk (Continued)**

#### Liquidity coverage ratio

	Total Unweighted Value (Average) <sup>(*)</sup>		Total Weighted Value (Average) <sup>(*</sup>	
Prior Period	TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC
High-Quality Liquid Assets				
1 Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)			3,213,507	3,192,106
Cash Outflows				
2 Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	75,030	61,365	3,887	3,320
3 Stable deposits	72,320	61,100	3,616	3,055
4 Less stable deposits	2,710	265	271	265
5 Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	3,642,982	3,518,909	3,642,982	3,518,909
6 Operational deposits	237,794	165,275	237,794	165,275
7 Non-operational deposits	190,287	149,692	190,287	149,692
8 Unsecured funding	3,214,901	3,203,942	3,214,901	3,203,942
9 Secured wholesale funding			-	-
10 Other cash outflows of which:	369,204	21,197	369,204	21,197
11 Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	369,204	21,197	369,204	21,197
12 Outflows related to restructured financial Instruments	-	-	-	-
Payment commitments and other off-balance sheet commitments				
13 granted for debts to financial markets	-	-	-	-
14 Other revocable off-balance sheet commitments and contractual obligations	-	-	-	-
15 Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable off-balance sheet obligations	1,812,247	817,828	251,866	191,901
16 Total Cash Outflows			4,267,939	3,735,327
Cash Inflows				
17 Secured receivables	-	-	-	-
18 Unsecured receivables	1,560,381	625,927	1,560,382	625,927
19 Other cash inflows	364,286	343,480	364,286	343,480
20 Total Cash Inflows	1,924,667	969,407	1,924,668	969,407
21 Total HOLA			3.213.507	3,192,106
22 Total Net Cash Outflows				2,765,920
23 Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)			137.14	115.41

(\*) The average of last three months' liquidity coverage ratio calculated by weekly simple averages.

The table below presents highest, lowest and average liquidity coverage ratios of the last three month period ended 31 December 2020:

	Highest (%)	Date	Lowest (%)	Date	Average (%)
TL+FC	180.16	27 November 2020	82.16	30 October 2020	131.16
FC	123.63	20 November 2020	93.24	4 December 2020	108.43

### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

### INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

### VI. Explanations on liquidity risk (Continued)

### 1. Contractual maturity analysis of liabilities according to remaining maturities

The remaining maturities table of the contractual liabilities includes the undiscounted future cash outflows for the principal amounts of the Bank's financial liabilities as per their earliest likely contractual maturities.

31 December 2021	Carrying value	Gross nominal outflows	Demand	Up to 1 month	1-3 months	3-12 months	1-5 years	5 years and over
Non-derivative financial								
liabilities								
Bank deposits	8,171,008	8,178,475	-	4,166,796	1,549,408	2,462,271	-	-
Other deposits	2,554,376	2,555,485	1,937,539	617,946	-	-	-	-
Interbank money market								
takings	11,033,914	11,042,692	-	2,536,874	1,953,327	6,539,108	13,383	-
Total	21,759,298	21,776,652	1,937,539	7,321,616	3,502,735	9,001,379	13,383	-

31 December 2020	Carrying value	Gross nominal outflows	Demand	Up to 1 month	1-3 months	3-12 months	1-5 years	5 years and over
Non-derivative financial								
liabilities								
Bank deposits	3,854,570	3,855,725	2	2,419,295	838,955	597,473	-	-
Other deposits	1,182,807	1,183,715	862,713	321,002	- í	-	-	-
Interbank money market	, ,	, ,	,	,				
takings	7,530,871	7,542,232	-	3,314,704	1,205,808	2,927,807	93,913	-
Total	12,568,248	12,581,672	862,715	6,055,001	2,044,763	3,525,280	93,913	-

#### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

#### INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### VI. Explanations on liquidity risk (Continued)

#### Presentation of assets and liabilities according to their remaining maturities:

	Demand	Up to	1-3	3-12	1-5	5 Years		
Current Period	Deposits	1 Month	Months	Months	Year	and Over	Unallocated	Total
Assets								
Cash (Cash in TL, Cash in Foreign Currency, Cash in Transit, Cheques Purchased) and								
Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	154,167	5,559,937						5,714,104
Banks	102,039	440,183	150,955	1,358,720			-	2,051,897
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit	102,057	440,105	150,755	1,550,720				2,051,077
or Loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interbank Money Market Placements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value								
through Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loans	-	745,656	2,008,614	10,298,871	2,059,611	239,922	-	15,352,674
Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	-	-	-	-	-	-	150,078	266,758
Other Assets (*)	-	83,546	30,664	2,470	-	-	-	-
Total Assets	256,206	6,829,322	2,190,233	11,660,061	2,059,611	239,922	150,078	23,385,433
Liabilities								
Bank Deposits	-	4,166,591	1,549,165	2,455,252	-	-	-	8,171,008
Other Deposits	1,937,539	616,837	-	-	-	-	-	2,554,376
Funds Borrowed from Other Financial								
Institutions	-	2,536,740	1,952,481	6,531,417	13,276	-	-	11,033,914
Interbank Money Market Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Marketable Securities Issued	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Sundry Creditors	-	-	-	-	-	-	41,474	41,474
Other Liabilities (**)	-	19,365	31,779	3,495	3,419	-	1,526,603	1,584,661
Total Liabilities	1,937,539	7,339,533	3,533,425	8,990,164	16,695	-	1,568,077	23,385,433
Net Liquidity Gap	(1,681,333)	(510,211)	(1,343,192)	2,669,897	2,042,916	239,922	(1,417,999)	-
Net Off-Balance Sheet Position	-	64,105	6,897	214	-	-	-	71,216
Derivative Financial Assets	-	6,206,205	1,041,835	634,987	-	-	-	7,883,027
Derivative Financial Liabilities	-	6,142,100	1,034,938	634,773	-	-	-	7,811,811
Non-Cash Loans	-	164,075	1,687,208	129,818	231,706	-	483,559	2,696,366
Prior Period								
Total Assets	118.065	4,991,104	1,514,824	5,332,872	1,667,300	89,033	91,978	13,805,176
Total Liabilities	862,715	6,061,401	2,050,379	3,524,969	94,442	-	1,211,270	13,805,176
Net Liquidity Gap	(744,650)	(1,070,297)	(535,555)	1,807,903	1,572,858	89,033	(1,119,292)	-
	( )*)				,- ,	,	<u> </u>	
Net Off-Balance Sheet Position	-	4,711	11,649	220	-	-	-	16,580
Derivative Financial Assets	-	2,569,028	690,621	567,136	-	-	-	3,826,785
Derivative Financial Liabilities	-	2,564,317	678,972	566,916	-	-	-	3,810,205
Non-Cash Loans	-	8,723	666,191	105,470	111,844	-	525,786	1,418,014

(\*) Certain assets on the balance sheet that are necessary for the banking operations but not convertible into cash in the short term such as tangible assets, stationary supplies and prepaid expenses are included in this column.

(\*\*) Shareholders' equity and provisions are classified in other liabilities in unallocated column.

#### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

#### INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### VI. Explanations on liquidity risk (Continued)

#### Presentation of assets and liabilities according to their remaining maturities (Continued):

Analysis of Bank's derivative financial instruments according to their remaining maturities:

	Up to 1	1-3	3-12	1-5	Over 5	
Current Period	month	Months	Months	Years	Years	Total
Forwards Contracts- Buy	2,683,576	503,799	337,866	-	-	3,525,241
Forward Contracts – Sell	2,690,600	494,499	341,024	-	-	3,526,123
Swaps – Buy	3,569,353	491,312	297,121	-	-	4,357,786
Swaps – Sell	3,498,278	493,661	293,749	-	-	4,285,688
Credit Default Swap – Buy	-	-	-	-	-	-
Credit Default Swap – Sell	-	-	-	-	-	-
Forward Precious Metal - Buy	-	-	-	-	-	-
Forward Precious Metal - Sell	-	-	-	-	-	-
Money Buy Options	-	-	-	-	-	-
Money Sell Options	-	-	-	-	-	-
Swaps Interest – Buy	-	-	-	-	-	-
Swaps Interest – Sell	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	12,441,807	1,983,271	1,269,760	-	-	15,694,838
	Up to 1	1-3	3-12	1-5	Over 5	
Prior Period	month	Months	Months	Years	Years	Total
Forwards Contracts- Buy	568,051	305,434	332,686	-	-	1,206,171
Forward Contracts – Sell	560,089	286,550	328,699	-	-	1,175,338
Swaps – Buy	2,000,977	385,187	234,450	-	-	2,620,614
Swaps – Sell	2,004,228	392,422	238,217	-	-	2,634,867
Credit Default Swap – Buy	-			-	-	-
Credit Default Swap – Sell	-	-	-	-	-	-
Forward Precious Metal - Buy	-	-	-	-	-	-
Forward Precious Metal - Sell	-	-	-	-	-	-
Money Buy Options	-	-	-	-	-	-
Money Sell Options	-	-	-	-	-	-
Swaps Interest – Buy	-	-	-	-	-	-
Swaps Interest – Sell	-	-	-	-	-	-

#### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

#### INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### VII. Explanations on leverage ratio

The leverage ratio table prepared in accordance with the communiqué "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Leverage Ratios of Banks" published in the Official Gazette no. 28812 dated 5 November 2013 is presented below:

On-balance sheet assets	Current Period (*)	Prior Period (*)
On-balance sheet items (excluding derivative financial instruments and		
<sup>1</sup> credit derivatives but including collaterals)	20,362,630	13,707,542
2 (Assets deducted in determining Tier 1 capital)	-	-
3 Total on-balance sheet risks (sum of lines 1 and 2)	20,362,630	13,707,542
Derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives		
4 Replacement cost associated with all derivative instruments and credit derivatives	71,447	30,170
5 Add-on amounts for potential future exposure associated with all derivative		
instruments and credit derivatives	(14,368)	6,707
6 Total risks of derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives (sum of lines 4 to 5)	57,079	36,877
Securitisation or commodity financing transactions (SCFT)		
7 Risks from SCFT assets	-	-
8 Risks from brokerage activities related exposures	-	-
O Total risks related with securitisations or commodity financing transactions		
(sum of lines 7 to 8)	-	-
Off-balance sheet transactions		
10 Gross notional amounts of off-balance sheet transactions	2,514,268	1,489,199
11 (Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts)	-	-
12 Total risks of off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 10 and 11)	2,514,268	1,489,199
Capital and total risks		
13 Tier 1 capital	1,412,298	1,146,029
14 Total risks (sum of lines 3, 6, 9 and 12)	22,933,977	15,233,618
Leverage ratio		
15 Leverage ratio	6.33	7.52

(\*) Amounts in the table are three-month average amounts.

#### VIII. Explanations on presentation of financial assets and liabilities at their fair values

	Carry	ing Value	Fair Value		
-	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	
Financial Assets	23,118,675	13,674,450	23,118,675	13,674,450	
Central Banks	5,714,104	3,175,989	5,714,104	3,175,989	
Banks	2,051,897	1,643,976	2,051,897	1,643,976	
Loans	15,352,674	8,854,485	15,352,674	8,854,485	
Financial Liabilities	21,805,892	12,573,764	21,805,892	12,573,764	
Banks Deposits	8,171,008	3,854,570	8,171,008	3,854,570	
Other Deposits	2,554,376	1,182,807	2,554,376	1,182,807	
Borrowings from Other Financial Institutions	11,033,914	7,530,871	11,033,914	7,530,871	
Miscellaneous Payables	41,474	1,696	41,474	1,696	
Lease Obligations	5,120	3,820	5,120	3,820	

#### IX. The classification of fair value measurements

The table below analyses financial instruments measured at fair value by valuation method. The fair value measurement methods according to levels are:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 : Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices)
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs)

#### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

#### INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### IX. The classification of fair value measurements (Continued)

Current Preiod	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets				
Derivative financial assets	-	116,880	-	116,880
Financial Liabilities				
Derivative financial liabilities	-	52,938	-	52,938
Prior Preiod	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets				
Derivative financial assets held for trading	-	38,748	-	38,748
Financial Liabilities				
Derivative financial liabilities held for trading	-	21,838	-	21,838

#### X. Explanations on transactions carried out on behalf of customers and fiduciary activities

None (31 December 2021: None).

#### XI. Explanations on risk management

Notes and explanations in this section have been prepared in accordance with the "Communiqué On Disclosures About Risk Management To Be Announced To Public By Banks" that have been published in Official Gazette no. 29511 on 23 October 2015 also have taken effect on 31 March 2016.

#### **Risk Management Strategy**

The Bank does not apply any netting on balance sheet and off-balance sheet. Guarantees and derivatives are not used as credit mitigation techniques; but only financial collaterals consisting of cash blokages are used.

Risk Management System refers to the Board of Directors, the Audit Committee, the Risk Management Committee, the Asset Liability Committee and the Risk Management Department in order to manage systemic risks that the Bank is exposed to. The Board of Directors is the owner of the Bank's Risk Management System and ensures the establishment of an effective, sufficient and appropriate risk management system as well as the continuity of the system. The main objective of the Bank's Risk Management System is to identify, measure, monitor and control the risks that the Bank is exposed to, by determining the policies, limits and procedures to control, to monitor, and if necessary to change the risk-return structure of the Bank's fluture cash flows and the level and the quality of related activities.

As part of the Risk Management System, the Asset Liability Committee presentation is prepared on a weekly basis and the Risk Committee presentation is made on a monthly basis. The presentations mainly consists of the Bank's financial statements, profit and loss analysis, Credit Risk, Market Risk, Liquidity Risk, Concentration Risk, Interest Rate Risk on Banking Book, and Operational Risk as well as the risk that the Bank is currently exposed to or possible risks.

The Bank's risk management strategy is to ensure that risk management culture is recognized and risk management principles are widely embraced throughout the Bank and its affiliates, an integrated risk management system is established which pursues risk-return-capital relationship. Essential principles are adopted in order to ensure that policies determined to assess and manage risks the Bank is exposed to, are kept updated, adapted to changing conditions, applied and managed.

MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

#### INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### XI. Explanations on risk management (Continued)

#### **Risk Management Strategy (Continued)**

It is the ultimate responsibility of the senior management to apply and improve risk management strategies, policies and procedures that are approved by the board of directors, inform the board of directors about the important risks the Bank is exposed to, assess internal control, internal audit and risk reports with regard to the Banks' departments and to eliminate the risks, deficiencies or defects identified in these departments or to take the necessary precautionary actions to prevent those risks, deficiencies and defects and participate in the determination of risk limits.

Risk management activities are structured under the responsibility of the board of directors. The Risk Committee composed of the members of the board is responsible to oversee the Bank's risk management policies and practices, including the alignment with its strategic objectives and management's ability to assess and manage the various risks present in its activities including capital adequacy and planning and liquidity adequacy, as well as all other risk management functions envisioned under the applicable laws and regulations. Upper level management is responsible against the board of directors for the monitoring and management of risks that their departments are exposed to. Accordingly, the Risk Management Department, which performs risk management functions, reports to the board of directors via the Risk Committee, whereas the Internal Audit Department, performing internal audit functions, and the Internal Control and Compliance Department, performing internal control functions, report directly to the board of directors.

The Bank aims the importance of risk management for maintaining business operations is understood and risk awareness and sensitivity is ensured in decision making and implementation mechanisms process by all employees for risk management activities.

The Bank measures and monitors risks exposed, by considering methods in line with international standards being in compliant with legislation. Risk measurment and reporting are performed via advanced methods, risk management software, and internal models. Risk based detailed reports are prepared for management of significant risks, in order to determine strategies and take decisions, in this respect, periodic and non-periodic reports are prepared for board of directors, relevant committees and senoir management.

The Bank's risk framework determines the risk level that the board of directions is prepared to accept in order to accomplish the goals and strategies with due consideration to the capacity of the institution to safely absorbing those risks and risk based limits are regularly monitored. Risks that the Bank is exposed, is managed by providing effective control environment and monitoring limits.

The Risk Management conducts the implementation of internal capital adequacy assessment report to be sent to the BRSA, by coordinating relevant parties. Stress test report is sent to the BRSA, which evaluates how adverse effects on macroeconomic parameters, in the scope of determined scenarios, affect the Bank's 3 budget plan and results, and certain ratios, including capital adequacy.

Training programs for employees, risk reports to the board of directors, senior management and committees, risk appetite framework established by the Bank and internal capital adequacy assessment process generate significant inputs to ensure that risk management culture is widely embraced.

#### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

#### INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### XI. Explanations on risk management (Continued)

#### **Risk Management Strategy (Continued)**

#### 1. Risk weighted amounts

		Risk Weighte	Minimum Capital Requirements	
		Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period
1	Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk) (CCR) (*)	6,145,964	5,929,013	491,677
2	Of which standardised approach (SA)	6,145,964	5,929,013	491,677
3	Of which internal rating-based (IRB) approach	-	, ,	-
4	Counterparty credit risk	111.619	54,513	8,929
5	Of which standardised approach for counterpary	,	,	,
	credit risk (SA-CCR)	111,619	54,513	8,929
6	Of which internal model method (IMM)	<i>-</i>	-	-
7	Equity position in banking book under basic risk weighting			
	or internal rating-based	-	-	-
8	Equity investments in funds – look-through approach	-	-	-
9	Equity investments in funds – mandate-based approach	-		-
10	Equity investments in funds – 1250% risk			
	weighting Approach	-	-	-
11	Settlement risk	-	-	-
12	Securitisation exposures in banking book	-	-	-
13	Of which IRB ratings-based approach (RBA)	-	-	-
14	Of which IRB supervisory formula approach (SFA)	-	-	-
15	Of which SA/simplified supervisory formula			
	approach (SSFA)	-	-	-
16	Market risk	162,896	179,109	13,032
17	Of which standardised approach (SA)	162,896	179,109	13,032
18	Of which internal model approaches (IMM)	-	,	
19	Operational risk	619,561	546.624	49,565
20	Of which basic indicator approach	619,561	546,624	49,565
21	Of which standardised approach	-		-
22	Of which advanced measurement approach	-	-	-
23	Amounts below the thresholds for deduction from capital			
	(subject to 250% risk weight)	-	-	-
24	Floor adjustment	-	-	-
25	Total (1+4+7+8+9+10+11+12+16+19+23+24)	7,040,040	6,709,259	563,203

#### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

#### INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### XI. Explanations on risk management (Continued)

#### 2. Linkages between financial statements and risk amounts

### 2.1 Differences and matching between asset and liabilities' carrying values in financial statements and risk amounts in capital adequacy calculation

		Carrying values of items in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards				
	Carrying values in financial statements prepared as per TAS	Subject to credit risk	Subject to counterparty credit risk	Subject to market risk <sup>(*)</sup>	Not subject to capita requirements or subject to deduction from capita	
Assets						
Cash (Cash on Hand, Money in Transit, Purchased Cheques)	5,714,104	5,714,104	-	-		
and Balances With Central Bank of Turkey						
Financial Assets Held for Trading	116,680	116,680	116,680	116,680		
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	-	· -	-	-		
Banks	2,051,897	2,051,897	-	1,118,031		
Interbank Money Markets Placements	-	-	-	-		
Financial Assets Available-for-Sale	-	-		-		
Loans and Receivables	15,352,674	15,352,674		13,707,688		
Factoring Receivables						
Investment Held-to-Maturity			_			
Investment in Associates			_	_		
Investment in Subsidiaries	_	_	-	-		
Investment in Joint-Ventures	-	-	-	-		
Lease Receivables	-	-	-	-		
Derivative Financial Assets Held for Risk Management	-	-	-	-		
		-	-	-		
Tangible Assets	11,410	8,944	-	-		
Intangible Assets	8,068	8,068	-			
Investment Property		-	-	-		
Tax Asset	7,363	-	-	-		
Assets Held for Sale and Assets of Discontinued Operations	-	-	-	-		
Other Assets	123,237	123,237	-	-		
Total Assets	23,385,433	23,375,604	116,680	14,942,399	-	
Liabilities						
Deposits	10,725,384			10,725,384		
Derivative Financial Liabilities Held for Trading	52,938		_	52,938		
Funds Borrowed	11,033,914		_	11,033,914		
Interbank Money Markets	11,055,714	_	-	11,055,714		
Securities Issued	-	-	-	-		
Funds	-	-	-	-		
Miscellaneous Payables	-	-	-	-		
Other External Fundings Payable	56.042	-	-	56.042		
	56,043	-	-	56,043		
Factoring Payables	-	-	-	-		
Lease Payables	5,120	-	-	5,120	-	
Derivative Financial Liabilities Held for Risk Management	-	-	-	-		
Provisions	23,558	-	-	23,558		
Tax Liability	26,770	-	-	26,770		
Liabilities for Assets Held for Sale and Assets of Discontinued Operations	-	-	-	-		
Subortinated Debts	-	-	-	-		
Shareholders' Equity	1,461,706	-	-	1,461,706		
Total Liabilities	23,385,433		-	23,385,433		

### 2.2 Major items causing differences between assets and liabilities' carrying values in financial statements and risk amounts in capital adequacy calculation

		Total	Subject to credit risk	Subject to counterparty credit risk	Subject to market risk (*)
1	Carrying Value of Assets in Accordance with				
	Communiqué "Preparation of Financial Statements"	23,385,433	23,375,604	116,680	14,942,399
2	Carrying Value of Debt Instruments that are Subjected				
2	to Counterparty Credit Risk as per TAS	-	-	-	23,385,433
2	Carrying Value of Liabilities that are Subjected to				
3	Counterparty Credit Risk as per TAS	23,385,433	-	-	-
4	Carrying Value of Other Liabilities as per TAS	-	-	-	-
5	Total Net Amount	-	23,375,604	116,680	(8,443,034)
6	Off-balance Sheet Amounts (**)	-	-	-	-
7	Differences Resulted from the BRSA's Applications	-	-	-	-
8	Credit Valuation Adjustment	-	-	-	-
9	Repurchase Transactions	-	-	-	-
10	Risk Amounts	-	-	-	-

(\*) Disclosed based on gross position amounts subject to general market risk and specific risk.

(\*\*) Off-balance sheet amounts subject to capital adequacy ratios.

MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

#### INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### XI. Explanations on risk management (Continued)

- 2. Linkages between financial statements and risk amounts (Continued)
  - 2.3 Explanations on differences between carrying values in financial statements and risk amounts in capital adequacy calculation of assets and liabilities in accordance with TAS

There is no material differences between the carrying values in financial statements and the risk amounts in capital adequacy calculation of assets and liabilities.

#### 3. Credit Risk

#### 3.1 General information on credit risk

#### 3.1.1 General qualitative information on credit risk

Credit risk is defined as risks and losses that may occur if the counterparty fails to comply with the agreement's requirements and cannot perform its obligations partially or completely on the terms set.

In accordance with the regulation, credit risk limits are allocated in line with regulations according to financial position and needs of credit customers under the authorized limits of General Manager, Credit Committee and Board of Directors. If it is required the aforementioned limits can be changed by the Bank.

The Bank keeps track of the loans of customers and other receivables in terms of the credit worthiness with respect to the relevant legislation. Additionally, the status of accounts for new loans are checked and updated if needed. In accordance with relevant legislation, the Bank follows the risk limits on the basis of debtor and the debtor group.

The Bank uses a credit rating system to measure and evaluate the credit risk effectively. This is a mandatory step for all loan applications. The credit rating system assesses the total credit risk of each customer. The Bank evaluates the collaterals obtained for the reduction of credit risk when initially obtaining the collaterals and subsequently at least once every year taking into consideration the results of the risk rating system.

The Bank manages and monitors its credit risk until the loan repayment is completed, related loan is cancelled or derecognized. The Bank has limits to control the positions of derivatives and other similar contracts and these limits are monitored daily.

#### 3.1.2 Credit quality of assets

		statements pre	ving value in financial pared in accordance with punting Standards (TAS)	Allowances/amortisati on and impairments	Net values
		Defaulted	Non-defaulted exposures		
1	Loans	-	17,521,251	65,879	17,455,372
2	Debt securities	-	-	-	-
3	Off-balance sheet exposures	-	2,696,366	2,967	2,693,399
4	Total	-	20,217,617	68,846	20,148,771

MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

#### INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### XI. Explanations on risk management (Continued)

3. Credit Risk

#### 3.1.3 Changes in the stock of default loans and debt securities

None.

#### 3.1.4 Additional information on credit quality of assets

Breakdown accourding to maturity:

	Up to					5 Years and	
31 December 2021	Demands	1 Month	1-3 Months	3-12 Months	1-5 Years	Over	Total
Loans	-	745,656	2,008,614	10,298,871	2,059,611	239,922	15,352,674

### Breakdown of restructured receivables based on whether or not provisions are allocated:

#### 31 December 2021

Loans Structured from Standard Loans and Other Receivables	1,155,461
Loans Composed of Follow-up Loans and Other Receivables	32,728
Loans Restructured from Non-Performing Loans	-

#### Ageing analysis of accounting past-due exposures

The Bank has no past-due exposures.

#### 3.2 Credit risk mitigation techniques

#### 3.2.1 Qualitative disclosure on credit risk mitigation techniques

The Bank assesses the cash flow of the activity or investment subject to credit as the primary repayment source during the credit assignment process.

The value of the collateral that is calculated depends on the margins determined according to market and currency risks. Standard margins applied throughout the Bank are specific to type of the collateral and changes according to the type, maturity and currency of the collateral.

If the assignment of the credit is based on a collateral, the relevant data of the collaterals must be entered to Banking information system. These transactions are handled by the centralized Operation Department.

The Bank monitors the up-to-date values of the collaterals by type. Credit monitoring process involves the control of the balance between the value of the collateral and the risk besides the creditworthiness of the customer.

The Bank's credit risk exposure and mitigation techniques used in order to reduce the exposure level are taken into account according to the principles stated in the related regulation. The Bank applies credit risk mitigation according to the comprehensive financial collateral method that includes risk mitigation calculations based on the volatility-adjusted values of financial collaterals. The standardized risk weights are applied to the rest of the loans and receivables that remain unprotected after the use of credit risk mitigation techniques. Cash or cash equivalents or borrowing instruments that have a high credit quality are used in credit risk mitigation.

#### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

#### INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### XI. Explanations on risk management (Continued)

#### 3.2 Credit risk mitigation techniques

#### 3.2.2 Credit risk mitigation techniques

		Exposures unsecured: carrying amount as per TAS	Exposures secured by collateral	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by collateral	Exposures secured by financial guarantees	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by financial guarantees	Exposures secured by credit derivatives	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by credit derivatives
1	Loans	10,511,035	4,841,639	4,841,639	-	-	-	-
2	Debt securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Total	10,511,035	4,841,639	4,841,639	-	-	-	-
4	Of which defaulted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

#### 3.3 Credit risk under standardised approach

#### 3.3.1 Credit risk exposure and credit risk mitigation techniques

		Exposures befo CR		Exposures post-	CCF and CRM	RWA and RW	A density
	-	<b>On-balance</b>	<b>Off-balance</b>	<b>On-balance</b>	<b>Off-balance</b>		RWA
	Risk classes	sheet amount	sheet amount	sheet amount	sheet amount	RWA	density
1	Exposures to sovereigns and their central banks	4,023,443	-	4,045,878	-	2,544	%0.06
2	Exposures to regional and local governments	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Exposures to administrative bodies and non- commercial entities	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Exposures to multilateral development banks	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Exposures to international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Exposures to banks and brokerage houses	4,729,182	2,272,628	4,027,697	268,557	2,032,752	%47.31
7	Exposures to corporates	7,760,051	1,467,131	3,363,795	737,567	4,101,362	%100.00
8	Retail exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	Exposures secured by residential property	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Exposures secured by commercial property	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	Past-due items	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Exposures in high-risk categories	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Exposures in the form of bonds secured by mortgages	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	Short term exposures to banks, brokerage houses and corporates	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	Exposures in the form of collective investment undertakings	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	Other exposures	119,625	-	119,625	-	119,625	%100.00
17	Equity share investments	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Total	16,632,301	3,739,759	11,556,995	1,006,124	6,256,283	%49.80

# MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

- XI. Explanations on risk management (Continued)
- 3.3 Credit risk under standardised approach (Continued)
- 3.3.2 Exposures by asset classes and risk weights

1	;				35% secured by							Total risk amount
Regi	Regulatory portfolio	0%0	0% 10%	20%	property mortgage	50%	50% 75%	100%	150%	200%	Others	100% 150% 200% Others (post-CCF and CRM)
1 Expc	Exposures to sovereigns and their central banks	3,918,655	•	•	•		•		•	•	127,223	4,045,878
2 Expc	Exposures to regional and local government	'	•	•	•	'	'		'	'	'	•
3 Expc	Exposures to administrative bodies and non-commercial entities	1	,	'		'	'	'	'	'	'	
4 Expc	Exposures to multilateral development banks	'	1			'	1	'	ı	'	'	•
5 Expc	Exposures to international organizations	'	'	'		1	'	'	'	'	'	
6 Expc	Exposures to banks and brokerage houses	'	'	528,342		3,681,658	'	86,254	1	'	'	4,296,254
7 Expc	Exposures to corporates	'	'	'		1	'	4,101,362	'	'	'	4,101,362
8 Reta:	Retail exposures	1	,	'		'	'	1	'	'	'	
9 Expc	Exposures secured by residential property	'	'	'		'	'	'	'	'	'	
0 Expc	Exposures secured by commercial property	'	'	'		'	'	'	'	'	'	•
1 Past-	Past-due items	'	•	'		'	'	'	'	'	'	•
2 Expc	Exposures in high-risk categories	ı	'	'		'	'	'	'	'	'	
3 Expc	Exposures in the form of bonds secured by mortgages	'	'	'		'	'	'	'	'	'	•
4 Shor	Short term exposures to banks, brokerage houses and corporates	'	1			'	1	'	ı	'	'	•
5 Expc	Exposures in the form of collective investment undertakings	'	'	'		'	'	'	ı	'	'	•
6 Equi	Equity share investments	'	'	'		1	'	'	'	'	'	
7 Othe	Other exposures	ı	'	'		'	'	119,625	'	'	'	119,625
18 Total		3.918.655	•	528 342		3 691 659		4 307 741			117 773	17 563 110

MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

#### INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### XI. Explanations on risk management (Continued)

#### 4. Explanations on counterparty credit risk (CCR)

#### 4.1 Qualitative disclosure on counterparty credit risk

Counterparty credit risk management policies include evaluating and monitoring risk developments, taking necessary preventative measures, establishing risk limits, ensuring that the risks remain within the limits, and establishing required reporting, control and audit mechanisms by using the methods aligned with both international standards and local regulations. The policies regarding counterparty credit risk measurement, monitoring, and limits are defined by the Board of Directors.

Counterparty credit risk arising from derivative transactions is periodically being monitored and reported by Risk Department based on product, country, counterparty and counterparty type.

#### 4.2 Counterparty credit risk (CCR) approach analysis

		Replacement cost	Potential future exposure	EEPE(Effective Expected Positive Exposure)	Alpha used for computing regulatory EAD	EAD post- CRM	RWA
1	Standardised Approach -CCR (for derivatives)	154,694	-		1.40	154,694	111,619
2	Internal Model Method (for repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and securities financing transactions)			-	-		-
3	Simple Approach for credit risk mitigation (for repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and securities financing transactions)					-	-
4	Comprehensive Approach for credit risk mitigation (for repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and securities financing transactions)					-	-
5	Value-at-Risk (VaR) for repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and securities financing transactions					-	-
6	Total						111,619

4.3 Capital requirement for credit valuation adjustment (CVA)

		EAD post-CRM	RWA
	Total portfolios subject to the Advanced CVA capital obligation	-	-
1	(i) VaR component (including the 3×multiplier)		-
2	(ii) Stressed VaR component (including the 3×multiplier)		-
3	All portfolios subject to the Standardised CVA capital obligation	132,259	111,170
4	Total subject to the CVA capital obligation	132,259	111,170

#### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

#### INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### XI. Explanations on risk management (Continued)

#### 4. Explanations on counterparty credit risk (CCR) (Continued)

#### 4.4 CCR exposures by risk class and risk weights

Risk weight									Total credit
Regulatory portfolio	0%	10%	20%	50%	75%	100%	150%	Other	exposure
Exposures to sovereigns and their central banks	-	-	-	-	-	-		22,435	22,435
Exposures to regional and local governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to administrative bodies and non-									
commercial entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Exposures to multilateral development banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to banks and brokerage houses	-	-	17,639	13,956	-	76,002	-	-	107,597
Exposures to corporates	-	-	-	-	-	24,663	-	-	24,663
Retail exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures secured by residential property	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures secured by commercial property	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Past-due items	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures in high-risk categories	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures in the form of bonds secured by									
mortgages	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Short term exposures to banks, brokerage houses									
and corporates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures in the form of collective investment									
undertakings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity share investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	17,639	13,956	-	100,665	-	22,435	154,695

#### 4.5 Collaterals for CCR

None.

#### 4.6 Credit derivatives

None.

#### 5. Securitisations

None.

#### 6. Market risk

#### 6.1 Qualitative disclosure on market risk

In order to comply with the regulations, the Bank set its activities related to market risk management in accordance with "the Internal Systems and Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Processes of Banks" published in the Official Gazette no. 29057 dated 11 July 2014.

#### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

#### INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### XI. Explanations on risk management (Continued)

#### 6. Market risk (Continued)

#### 6.1 Qualitative disclosure on market risk (Continued)

Market risk management activities in the Bank, includes the measurement of risks due to price, interest and exchange rate fluctuations in the financial market. In this context, risk measurement and limit checks on a daily basis are performed taking into account the limits specified in the market risk- trading book policy. Risk Committee, Asset-Liability-Committee and the top management of the Bank are informed about the results of the controls.

At 2021, the Bank calculated capital requirement for interest rate risk, currency risk and counterparty risk. In 2021 and within the scope of the Bank's activities, no capital requirements arised from equity, commodity, swap risks due to no positions existing that requires any calculation for these risks. The Bank reviews its stress tests by the end of year. Stress tests are applied in the predetermined frequencies during the year and reported to the BRSA as of the year end.

#### 6.2 Standardised approach

		RWA	
		Current Period	Prior Period
	Outright products	162,896	179,109
1	Interest rate risk (general and specific)	13,325	24,033
2	Equity risk (general and specific)	-	-
3	Foreign exchange risk	149,571	155,076
4	Commodity risk	-	-
	Options	-	-
5	Simplified approach	-	-
6	Delta-plus method	-	-
7	Scenario approach	-	-
8	Securitisation	-	-
9	Total	162,896	179,109

#### 7. Operational Risk

Current Period	31 December 2019	31 December 2020	31 December 2021	Total/ No. of Years of Positive Gross Income	Rate (%)	Total
Gross Income	315,992	367,659	307,646	3	%15	49,565
Value at Operational						
Risk (Total*12.5)						619,561
				Total/ No. of Years of		
Prior Period	31December 2018	31December 2019	31 December 2020	Total/ No. of Years of Positive Gross Income	Rate (%)	Total
Prior Period Gross Income	<b>31December 2018</b> 190,947	<b>31December 2019</b> 315,992	<b>31 December 2020</b> 367,659		Rate (%)	<u>Total</u> 43,730
				Positive Gross Income	(1)	

MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

#### INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### XI. Explanations on risk management (Continued)

#### 8. Banking book interest rate risk

The interest rate risk describes the negative position in the the Bank's financial structure resulting from negative movements in interest rates. Changes in interest rates influence the Banks's earnings by changing level of net interest income, other interest sensitive income and net operating expenses. In the same manner, relating to assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items and their economic values of future cash flows (in some cases the cash flows themselves) are affected by interest rate changes.

#### XII. Explanations on segment reporting

The Bank operations are mainly in corporate banking and treasury.

	<b>Corporate Banking</b>	Treasury	Unallocated (*)	Total
Current Period (1 January -31 December 2021)				
Profit before tax	432,033	84,790	(123,260)	393,563
Provision for taxes	-	-	(96,022)	(96,022)
Net Profit	432,033	84,790	(219,282)	297,541
Current Period (31 December 2021)				
Segment Assets	15,287,256	7,881,632	-	23,168,888
Unallocated Assets	-	-	216,545	216,545
Total Assets	15,287,256	7,881,632	216,545	23,385,433
Segment Liabilities	10,725,384	11,086,852	-	21,812,236
Unallocated Liabilities	-	-	1,573,197	1,573,197
Total Liabilities	10,725,384	11,086,852	1,573,197	23,385,433
		_		
	Corporate Banking	Treasury	Unallocated (*)	Total
Current Period (1 January -31 December 2020)				
Profit before tax	281,409	10,467	(117,275)	174,601
	281,409	10,467	(117,275) (38,888)	174,601 (38,888)
Profit before tax	281,409 281,409	10,467 - <b>10,467</b>		,
Profit before tax Provision for taxes	-	-	(38,888)	(38,888)
Profit before tax Provision for taxes Net Profit	-	-	(38,888)	(38,888)
Profit before tax Provision for taxes Net Profit Current Period (31 December 2020)	281,409	10,467	(38,888)	(38,888) <b>135,713</b>
Profit before tax Provision for taxes Net Profit Current Period (31 December 2020) Segment Assets	281,409	10,467	(38,888) (156,163)	(38,888) <b>135,713</b> 13,659,077
Profit before tax Provision for taxes Net Profit Current Period (31 December 2020) Segment Assets Unallocated Assets	<b>281,409</b> 8,801,014	<b>10,467</b> 4,858,063	(38,888) (156,163) - 146,099	(38,888) <b>135,713</b> 13,659,077 146,099
Profit before tax Provision for taxes Net Profit Current Period (31 December 2020) Segment Assets Unallocated Assets Total Assets	<b>281,409</b> 8,801,014 <b>8,801,014</b>	<b>10,467</b> 4,858,063 <b>4,858,063</b>	(38,888) (156,163) - 146,099 146,099	(38,888) <b>135,713</b> 13,659,077 146,099 <b>13,805,176</b>

(\*) Income, expenses, assets and liabilities that could not be properly allocated to segments.

#### XIII. Explanations on Remuneration Policy

#### Purpose, structure and working principles of the committee

The Remuneration Committee oversees remuneration policies, processes and applications on behalf of the Board of Directors to ensure an independent and efficient remuneration structure.

The Remuneration Committee is comprised of at least two non-executive Board members who have adequate knowledge and experience on internal systems and remuneration policies as a whole.

The Committee shall meet at least once a year, more frequently when necessary, and shall report their activities to the Board of Directors annually.

#### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

#### INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### XIII. Explanations on Remuneration Policy (Continued)

#### Purpose, structure and working principles of the committee (Continue)

The Remuneration Policy enables the Bank to attract and retain talent to support the Bank achieving strategic targets and assures they are rewarded according to performances.

Fundamental principles of the Remuneration Policy are stated with a view to manage remuneration of all members of staff effectively.

Policies and procedures on remuneration are transparent and available to access of all and transparent, as well as set in writing employees.

In line with the principle of proration, the Bank Remuneration Policy is compatible with the complexity of the bank's operations, as well as its risk profile, and risk appetite and strategies.

Remuneration is fair across genders, ethnicities, religions or other belief systems, sexual orientations, disabilities, and age groups.

In order to prevent excessively individualistic attitude, the bonus policy applied for Key Employees should be set with an eye for the positive and negative results of the risk assumed, and to constitute a combination of the Key Employee's individual performance, the final performance of the bank, as well as the performance of the department the Key Employee belongs to. Both financial and non-financial criteria are carefully examined while assessing individual performance of Key Employees.

Furthermore, overall compensation package of each individual employee seeks a balance of fixed and variable components. The portion of fixed component should be high enough to secure a comfortable income in cases of very low or zero variable pay. This is 13 as of the end of 2021.

#### **Basic Principles – Base salary Policy**

The base pay is the main component of the Bank remuneration scheme. Base pay is defined as the base salary of an employee granted with employment contract of the employee. The Bank's remuneration philosophy aims to provide all employees with internally fair and externally competitive base salary. This means:

- Base pay of an employee should be compatible with those of other peers in the Bank. This means, the committee reviews any imbalance or unfair compensation within the organization, and base pay depends primarily on the qualifications and experiences of the incumbent, and the requirements of the role).
- Positioning of the role in the peer market where the Bank operates is also considered while determining base pay for each individual employee.
- Opportunity to discuss on his/her own compensation is secured for all employees via this policy.
- The Bank supports horizontal and vertical career development opportunities within the organization

Within the framework of this Remuneration Policy, a single methodology applies to govern compensation of all employees of which all remuneration reviews are based while being approved by Remuneration Committee.

MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

#### INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### XIII. Explanations on Remuneration Policy (Continued)

According to this methodology, all employees are paid according to their organizational grading and salary categories; for each individual, the overall compensation review shall depend on the following regardless of any performance criteria:

- $\checkmark$  The level of the role.
- $\checkmark$  It's positioning within the remuneration scheme.
- ✓ "Talent" status

#### **Basic Principles - Variable Payment Policy and Benefits**

Variable pay refers to monetary payments and allowances payments added on top of the base pay, with a view to rewarding the employee based on performance, should he/she achieve certain objectives. the Bank's Annual Bonus Plan is the primary element regarding the implementation of performance based variable pay scheme.

With a view to enabling the assessment of risks and results a performance-related matter leads to with respect to the bank, as well as on a contractual basis, variable pay might be extended in a subsequent period, after the earning period. Such variable pay figures shall be labeled as deferred variable pay. Furthermore, the bank can engage in variable pay cancellation and revocation agreements, taking into account the effect of the procedures on the bank's overall performance in subsequent periods.

In addition to the base and variable compensation items, the Bank provides certain monetary and nonmonetary benefits such as commuting allowance, private health plan, life coverage, company car entitlement, special discounts, mobile phones, etc. The Bank reserves the right to revise or revoke the employee benefits at its sole discretion.

#### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

#### SECTION FIVE

### INFORMATION AND DISCLOSURES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### I. Explanations and disclosures related to assets

#### 1. Information on cash and balances with the Central Bank of Turkey

	Current	t Period	Prior Pe	eriod
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Cash in TL /Foreign Currency	-	-	-	-
Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey	56,417	5,657,687	11,939	3,164,050
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	56,417	5,657,687	11,939	3,164,050

#### 1.1 Information related to the account of the Central Bank of Turkey

	Current	t Period	Prior Pe	riod
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Unrestricted Demand Deposits	56,417	98,889	11,939	59,755
Unrestricted Time Deposits	-	1,357,803	-	820,476
Restricted Time Deposits	-	4,200,995	-	2,283,819
Total	56,417	5,657,687	11,939	3,164,050

As per the Communiqué no. 2417 "Reserve Deposits" of the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (CBRT), banks operating in Turkey are required to keep reserve deposits at the CBRT for their TL and FC liabilities mentioned in the communiqué. The reserve deposit at the Central Bank of Republic of Turkey rates vary according to their maturity compositions; the reserve deposit rates are realized between 3%-8% for TL deposits and other liabilities between 5%-25% for FC deposits for other FC liabilities. Within the scope of the Communiqué No. 2021/14 on Supporting the Conversion of Turkish Lira Deposit and Participation Accounts, the conversion rate from foreign currency deposit accounts in US dollars, Euros and British Pounds and participation fund accounts in foreign currency to time deposits and participation funds in Turkish lira as of the obligation date of 15/4/2022 It has been decided not to apply an annual commission of 1.5% to the banks that have reached the 10% level and the 20% level as of the 8/7/2022 obligation date, up to the amount to be kept for their liabilities until the end of 2022.

#### 2. Information on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:

### 2.1 Information on financial assets at fair value through profit and loss given as collateral or blocked

None (31 December 2021: None).

#### 2.2 Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss subject to repurchase agreements

None (31 December 2021: None).

#### 2.3 Positive differences relating to derivative financial assets held-for-trading

	Current	Period	Prior Peri	iod
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward Transactions	7,893	15,691	20,858	14,756
Swap transactions	-	93,096	2	3,132
Futures	-	-	-	-
Options	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	7,893	108,787	20,860	17,888

#### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

# INFORMATION AND DISCLOSURES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### I. Explanations and disclosures related to assets (Continued)

#### 3. Information on Banks

#### 3.1 Information on banks

	Current	Period	Prior Perio	d
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks				
- Domestic	440,269	1,509,675	731,428	866,681
- Foreign	-	101,953	-	45,867
- Foreign head-offices and branches	-	-	-	-
Total	440,269	1,611,628	731,428	912,548

#### 3.2 Due from foreign banks

	Unrestricted Balances		<b>Restricted Balances</b>	
	31 December 2021	31 December 2020 31	December 202131 December 2	2020
EU Countries	34,433	25,034	-	-
USA and Canada	9,945	11,121	-	-
OECD Countries	57,391	9,626	-	-
Off-Shore Banking Regions	-	-	-	-
Other	184	86	-	-
Total	101,953	45,867	-	-

### 4. Information on financial assets measured at fair through other comprehensive income, subject to repo transactions and collateral/blocked

#### 4.1 Financial assets provided as collateral/blocked

None (31 December 2021: None).

#### 4.2 Financial assets subject to repurchase agreements

None (31 December 2021: None).

#### 5. Expected credit losses for financial assets

#### 5.1 Expected credit losses for banks

Expected credit loss for banks and other financial assets are TL 1,049 (31 December 2020: TL 650).

MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

# INFORMATION AND DISCLOSURES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### I. Explanations and disclosures related to assets (Continued)

#### 6. Information on loans

6.1 Information on all types of loans and advances given to shareholders and employees of the Bank

	<b>Current Period</b>		Prio	r Priod
	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-Cash
Direct Loans to Shareholders	57,387	360,312	9,589	170,092
Corporates	57,387	360,312	9,589	170,092
Individuals	-	-	-	-
Indirect Loans to Shareholders	-	-	-	-
Loans to Employees	-	-	-	-
Total	57,387	360,312	9,589	170,092

### 6.2 Information on the first and second group loans and other receivables including restructured or rescheduled loans

Current Priod	Loans under Follow-up			
			Restructi	ured
	Performing	Non-	Revised	
Cash Loans	Loans	Restructured	Contract Terms	Refinanced
Loans	15,319,946	32,728	-	-
Working Capital Loans	-	-	-	-
Export Loans	1,455,985	-	-	-
Import Loans	-	-	-	-
Loans to Financial Sector	2,041,438	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-	-
Credit Cards	-	-	-	-
Others	11,822,523	32,728	-	-
Specialization Loans	-	-	-	-
Other Receivables	-	-	-	-
Total	15,319,946	32,728	-	-

Prior Period		Loans under Follow-up			
			Restruct	ured	
	Performing	Non-	Revised		
Cash Loans	Loans	Restructured	Contract Terms	Refinanced	
Loans	8,825,601	28,884	-	-	
Working Capital Loans	-	-	-	-	
Export Loans	914,479	-	-	-	
Import Loans	-	-	-	-	
Loans to Financial Sector	2,123,241	-	-	-	
Consumer Loans	-	-	-	-	
Credit Cards	-	-	-	-	
Others	5,787,881	28,884	-	-	
Specialization Loans	-	-	-	-	
Other Receivables	-	-	-	-	
Total	8,825,601	28,884	-	-	

#### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

# INFORMATION AND DISCLOSURES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### I. Explanations and disclosures related to assets (Continued)

#### 6. Information on loans (Continued)

6.2 Information on the first and second group loans and other receivables including restructured or rescheduled loans (Continued)

	<b>Current Period</b>		<b>Prior Period</b>	
	Performing Loans under		Performing	Loans under
	Loans	Follow-up	Loans	Follow-up
12-Month ECL	65,245	-	52,982	-
Lifetime ECL Significant Increase in				
Credit Risk	-	173	-	489

#### Distribution of cash loans by maturity structure

		Loans in Close Monitoring			
Current Period	Standard Loans	Loans not Subject to Restructuring	Restructured		
Short Term Loans	11,193,012	32,728	-		
Medium and Long Term Loans	4,126,934	-	-		
		Loans in Close Monitoring			
Prior Period	Standard Loans	Loans not Subject to Restructuring	Restructured		
Short Term Loans	4,985,274	19,768	-		
Medium and Long Term Loans	3,840,327	9,116	-		

The following is a reclassification of provision for impairment on loans by stage;

Commercial	Standard Loans (Stage 1)	Loans under close monitoring (Stage 2)	Non- performing loans (Stage 3)	Total
31 December 2021	52,982	489	-	53,471
Transfers;	-	-	-	-
- Stage 1 to Stage 2	-	-	-	-
- Stage 1 to Stage 3	-	-	-	-
- Stage 2 to Stage 3	-	-	-	-
- Stage 2 to Stage 1	-	-	-	-
Transferred within the Period	-	-	-	-
Collections	(4,287)	(384)	-	(4,671)
Sold Portfolio	-	-	-	-
Currency Differences	16,550	68	-	16,618
Total Expected Credit Losses				
31 December 2021	65,245	173	-	65,418

#### 6.3 Overdue dates of loans under close monitoring

MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

# INFORMATION AND DISCLOSURES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### I. Explanations and disclosures related to assets (Continued)

#### 6. Information on loans (Continued)

#### 6.4 Allocation of domestic and foreign loans

	Current Period	<b>Prior Period</b>
Domestic Loans	15,352,674	8,854,485
Foreign Loans	-	-
Total	15,352,674	8,854,485

#### 6.5 Allocation of loans by customers

	Current Period	<b>Prior Period</b>
Public Sector	1,319,145	527,218
Private Sector	14,033,529	8,327,267
Total	15,352,674	8,854,485

#### 6.6 Information on consumer loans, individual credit cards and credit cards given to personnel

None (31 December 2021: None).

6.7 Information on commercial loans with installments and corporate credit cards

None (31 December 2021: None).

6.8 Loans granted to subsidiaries and associates

None (31 December 2021: None).

6.9 Specific provisions provided against loans

None (31 December 2021: None).

- 6.10 Information on non-performing loans (Net)
  - 6.10.1 Information on loans and other receivables included in non-performing loans which are restructured or rescheduled

None (31 December 2021: None).

6.10.2 Movement on non-performing loans

None (31 December 2021: None).

6.10.3 Information on non-performing loans and other receivables in foreign currencies

None (31 December 2021: None).

6.10.4 Information regarding gross and net amounts of non-performing loans with respect to user groups

None (31 December 2021: None).

#### 6.11 Liquidation policy for uncollectible loans and other receivables

#### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

# INFORMATION AND DISCLOSURES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### I. Explanations and disclosures related to assets (Continued)

#### 6. Information on loans (Continued)

#### 6.12 Explanations related to write-off policy

None (31 December 2021: None).

#### 7. Information on investments investments measured at amortized cost

None (31 December 2021: None).

#### 8. Information on associates

None (31 December 2021: None).

#### 9. Information on subsidiaries

None (31 December 2021: None).

#### 10. Information on entities under common control

None (31 December 2021: None).

#### 11. Information on lease receivables

None (31 December 2021: None).

#### 12. Information on derivative financial assets held for hedging purposes

None (31 December 2021: None).

#### 13. Information on investment properties

#### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

# INFORMATION AND DISCLOSURES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### I. Explanations and disclosures related to assets (Continued)

#### 14. Information on tangible asset

Current Period	Right of Use Assets(*)	Other Tangible Assets	Total
Cost			
Beginning Balance, 1 January 2021	7,337	18,427	25,764
Additions	4,369	4,531	8,900
Disposals	6,345	773	7,118
Ending Balance, 31 December 2021	5,361	22,185	27,546
Accumulated Depreciation			
Beginning Balance, 1 January 2021	3,811	15,282	19,093
Depreciation Charge	1,929	1,247	3,176
Disposals	5,365	768	6,133
Ending Balance, 31 December 2021	375	15,761	22,269
Net Book Value, 31 December 2021	4,986	6,424	11,410

(\*) Consists of vehicle and building rents accounted according to the TFRS 16 standart

Current Period	Right of Use Assets(*)	Other Tangible Assets	Total
Cost			
Beginning Balance, 1 January 2020	6,379	16,925	23,304
Additions	958	1,507	2,465
Disposals	-	5	5
Ending Balance, 31 December 2020	7,337	18,427	25,764
Accumulated Depreciation			
Beginning Balance, 1 January 2020	1,985	14,440	16,425
Depreciation Charge	1,827	847	2,674
Disposals	1	5	6
Ending Balance, 31 December 2020	3,811	15,282	19,093
Net Book Value, 31 December 2020	3,526	3,145	6,671

(\*) Consists of vehicle and building rents accounted according to the TFRS 16 standart

#### 15. Information on intangible asset

#### 15.1 Useful lives and amortization rates

The useful life of an asset is determined by taking the asset's expected economic life, technical, technological or other kinds of obsolescence, and maintenance costs into account. The amortization rates used are in accordance with the useful lives of the underlying assets. The useful lives are determined as defined by TAS 38 "Intangible Assets".

The Bank's intangible assets comprise software programs and intangible rights, and their useful life is considered as 5 years.

#### 15.2 Amortization Methods

The amortization charge for items remaining in the property and equipment for less than an accounting period at the balance sheet date is calculated in proportion to the period the item remains in asset account on a straight line basis.

MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

# INFORMATION AND DISCLOSURES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### I. Explanations and disclosures related to assets (Continued)

#### 15. Information on intangible asset(Continued)

15.3 Balances of book value and acculmulated amortiziation at beginning and end of the period

	<b>Current Period</b>		urrent Period Prior Period	
	Book Ac Value An	cumulated	Book Value	Accumulated Amortization
Intangible Assets	72,682	64,614	68,752	62,314

#### 15.4 Movements of intangible assets for the period

	Current Period
Cost	
Beginning Balance, 1 January 2021	68,752
Additions	3,930
Ending Balance, 31 December 2021	72,682
Accumulated Amortization	
Beginning Balance, 1 January 2021	62,314
Amortization Charge	2,300
Ending Balance, 31 December 2021	64,614
Net Book Value, 31 December 2021	8,068

	Prior Period
Cost	
Beginning Balance, 1 January 2020	67,347
Additions	1,405
Ending Balance, 31 December 2020	68,752
Accumulated Amortization	
Beginning Balance, 1 January 2020	60,264
Amortization Charge	2,050
Ending Balance, 31 December 2020	62,314
Net Book Value, 31 December 2020	6,438

15.5 Information on any intangible assets which are important for financial statements in case of existence

None.

- **15.6** Information on intangible assets capitalized under government incentives at fair values None.
- 15.7 Revaluation method of intangible assets capitalized under government incentives and valued at fair values at capitalization dates

None.

15.8 Net book value of intangible asset that are restricted in usage or pledged

None.

MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

INFORMATION AND DISCLOSURES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### I. Explanations and disclosures related to assets (Continued)

#### 15. Information on intangible asset(Continued)

15.9 Commitments to acquire intangible assets

None.

15.10 Disclosure on revalued intangible assets

None.

15.11 Research and development costs expensed during the period in case of existence

None.

15.12 Information on goodwill

None.

- 16. Information on deferred tax asset
  - 16.1 Amount of deferred tax asset recognized in the balance sheet in respect of deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits

Detailed information about deferred tax asset/liability presented under Section Five Note II.9.2.

16.2 Amount and expiry date of deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses, unused tax credits for which no deferred tax asset is recognized in prior periods in the balance sheet

None (31 December 2021: None).

16.3 Deferred tax asset resulting from the cancellation of the provision for impairment losses related to the deferred taxes

None (31 December 2021: None).

17. Information on assets held for sale and non-current assets related to discontinued operations

None (31 December 2021: None).

#### 18. Information on other assets

Other assets do not exceed 10% of total assets excluding the off-balance sheet items.

#### 18.1 Information on prepaid expenses, tax and similar items

As of 31 December 2021, total prepaid expenses are TL 11,408 (31 December 2020: TL 5,486).

#### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

### INFORMATION AND DISCLOSURES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### II. Explanations and disclosures related to liabilities

#### 1. Information on deposits

#### 1.1 Information on maturity structure of deposits

#### **Current Period**

	Demand	7 Day Call Accounts	Up to 1 Month	1-3 Months	3-6 Months	6 Months -1 Year	1 Year and Over	Accumulating Deposit Accounts	Total
Saving Deposits									
Foreign Currency Deposits	1,926,400	-	284,289	-	-	-	-	-	2,210,689
Residents of Turkey	1,922,780	-	284,289	-	-	-	-	-	2,207,069
Residents Abroad	3,620	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,620
Public Sector Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial Deposits	11,105	-	332,548	-	-	-	-	-	343,653
Other Ins. Deposits	34	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34
Precious Metal Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interbank Deposits	-	-	3,139,767	893,071	2,118,583	506,768	1,512,819	-	8,171,008
Central Bank of Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic Banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign Banks	-	-	3,139,767	893,071	2,118,583	506,768	1,512,819	-	8,171,008
Special Finan.Inst.	-	-	-	· -	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,937,539	-	3,756,604	893,071	2,118,583	506,768	1,512,819	-	10,725,384

#### **Prior Period**

	Demand	7 Day Call Accounts	Up to 1 Month	1-3 Months	3-6 Months	6 Months -1 Year	1 Year and Over	Accumulating Deposit Accounts	Total
Saving Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign Currency Deposits	850,477	-	1,193	-	-	-	-	-	851,670
Residents of Turkey	839,903	-	1,193	-	-	-	-	-	841,096
Residents Abroad	10,574	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,574
Public Sector Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial Deposits	12,150	-	318,900	-	-	-	-	-	331,050
Other Ins. Deposits	87	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	87
Precious Metal Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interbank Deposits	2	-	1,128,447	1,884,983	362,780	22,266	456,092	-	3,854,570
Central Bank of Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic Banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign Banks	2	-	1,128,447	1,884,983	362,780	22,266	456,092	-	3,854,570
Special Finan.Inst.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	862,716	-	1,448,540	1,884,983	362,780	22,266	456,092	-	5,037,377

1.2 Information on saving deposits under the guarantee of saving deposit insurance and exceeding the limit of saving deposit insurance

None (31 December 2021: None).

- 1.3 Saving deposits at domestic branches of foreign banks in Turkey under the coverage of foreign insurance.
- 1.4 Saving deposits that are not under the guarantee of deposit insurance fund

#### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

# INFORMATION AND DISCLOSURES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### II. Explanations and disclosures related to liabilities (Continued)

#### 2. Negative differences relating to derivative financial liabilities held-for-trading

	Current P	eriod	Prior Pe	riod
Derivative Financial Liabilities	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward transactions	18,742	10,964	156	4,983
Swap transactions	23,198	34	3,620	13,079
Futures	-	-	-	-
Options	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	41,940	10,998	3,776	18,062

#### 3. Information on banks and other financial institutions

#### 3.1 Information on banks and other financial institutions

	Current	Period	<b>Prior Period</b>		
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Loans from Central Bank of Turkey	-	-	-	-	
From Domestic Banks and Institutions	-	-	-	-	
From Foreign Banks, Institutions and Funds	-	11,033,914	708,084	6,822,787	
Total	-	11,033,914	708,084	6,822,787	

#### 3.2 Maturity analysis of borrowings

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Short-Term	-	11,020,638	708,084	6,730,254
Medium and Long Term	-	13,276	-	92,533
Total	-	11,033,914	708,084	6,822,787

#### 3.3 Additional explanation related to the concentrations of the Bank's major liabilities

In the normal course of banking operations, the Bank funds itself through deposits and bank borrowings.

#### 4. Informations related with securities issued

None (31 December 2021: None).

#### 5. Miscellaneous payables and other liabilities

Miscellaneous payables and other liabilities on balance sheet do not exceed %10 of the balance sheet total.

#### 6. Explanations on leasing obligations (Net):

#### 6.1 Explanation on financial lease obligations

MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

# INFORMATION AND DISCLOSURES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### II. Explanations and disclosures related to liabilities (Continued)

#### 6. Explanations on leasing obligations (Net) (Continued):

#### 6.2 Information on operational leases and disclosures

	Current Perio	bd	Prior Period	1
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
Less than 1 year	2,298	1,701	2,347	1,911
1-4 years	2,870	3,419	2,079	1,909
More than 4 years	-	-	-	-
Total	6,168	5,120	4,426	3,820

#### 7. Information on derivative financial liabilities for hedging purposes

None (31 December 2021: None).

#### 8. Information on provisions

#### 8.1 Explanations on reserves for employee benefits

As of 31 December 2021, provision for employee termination benefits of TL 19,359 (31 December 2020: TL 17,551), comprise TL 1,883 provision for employee termination benefits (31 December 2020: TL 1,216), TL 1,811 unused vacation accruals (31 December 2020: TL 1,303) and TL 15,665 bonus accruals (31 December 2020: TL 15,032 ).

The current value of Company's probable liability is calculated by using the estimates shown in the table below:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Discount rate (%)	3.85	3.85
Turnover rate to estimate the probability of retirement (%)	92.46	93.34

The principal assumption is that the maximum liability for each year of service will increase in line with inflation. Thus, the discount rate represents the expected real rate after adjusting for the anticipated effects of future inflation. Company has used the upper limit amounting full TL 10,848.59 from 1 January 2022 (1 January 2021: full TL 7,638.96).

### 8.2 Foreign exchange losses on the foreign currency indexed loans and finance lease receivables

None (31 December 2021: None).

#### 8.3 The specific provisions provided for unindemnified non cash loans

None (31 December 2021: None).

#### 8.4 Explanation on other provisions

#### 8.4.1 Provisions for probable losses

MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

# INFORMATION AND DISCLOSURES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### II. Explanations and disclosures related to liabilities (Continued)

#### 8. Information on provisions (Continued)

#### 8.4 Explanation on other provisions (Continued)

### 8.4.2 The breakdown of the subsidiary accounts if other provisions exceed 10% of the grand total provisions

As of 31 December 2021 other provisions amounting to TL 4,199 consist of law suit provisions amounting to TL 160 and sundry provisions amounting to TL 2,968 and expected credit losses for non cash loans amounting to TL 2,834 (31 December 2020: TL 4,455 law suit provisions, TL 550 sundry provisions and expected credit losses for non cash loans TL 1,071 ).

#### 9. Explanations on tax liabilities

#### 9.1 Explanations on current tax liability

#### 9.1.1 Explanations on tax provision

As of 31 December 2021, the Bank has a current tax liability of TL 18,827 after offsetting advance taxes (As of 31 December 2020, the Bank had a current tax liability of TL 8,028 after offsetting advance taxes).

#### 9.1.2 Information on taxes payable

	Current Period	Prior Period
Corporate taxes payable	18,827	8,028
Taxation on securities	270	210
Property tax	26	12
Banking and Insurance Transaction Tax (BITT)	4,640	2,479
Taxes on foreign exchange transactions	8	9
Value added taxes payable	1,005	169
Other	1,414	1,238
Total	26,190	12,145

#### 9.1.3 Information on premiums

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
Social Security Premiums- Employee	238	200
Social Security Premiums- Employer	294	241
Bank Social Aid Pension Fund Premium- Employee	-	-
Bank Social Aid Pension Fund Premium- Employer	-	-
Pension Fund Membership Fees and Provisions- Employee	-	-
Pension Fund Membership Fees and Provisions- Employer	-	-
Unemployment Insurance- Employee	16	13
Unemployment Insurance- Employer	32	27
Other	-	-
Total	580	481

MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

# INFORMATION AND DISCLOSURES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### II. Explanations and disclosures related to liabilities (Continued)

#### 9. Explanations on tax liabilities (Continued)

#### 9.2 Explanations on deferred tax liabilities

As of 31 December 2021, the deferred tax assets of TL 7,363 (31 December 2020: TL 12,656 deferred tax asset) is calculated.

Deferred tax assets consist of deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from the differences between the carrying values of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and their corresponding balances considered in the calculation of the tax base which will be considered in the calculation of taxable profit/loss in the following periods. The deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset in the accompanying financial statements.

Current Period	<b>Deferred Tax Base</b>	Deferred Tax Asset/ (Liability)
Reserve for Employee Benefits	24,390	5,747
Derivative Financial Instruments Fair Value Differences	(63,742)	(14,661)
Tangible and Intangible Assets Tax Base Differences	(3,387)	(779)
Deferred Commissions	4,102	943
Lawsuit Provisions	160	37
Loan Accrual Differences between Tax and IFRS	360	83
Loan Reserve Requirments	69,434	15,970
Other	97	23
Deferred Tax Asset/(Liability) (Net)	31,414	7,363

Prior Period	<b>Deferred Tax Base</b>	Deferred Tax Asset/(Liability)
Reserve for Employee Benefits	22,267	4,453
Derivative Financial Instruments Fair Value Differences	(16,911)	(3,382)
Tangible and Intangible Assets Tax Base Differences	(2,209)	(442)
Deferred Commissions	4,139	828
Lawsuit Provisions	550	110
Loan Accrual Differences between Tax and IFRS	(1,608)	(322)
Loan Reserve Requirments	56,955	11,391
Other	102	20
Deferred Tax Asset/(Liability) (Net)	63,285	12,656

Current period deferred tax assets and liabilities movement table are as follows:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Deferred Tax Asset, Beginning Balance	12,656	16,070
Deferred Tax Benefit / (Charge)	(5,293)	(3,429)
Deferred Tax Recognized Directly Under Equity	-	15
Deferred Tax Asset, Ending Balance	7,363	12,656

#### 10. Information on liabilities regarding assets held for sale and discontinued operations

None (31 December 2021: None).

#### **11.** Explanations on subordinated loans

MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

# INFORMATION AND DISCLOSURES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### II. Explanations and disclosures related to liabilities (Continued)

#### 12. Information on shareholders' equity

12.1 Paid-in capital

	Current Period	Prior Period
Common Stock	527,700	527,700
Preferred Stock	-	-

12.2 Paid-in capital amount, explanation as to whether the registered share capital system is applied at the bank; if so the amount of registered share capital ceiling

Registered capital system is not applied.

12.3 Information on share capital increases and their sources; other information on increased capital shares in current period

None (31 December 2021: None).

12.4 Information on share capital increases from revaluation funds

None (31 December 2021: None).

12.5 Information on capital commitments the purpose and the sources until the end of the fiscal year and the subsequent period

The capital is totally paid in and there are no capital commitments.

12.6 Indicators of the Bank's income, profitability and liquidity for the prior periods and possible effects of these future assumptions due to the uncertainty of these indicators on the Bank's equity

None (31 December 2021: None).

12.7 Information on privileges given to stocks representing the capital

The Bank does not have any preferred shares.

12.8 Common stock issue premiums, shares and equity instruments

None (31 December 2021: None).

12.9 Information on marketable securities value increase fund

None (31 December 2021: None).

12.10 Information on revaluation reserve

None (31 December 2021: None).

12.11 Bonus shares of Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint Ventures

MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

# INFORMATION AND DISCLOSURES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### II. Explanations and disclosures related to liabilities (Continued)

#### 12. Information on shareholders' equity (Continued)

#### 12.12 Information on legal reserves

	Current Period	<b>Prior Period</b>
I. Legal Reserve	30,688	23,902
II. Legal Reserve		-
Special Reserves		-

#### 12.13 Information on extraordinary reserves

None (31 December 2021: None).

#### 13. Information on minority shares

None (31 December 2021: None).

#### III. Explanations and disclosures related to off-balance sheet contingencies and commitments

#### 1. Information on off-balance sheet commitments

1.1 Nature and amount of irrevocable loan commitments

Type of Irrevocable Commitments	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
Time Deposit Purchase and Sale Commitments	4,864,169	170,270
Loan Granting Commitments	-	118,710
Total	4,864,169	288,980

- 1.2 Possible losses and commitments related to off-balance sheet items, including the ones listed below
  - 1.2.1 Non-cash loans including guarantees, acceptances, financial guarantee and other letters of credits

	Current Period	<b>Prior Period</b>
Letters of Guarantee in TL	600,180	501,606
Letters of Guarantee in Foreign Currency	587,450	352,627
Letters of Credit	1,496,741	556,686
Bills of Exchange and Acceptances	-	418
Other Guarantees	11,996	6,677
Total	2,696,367	1,418,014

MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

# INFORMATION AND DISCLOSURES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### III. Explanations and disclosures related to off-balance sheet contingencies and commitments (Continued)

#### 1. Information on off-balance sheet commitments (Continued)

1.2.2 Revocable, irrevocable guarantees and other similar commitments and contingencies

	Current Period	<b>Prior Period</b>
Temporary Letters of Guarantee	52,202	43,057
Permanent Letters of Guarantee	638,883	598,757
Advance Letters of Guarantee	171,272	28,969
Custom Letters of Guarantee	323,706	183,450
Other Letters of Guarantee	1,566	-
Total	1,187,629	854,233

#### 2. Information on Non-cash Loans

#### 2.1 Total amount of non-cash loans

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
Non-Cash Loans against Cash Risks	-	-
With Original Maturity of 1 Year or Less	-	-
With Original Maturity of More Than 1 Year	-	-
Other Non-Cash Loans	2,696,366	1,418,014
Total	2,696,366	1,418,014

#### 2.2 Information on Sectorial risk concentration of non\_cash loans

		Current	t Period			Prior P	eriod	
	TL	(%)	FC	(%)	TL	(%)	FC	(%)
Agriculture	3,000	0.50	-	-	-	-	-	-
Farming and Stockbreeding	3,000	0.50	-	-	-	-	-	-
Forestry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fishery	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Manufacturing	218,668	36.43	1,485,233	70.85	334,056	66.60	564,341	61.58
Mining and Quarrying	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Production	218,668	36.43	1,485,233	70.85	334,056	66.60	564,341	61.58
Electricity, Gas, Water	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Construction	-	-	-	-	2,500	0.5	1,855	0.20
Services	378,512	63.07	610,953	29.15	165,050	32.90	350,212	38.22
Wholesale and Retail Trade	63,931	10.65	76,462	3.65	54,492	10.86	46,416	5.06
Accommodation and Dining	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation and Telecommunication	122,608	20.44	4,631	0.22	71,543	14.26	2,578	0.28
Financial Institutions	190,825	31.79	512,958	24.47	36,638	7.30	291,299	31.79
Real Estate and Rental Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Professional Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Educational Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health and Social Services	1,148	0.19	16,902	0.81	2,377	0.47	9,919	1.08
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	600,180	100	2,096,186	100	501,606	100	916,408	100

MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

### INFORMATION AND DISCLOSURES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### III. Explanations and disclosures related to off-balance sheet contingencies and commitments (Continued)

#### 2. Information on Non-cash Loans (Continued)

2.3 Information on the first and second group of non-cash loans

Current Period	Group	I	Group II	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Non-Cash Loans				
Letters of Guarantee	592,034	587,449	8,146	-
Bills of Exchange and Bank Acceptances	-	-		-
Letters of Credit	-	1,496,741	-	-
Endorsements	-	-	-	-
Underwriting Commitments	-	-	-	-
Factoring Related Guarantees	-	-	-	-
Other Guarantees and Sureties	-	11,996	-	-
Total	592,034	2,096,186	8,146	-
Prior Period	Group	Group I		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Non-Cash Loans				
Letters of Guarantee	500,920	352,627	686	-
Bills of Exchange and Bank Acceptances	-	418	-	-
Letters of Credit	-	556,686	-	-
Endorsements	-	-	-	-
Underwriting Commitments	-	-	-	-
Factoring Related Guarantees	-	-	-	-
Other Guarantees and Sureties	-	6,677	-	-
Total	500,920	916,408	686	-

#### 3. Information related to derivative financial instruments

	<b>Current Period</b>	Prior Period
Derivative Financial Instruments held for Risk Management	_	-
A. Total Derivative Financial Instruments held for Risk Management	-	-
Fair Value Hedges	-	-
Cash Flow Hedges	-	-
Net Foreign Investment Hedges	-	-
Trading Derivatives		
Foreign Currency related Derivative Transactions (I)	10,830,669	7,466,720
Currency Forwards-Purchases	1,095,834	1,121,003
Currency Forwards-Sales	1,091,361	1,090,236
Currency Swaps-Purchases	4,357,786	2,620,614
Currency Swaps-Sales	4,285,688	2,634,867
Currency Options-Purchases	-	-
Currency Options-Sales	-	-
Currency Futures-Purchases	-	-
Currency Futures-Sales	-	-
Interest Rate related Derivative Transactions (II)	-	-
Interest Rate Swaps-Purchases	-	-
Interest Rate Swaps-Sales	-	-
Interest Rate Options-Purchases	-	-
Interest Rate Options-Sales	-	-
Securities Options-Purchases	-	-
Securities Options-Sales	-	-
Interest Rate Futures-Purchases	-	-
Interest Rate Futures-Sales	-	-
Other Trading Derivative Transactions (III)	-	-
B. Total Trading Derivatives (I+II+III)	10,830,669	7,466,720
Total Derivative Transactions (A+B)	10,830,669	7,466,720

(\*) Assets purchase and sale commitments are included

#### MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

### INFORMATION AND DISCLOSURES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### III. Explanations and disclosures related to off-balance sheet contingencies and commitments (Continued)

#### 4. Credit derivatives and risk exposures on credit derivatives

None (31 December 2021: None).

#### 5. Explanations on contingent liabilities and assets

As per the precautionary principle, a provision of TL 160 (31 December 2020: TL 550 ) has been provided for court cases filed against the Bank; these provisions are classified in the "Other provisions" in the balance sheet. There are no ongoing lawsuits, apart from the provisions accounted for.

#### 6. Explanation on custodian and intermediary services

None (31 December 2021: None).

#### IV. Explanations and disclosures related to income statement

#### 1. Interest income

#### 1.1 Information on interest income on loans

	<b>Current Period</b>		<b>Prior Period</b>	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Interest on loans				
Short Term Loans	259,906	95,728	116,660	61,434
Medium and Long Term Loans	5,879	61,968	12,755	87,482
Interest on Non-Performing Loans	-	-	-	-
Premiums received from Resources Utilization Support Fund	-	-	-	-
Total	265,785	157,696	129,415	148,916

#### 1.2 Information on interest income on bank

	<b>Current Period</b>		<b>Prior Period</b>	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
The Central Bank of Turkey	18	-	716	-
Domestic Banks	30,889	6,154	33,172	2,797
Foreign Banks	3,501	-	9,674	-
Branches and Head Office Abroad	-	-	-	-
Total	34,408	6,154	43,562	2,797

#### 1.3 Interest received from marketable securities portfolio

None (31 December 2021: None).

#### 1.4 Information on interest income received from associates and subsidiaries

## MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

# INFORMATION AND DISCLOSURES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

## IV. Explanations and disclosures related to income statement (Continued)

#### 2. Interest expenses

#### 2.1 Information on interest on funds borrowed

	Current	Current Period		eriod	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Banks					
The Central Bank of Turkey	-	-	-	-	
Domestic Banks	163	-	66	358	
Foreign Banks	6,535	13,446	9,772	20,296	
Branches and Head Office Abroad	-	-	-	-	
Other Institutions	-	-	-	-	
Total	6,698	13,446	9,838	20,654	

### 2.2 Information on interest expenses to associates and subsidiaries

None (31 December 2021: None).

### 2.3 Information on interest expenses to securities issued

None (31 December 2021: None).

### 2.4 Interest expenses on deposit based on maturity of deposits

				Т	ime Depos	its		
Current Period Account Description	Demand Deposits	Up to 1 Month	1-3 Months	3-6 Months	6-12 Months	1 Year and Over	Accumulating Deposit Accounts	Total
Turkish Lira								
Bank Deposits	-	847	-	-	-	-	-	847
Saving Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Sector Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial Deposits	-	56,286	3,844	-	-	-	-	60,130
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
"7 Days Notice" Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	57,133	3,844	-	-	-	-	60,977
Foreign Currency								
Foreign Currency Deposits	-	26	-	-	-	-	-	26
Bank Deposits	-	1,585	3,145	995	297	1,217	-	7,239
"7 Days Notice" Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Precious Metal Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	1,611	3,145	995	297	1,217	-	7,265
Grand Total	-	58,744	6,989	995	297	1,217	-	68,242

MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

# INFORMATION AND DISCLOSURES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### IV. Explanations and disclosures related to income statement (Continued)

### 2. Interest expenses (Continued)

#### 2.4 Interest expenses on deposit based on maturity of deposits (Continued)

				Т	ime Depos	its		
Prior Period Account Description	Demand Deposits	Up to 1 Month	1-3 Months	3-6 Months	6-12 Months	1 Year and Over	Accumulating Deposit Accounts	Total
Turkish Lira								
Bank Deposits	-	880	-	-	-	-	-	880
Saving Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Sector Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial Deposits	-	35,963	1,482	7	-	-	-	37,452
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
"7 Days Notice" Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	36,843	1,482	7	-	-	-	38,332
Foreign Currency								
Foreign Currency Deposits	-	450	162	2	-	-	-	614
Bank Deposits	-	3,334	9,903	5,763	6,585	243	-	25,828
"7 Days Notice" Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Precious Metal Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	3,784	10,065	5,765	6,585	243	-	26,442
Grand Total	-	40,627	11,547	5,772	6,585	243	-	64,774

#### 3. Information on dividend income

None (31 December 2021: None).

## 4. Information on net trading income/loss

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
Income	137,008,230	39,729,764
Gains on Capital Market Operations	-	-
Gains on Derivative Financial Instruments	1,144,577	486,094
Foreign Exchange Gains	135,863,653	39,243,670
Losses	136,882,767	39,675,654
Losses on Capital Market Operations	-	-
Losses on Derivative Financial Instruments	1,092,168	440,450
Foreign Exchange Losses	135,790,599	39,235,204
Net Trading Income / ( Loss )	125,463	54,110

#### 5. Information on other operating income

In the current period, TL 2,350 of other operating income comprise of reversal of prior year provisions amounting to TL 1,803 and other income amounting to TL 547 (31 December 2020: TL 505 of other operating income comprise of reversal of prior year general provision amounting to TL 211 of and other income amounting to TL 294 of other operating income).

MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

# INFORMATION AND DISCLOSURES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### IV. Explanations and disclosures related to income statement (Continued)

#### 6. Provisons of impairment on loans and other receivables

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
Expected Credit Losses	12,795	15,108
12-Month ECL (Stage 1)	12,190	14,789
Lifetime ECL Significant Increase in Credit Risk (Stage 2)	605	319
Lifetime ECL Impaired Credits (Stage 3)	-	-
Impairment Losses on Securities	-	-
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss	-	-
Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through		
Other Comprehensive Income	-	-
Impairment Losses on Associates, Subsidiaries and	-	-
Joint-ventures	-	-
Associates	-	-
Subsidiaries	-	-
Other(*)	8,626	13,299
Total	21,421	28,407

(\*) Other expenses comprise of premium expenses amounting to TL 8,118 (31 December 2020: TL 12,889) and unused vacation provision expenses amounting to TL 508 (31 December 2020: 410 TL)

#### 7. Information related to other operating expenses

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
Personnel Expenses	52,988	45,448
Provision for Employee Termination Benefits	667	341
Provision for Bank's Social Aid Fund Deficit	-	-
Impairment Losses on Tangible Assets	-	-
Depreciation Charges of Tangible Assets	3,176	2,674
Impairment Losses on Intangible Assets	-	-
Amortization Charges of Intangible Assets	2,300	2,050
Goodwill Impairment Expense	-	-
Impairment Losses on Investments Accounted for under Equity Method	-	-
Impairment of Assets to be Disposed	-	-
Depreciation of Assets to be Disposed	-	-
Impairment of Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations	-	-
Other Operating Expenses	18,615	17,316
Operational Lease Expenses	237	229
Repair and Maintenance Expenses	133	94
Advertisement Expenses	14	11
Other Expenses(*)	18,231	16,982
Losses on Sale of Assets	-	-
_Other(**)	13,970	11,663
Total	91,716	79,492

(\*) Other expenses in other operating expenses comprise of TL 9,610 information technology hardware and software expenses (31 December 2020: TL 9,232 ), TL 8,621 communication expenses (31 December 2020: TL: 7,750 and other expenses.)

(\*\*) Within the "other" item of other operating expenses consists of amounting to TL 8,105 (31 December 2020: TL 4,817) audit, consulting and consultancy service expenses, BITT expenses TL 5,060 (31 December 2020: TL 3,091) and operating fee expenses TL 805 (31 December 2020: TL 738).

# MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

# INFORMATION AND DISCLOSURES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

## IV. Explanations and disclosures related to income statement (Continued)

### 7. Information related to other operating expenses

### Fees for services received from independent auditor/independent audit firm:

	1 January-	1 January-
	<b>31 December 2021</b>	31 December 2020
Independent Audit Fee	405	526
Tax Advisory Fee	-	-
Other Assurance Services Fee	-	-
Non-Audit Services Fee	-	-
Total	405	536

### 8. Information on tax provision from continued and discontinued operations

### 8.1 Current tax income or expense and deferred tax income and expense

The Bank has a current tax charge of TL 90,729 (31 December 2020: 35,459). For the period ended 31 December 2021, the deferred tax expense of the Bank is TL 5,293 (31 December 2020: TL 3,429 deferred tax expense)

### 9. Information on profit/loss from continued and discontinued operations

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
Profit/(loss) before tax from continuing operations	393,563	174,601
Tax income/(expense) on continuing operations	(96,022)	(38,888)
Net profit/(loss) from continuing operations	297,541	135,713

### 10. Information on net profit/loss for the period

- **10.1.** In the current and prior period, the Bank's income from ordinary banking transactions are interest income from loans and placements and other banking services income. Main expenses are interest expenses on deposits and similar debt items which are funding resources of loans and placements.
- **10.2.** Changes in estimations made by the Bank with respect to the financial statement items do not have a material effect on profit/loss.

# 11. If "other" lines of the income statement exceeds 10% of the period profit/loss, information on components making up at least 20% of "other" items

## MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

# INFORMATION AND DISCLOSURES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### V. Explanations on changes in shareholders' equity

There is no adjustment differences to equity for inflation.

There is not an increase from revaluation of available for sale assets.

There is not an increase from the cashflow hedge items.

There is not a reconciliation issue of foreign exchange diffrences between the beginning and ending period.

There is not a dividend declaration after the balance sheet date but before the issuance of the financial statements.

There is not an amount related with issuance of share certificates.

### VI. Explanations and disclosures related to the statement of cash flows

#### 1. Information on cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents components and accounting policies defining these components:

Cash, foreign currency cash, money on transfer, bank cheques in clearance and deposits in all banks including Central Bank of Turkey are defined as "Cash", and interbank money market placements, term placements with banks and investments on marketable securities all with original maturity of less than 3 months are defined as "Cash equivalents".

Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period:

	1 January 2021	1 January 2020
Central Bank of Turkey	891,717	711,441
Banks and Other Financial Institutions	776,824	423,796
Cash Equivalents	1,668,541	1,135,237

Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period:

	<b>31 December 2021</b>	31 December 2020
Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	1,511,970	891,717
Banks and Other Financial Institutions	542,038	776,824
Cash Equivalents	2,054,008	1,668,541

#### 2. Restricted cash and cash equivalents due to legal requirements or other reasons

In the current period, TL 4,200,995 (31 December 2020: TL 2,283,819) restricted balances is kept at the Central Bank of Turkish Republic for foreign currency as reserve requirements also the Bank has TL 1,357,803 (31 December 2020: TL 866,058) of saving account with maturity more than 3 months.

MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

# INFORMATION AND DISCLOSURES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### VI. Explanations and disclosures related to the statement of cash flows (Continued)

# 3. Information on other item in cash flow statement and the effect of the exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalents

Other item" amounting to TL 169,999 in "Operating profit before changes in assets and liabilities" consists of other operating expenses, realized gains and losses on derivatives, foreign currency losses and impairment for loan losses (31 December 2020 : TL 15,089).

"Net increase in other liabilities" amounting to TL 101,645 in "Changes in banking operations assets and liabilities" consists of changes in miscellaneous payables and taxes and dues payable (31 December 2020: TL (11,045)).

"Net increase in other assets" amounting to TL (63,448) in "Changes in assets and liabilities" consists of changes in current tax assets and other receivables. (31 December 2020: TL (17,033) decrease).

As of 31 December 2021, the effect of the changes in the currency rates on cash and cash equivalents has been calculated approximately as TL (156,787) (31 December 2020: TL (53,893)). The effect of the currency rates on cash and cash equivalents is calculated by first finding the exchange difference between the date of the cash inflow and the balance sheet date and then multiplying it by the related inflow amount.

## VII. Explanations on risk group of the Bank

# 1. Information on the volume of transactions with the Bank's risk group, lending and deposits outstanding at period end and income and expenses

#### 1.1 Current Period

	Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint-Ventures		Bank's Direct and Indirect Shareholders		Other Real Persons and Legal Entities in Risk Group	
Bank's Risk Group (**)	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash
Loans and Other Receivables (*)						
Balance at the Beginning of the Period	-	-	9,589	170,092	390,021	144,924
Balance at the End of the Period	-	-	57,387	360,312	44,553	327,733
Interest and Commission Income	-	-	-	513	29,060	966

(\*) Including described in article 48 of the Banking Act No: 5411.

(\*\*) Described in article 49 of the Banking Act No: 5411.

#### **Prior Period**

	Associates, Subs Joint-Ven		Bank's Direct a Shareho		Other Real Persons Entities in Risk	8
Bank's Risk Group (**)	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash
Loans and Other Receivables (*)						
Balance at the Beginning of the Period	-	-	3,697	180,565	36,717	180,559
Balance at the End of the Period	-	-	9,589	170,092	390,021	144,924
Interest and Commission Income	-	-	-	392	25,616	451

(\*) Including described in article 48 of the Banking Act No: 5411..

(\*\*) Described in article 49 of the Banking Act No: 5411.

## MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

# INFORMATION AND DISCLOSURES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### VII. Explanations on risk group of the Bank (Continued)

1. Information on the volume of transactions with the Bank's risk group, lending and deposits outstanding at period end and income and expenses (Continued)

#### 1.2 Information on deposits to the Bank's risk group

Bank's Risk Group (*)	Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint-Ventures		Bank's Direct and Indirect Shareholders		Other Real Persons and Legal Entities in Risk Group	
	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
Deposits						
Balance at the beginning of the period	-	-	-	-	3,853,762	3,343,663
Balance at the end of the period	-	-	-	-	8.312.226	3,853,762
Interest expenses	-	-	-	-	18,444	26,488

(\*) Described in article 49 of the Banking Act No: 5411.

#### 1.3 Information on funds obtained from Bank's risk group

Bank's Risk Group (*)	Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint-Ventures		Bank's Direct and Indirect Shareholders		Other Real Persons and Legal Entities in Risk Group	
	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
Funds Borrowed Balance at the beginning of the period	-	_	-	-	7,529,087	5,070,666
Balance at the end of the period	-	-	-	-	11,030,696	7,529,087
Interest expense	-	-	-	-	20,012	30,033

#### (\*) Described in article 49 of the Banking Act No: 5411.

# 1.4 Information on forward and option agreements and similar agreements made with Bank's risk group

	Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint-Ventures		Bank's Direct and Indirect Shareholders		Other Real Persons and Legal Entities in Risk Group	
Bank's Risk Group (*)	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
Derivative financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss:						
Balance at the beginning of the period	-	-	-	86,398	5,029,832	5,403,121
Balance at the end of the period	-	-	712,240	-	10,007,617	5,029,832
Total profit/(loss)	-	-	(222)	-	2,772	(18,435)

(\*) Described in article 49 of the Banking Act No: 5411.

### 2. Information on transactions with the Bank's risk group

2.1 Relations with entities in the risk group of / or controlled by the Bank regardless of the nature of relationship among the parties

MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

# INFORMATION AND DISCLOSURES RELATED TO UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

## VII. Explanations on risk group of the Bank (Continued)

- 2. Information on transactions with the Bank's risk group (Continued)
  - 2.2 In addition to the structure of the relationship, type of transaction, amount, and share in total transaction volume, amount of significant items, and share in all items, pricing policy and other

The amount of loans and other receivables of the risk group, which is 101,940 TL, constitutes less than 1% of the total loans and other receivables (31 December 2020: The amount of loans and other receivables of the risk group, which is 399,610 TL, constitutes less than 4.5% of the total loans and other receivables). Non-cash loans of the risk group amounting to TL 688,045 constitute 26% of the total non-cash loans (31 December 2020: Non-cash loans of the risk group amounting to TL 315,016 constitute 22% of the total non-cash loans). The total of the Bank's short and long-term loans of TL 11,030,696 from the risk group constitutes 100% of the loans received. (December 31, 2020: The Bank's short and long-term loans amounting to TL 7,529,087 from the risk group constitute 100% of the loans received). The amount of payment made to the key managers of the bank is TL 2,600 as of December 31, 2021 (December 31, 2020: TL 2,094).

# VIII. Explanations on the Bank's domestic, foreign, off-shore branches or investments in associates and foreign representative offices

		Number of			
	Number	Employees			
Domestic Branch	1	78			
			Country		
Foreign Representation Offices			1-		
			2-		
			3-		
				Total Assets	Statutory Share Capital
Foreign Branches					
			1-		
			2-		
Off-shore Banking Region					
Branches			3-		
			1-		
			2-		
			3-		

## IX. Explanations and disclosures related to subsequent events

# MUFG BANK TURKEY A.Ş. NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY-31 DECEMBER 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise indicated.)

# SECTION SIX

## **OTHER EXPLANATIONS**

## I. Other explanations

None.

## SECTION SEVEN

# **EXPLANATIONS ON INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

## I. Explanations on independent auditor's report

The Bank's publicly available financial statements and disclosures have been audited by PwC Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş. and the audited report dated 22 March 2022 is presented in front of the financial statements.

# II. Explanations on notes prepared by independent auditors





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